## 1. Front Catalytic Converter

## A: REMOVAL

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Disconnect front oxygen sensor connector.



- 3) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 4) Remove under cover.



5) Disconnect rear oxygen sensor connector.



6) Separate front and rear catalytic converter assembly from rear exhaust pipe.



7) Remove front exhaust pipe from cylinder heads.



8) Remove front and rear catalytic converter assembly from hanger bracket.

#### **CAUTION:**

• Be careful not to pull down center exhaust pipe.

• After removing center exhaust pipe, do not apply excessive pulling force on rear exhaust pipe.



9) Separate front and rear catalytic converter assembly from front exhaust pipe.



## **B: INSTALLATION**

#### CAUTION: Replace gaskets

#### Replace gaskets with new ones.

1) Install front and rear catalytic converter assembly to front exhaust pipe.



2) Install front and rear catalytic converter assembly.

Temporarily tighten bolt which installs center exhaust pipe to hanger bracket.



3) Install front exhaust pipe to cylinder heads.

#### Tightening torque: 30±5 N·m (3.1±0.5 kg-m, 22.4±3.6 ft-lb)



4) Install front and rear catalytic converter assembly to rear exhaust pipe.

#### Tightening torque: 18±5 N-m (1.8±0.5 kg-m, 13.0±3.6 ft-lb)



5) Tighten bolt which holds front and rear catalytic converter assembly to hanger bracket.

#### Tightening torque: 35±5 N·m (3.6±0.5 kg-m, 26.0±3.6 ft-lb)



6) Connect rear oxygen sensor connector.



7) Install under cover.



- 8) Lower the vehicle.
- 9) Connect connector to front oxygen sensor.



10) Connect battery ground cable.



## 2. Rear Catalytic Converter

## A: REMOVAL

Remove rear catalytic converter. <Ref. to 2-1 [W1A0].>

## **B: INSTALLATION**

Install rear catalytic converter. <Ref. to 2-1 [W1B0].>

6) Connect rear oxygen sensor connector.



7) Install under cover.



- 8) Lower the vehicle.
- 9) Connect connector to front oxygen sensor.



10) Connect battery ground cable.



## 2. Rear Catalytic Converter

## A: REMOVAL

Remove rear catalytic converter. <Ref. to 2-1 [W1A0].>

## **B: INSTALLATION**

Install rear catalytic converter. <Ref. to 2-1 [W1B0].>

## 3. Canister

## A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

- 1) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 2) Disconnect evaporation hoses from canister.



3) Remove canister from body.



- 4) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
- Tightening torque: 22.5±7 N⋅m (2.3±0.7 kg-m, 16.6±5.1 ft-lb)

B B S2M0142

# 4. Purge Control Solenoid Valve

## A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Remove air cleaner case and air intake duct. (2200 cc California spec. vehicles) <Ref. to 2-7 [W1A0].>



3) Remove air intake duct and air intake chamber. (Except 2200 cc California spec. vehicles) <Ref. to 2-7 [W18A0].>



## 3. Canister

## A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

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- 2) Disconnect evaporation hoses from canister.



3) Remove canister from body.



- 4) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
- Tightening torque: 22.5±7 N⋅m (2.3±0.7 kg-m, 16.6±5.1 ft-lb)

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3) Remove air intake duct and air intake chamber. (Except 2200 cc California spec. vehicles) <Ref. to 2-7 [W18A0].>



## SERVICE PROCEDURE

**2-1** [W4A0] 4. Purge Control Solenoid Valve

4) Remove bolt which installs purge control solenoid valve to intake manifold.

# 

5) Take out purge control solenoid valve.

6) Disconnect connector from purge control solenoid valve.

7) Disconnect vacuum hoses from purge control solenoid valve.



8) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

#### Tightening torque:

15.7±1.5 N·m (1.6±0.15 kg-m, 11.6±1.1 ft-lb)



CAUTION:

Carefully connect the evaporation hoses.



## 5. Fuel Temperature Sensor

## A: REMOVAL

- 1) Release fuel pressure. <Ref. to 2-8 [W1B0].>
- 2) Open fuel filler lid, and remove fuel filler cap.



3) Disconnect battery ground cable.



4) Disconnect connector from fuel pump.



5) Move clips, and then disconnect fuel delivery hose (A), return hose (B) and jet pump hose (C).
6) Disconnect quick connector, and then disconnect fuel delivery hose (A). <Ref. to 2-8 [W7A0].>



7) Remove nuts which install fuel pump assembly onto fuel tank.



8) Take off fuel pump assembly from fuel tank.



9) Disconnect connector from fuel pump bracket.



10) Remove main fuel level sensor from fuel pump assembly. <Ref. to 2-1 [W8A0].>



NOTE:

Fuel temperature sensor is a unit with fuel pump. If replacing it, replace as a fuel pump.

## **B: INSTALLATION**

#### CAUTION:

Leave fuel filler cap open when tightening nuts, to prevent fuel from flowing out through fuel delivery and return pipes. Close fuel filler cap after tightening nuts.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal. Do the following:

(1) Always use new gaskets.

(2) Ensure sealing portion is free from fuel or foreign particles before installation.

(3) Tighten nuts in alphabetical sequence shown in figure to specified torque.

Tightening torque:

4.4±1.5 N·m (0.45±0.15 kg-m, 3.3±1.1 ft-lb)



## 6. Fuel Tank Pressure Sensor

## A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

- 1) Release fuel pressure. <Ref. to 2-8 [W1B0].>
- 2) Open fuel flap lid, and remove fuel filler cap.



3) Drain fuel from fuel tank. <Ref. to 2-8 [W1C0].>



4) Disconnect battery ground cable.



5) Remove fuel tank. <Ref. to 2-8 [W2A0].>



6) Remove protector cover.



7) Disconnect connector from fuel tank pressure sensor.



8) Release clips which hold fuel pipes onto fuel tank.



9) Move two fuel pipes to upper side, and remove bolt which install fuel tank pressure sensor to bracket.



10) Move clip, and disconnect pressure hose from fuel tank.



11) Disconnect pressure hose from fuel tank pressure sensor.



12) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

#### Tightening torque:

7.35±1.96 N⋅m (0.75±0.20 kg-m, 5.4±1.4 ft-lb)



# 7. Pressure Control Solenoid Valve

- A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION
- 1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Remove canister. <Ref. to 2-1 [W3A0].>



3) Disconnect evaporation hoses (A) from joint pipes.



10) Move clip, and disconnect pressure hose from fuel tank.



11) Disconnect pressure hose from fuel tank pressure sensor.



12) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

#### Tightening torque:

7.35±1.96 N⋅m (0.75±0.20 kg-m, 5.4±1.4 ft-lb)



# 7. Pressure Control Solenoid Valve

- A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION
- 1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Remove canister. <Ref. to 2-1 [W3A0].>



3) Disconnect evaporation hoses (A) from joint pipes.



4) Remove bolt which installs pressure control solenoid valve holding bracket on body.



5) Disconnect connector from pressure control solenoid valve.



6) Disconnect two evaporation hoses from pressure control solenoid valve.

7) Remove pressure control solenoid valve with bracket.



8) Remove pressure control solenoid valve from bracket.



9) Disconnect vacuum hose from pressure control solenoid valve.



10) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

#### Tightening torque: 17 6+5 N.m (1 8+0 5 kg

17.6±5 N·m (1.8±0.5 kg-m, 13.0±3.6 ft-lb)



## 8. Main Fuel Level Sensor

## A: REMOVAL

- 1) Release fuel pressure. <Ref. to 2-8 [W1B0].>
- 2) Open fuel flap lid, and remove fuel filler cap.



3) Disconnect battery ground cable.



4) Disconnect connector from fuel pump.



5) Move clips, and then disconnect fuel delivery hose (A), return hose (B) and jet pump hose (C).
6) Disconnect quick connector, and then disconnect fuel delivery hose (A). <Ref. to 2-8 [W7A0].>



7) Remove nuts which install fuel pump assembly onto fuel tank.



- 8) Take off fuel pump assembly from fuel tank.
- 9) Disconnect connector from fuel pump bracket.



10) Remove bolt which installs fuel level sensor on mounting bracket.



## **B: INSTALLATION**

#### CAUTION:

Leave fuel filler cap open when tightening nuts, to prevent fuel from flowing out through fuel delivery and return pipes. Close fuel filler cap after tightening nuts.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal. Do the following:

1) Install the fuel level sensor onto the mounting bracket.



2) Always use new gaskets.

3) Ensure sealing portion is free from fuel or foreign particles before installation.

4) Tighten nuts in alphabetical sequence shown in figure to specified torque.

#### Tightening torque:

#### 4.4±1.5 N·m (0.45±0.15 kg-m, 3.3±1.1 ft-lb)



## 9. Air Filter

## A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



- 2) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 3) Remove canister. <Ref. to 2-1 [W3A0].>



4) Disconnect connector from drain valve.



5) Disconnect evaporation hoses (A) from joint pipes.



## **B: INSTALLATION**

#### CAUTION:

Leave fuel filler cap open when tightening nuts, to prevent fuel from flowing out through fuel delivery and return pipes. Close fuel filler cap after tightening nuts.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal. Do the following:

1) Install the fuel level sensor onto the mounting bracket.



2) Always use new gaskets.

3) Ensure sealing portion is free from fuel or foreign particles before installation.

4) Tighten nuts in alphabetical sequence shown in figure to specified torque.

#### Tightening torque:

#### 4.4±1.5 N·m (0.45±0.15 kg-m, 3.3±1.1 ft-lb)



## 9. Air Filter

## A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



- 2) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 3) Remove canister. <Ref. to 2-1 [W3A0].>



4) Disconnect connector from drain valve.



5) Disconnect evaporation hoses (A) from joint pipes.



6) Remove nut which installs air filter and drain valve brackets on body, and remove them as a unit.



7) Disconnect evaporation hoses, and remove air filter.



- 8) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
- Tightening torque:

#### 22.5±7 N⋅m (2.3±0.7 kg-m, 16.6±5.1 ft-lb)



## **10.** Sub Fuel Level Sensor

## A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

- 1) Release fuel pressure. <Ref. to 2-8 [W1B0].>
- 2) Open fuel flap lid, and remove fuel filler cap.



3) Disconnect battery ground cable.



4) Remove service hole cover.



5) Disconnect connector from fuel sub meter, and disconnect jet pump hose.



6) Remove nut which installs air filter and drain valve brackets on body, and remove them as a unit.



7) Disconnect evaporation hoses, and remove air filter.



- 8) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
- Tightening torque:

#### 22.5±7 N⋅m (2.3±0.7 kg-m, 16.6±5.1 ft-lb)



## **10.** Sub Fuel Level Sensor

## A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

- 1) Release fuel pressure. <Ref. to 2-8 [W1B0].>
- 2) Open fuel flap lid, and remove fuel filler cap.



3) Disconnect battery ground cable.



4) Remove service hole cover.



5) Disconnect connector from fuel sub meter, and disconnect jet pump hose.



6) Remove bolts which install sub fuel level sensor on fuel tank.



7) Remove sub fuel level sensor.



- 8) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
- Tightening torque:
  - T: 4.4±1.5 N⋅m (0.45±0.15 kg-m, 3.3±1.1 ft-lb)



## 11. Vent Valve

## A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

- 1) Release fuel pressure. <Ref. to 2-8 [W1B0].>
- 2) Open fuel flap lid, and remove fuel filer cap.



3) Disconnect battery ground cable.



4) Drain fuel from fuel tank. <Ref. to 2-8 [W1C0].>



5) Remove fuel tank. <Ref. to 2-8 [W2A0].>



6) Remove bolts which install sub fuel level sensor on fuel tank.



7) Remove sub fuel level sensor.



- 8) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
- Tightening torque:
  - T: 4.4±1.5 N⋅m (0.45±0.15 kg-m, 3.3±1.1 ft-lb)



## 11. Vent Valve

## A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

- 1) Release fuel pressure. <Ref. to 2-8 [W1B0].>
- 2) Open fuel flap lid, and remove fuel filer cap.



3) Disconnect battery ground cable.



4) Drain fuel from fuel tank. <Ref. to 2-8 [W1C0].>



5) Remove fuel tank. <Ref. to 2-8 [W2A0].>



6) Remove protector cover.



7) Move clips, and disconnect hoses from vent valve.



8) Remove nuts which install vent valve on fuel tank.



9) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

#### CAUTION: Replace rubber seat with a new one.

#### teplace rubber seat with a

#### Tightening torque:

T: 4.4±1.5 N·m (0.45±0.15 kg-m, 3.3±1.1 ft-lb)



## 12. Shut Valve

## A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

- 1) Release fuel pressure. <Ref. to 2-8 [W1B0].>
- 2) Open fuel flap lid, and remove fuel filer cap.



3) Drain fuel from fuel tank. <Ref. to 2-8 [W1C0].>



4) Disconnect battery ground cable.



5) Remove fuel filler pipe. <Ref. to 2-8 [W1B0].>



6) Disconnect evaporation hoses from shut valve.



7) Remove shut valve from fuel filler pipe.



8) Installation is in the reverse order of removal. *Tightening torque:* 

4.4±1.5 N·m (0.45±0.15 kg-m, 3.3±1.1 ft-lb)



## 13. Drain Valve

## A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



- 2) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 3) Remove canister. <Ref. to 2-1 [W3A0].>



4) Disconnect connector from drain valve.



5) Disconnect evaporation hoses from drain valve.



6) Remove bolt which installs air filter and drain valve brackets on body.



7) Move air filter to upper side, and remove drain valve with bracket.



8) Installation is in the reverse order of removal. *Tightening torque:* 

#### 22.5±7 N·m (2.3±0.7 kg-m, 16.6±5.1 ft-lb)



## 1. Foreword

This chapter describes major inspection and service procedures for the engine mounted on the body. For procedures not found in this chapter, refer to the service procedure section in the applicable chapter.

## 2. Ignition Timing

## A: MEASUREMENT

#### **CAUTION:**

After warming-up, engine becomes very hot. Be careful not to burn yourself during measurement.

1) Warm-up the engine.

2) o check the ignition timing, connect a timing light to #1 cylinder spark plug cord, and illuminate the timing mark with the timing light.

3) Start the engine at idle speed and check the ignition timing.

Ignition timing [BTDC/rpm]:

2200 cc California spec. vehicles 15°±8°/700

Except 2200 cc California spec. vehicles 10°±8°/700 (MT model) 15°±8°/700 (AT model)



If the timing is not correct, check the ignition control system. <Ref. to 2-7 [T6A0]>

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Except 2200 cc California spec. vehicles 10°±8°/700 (MT model) 15°±8°/700 (AT model)



If the timing is not correct, check the ignition control system. <Ref. to 2-7 [T6A0]>

## 3. Engine Idle Speed

## A: MEASUREMENT

1) Before checking idle speed, check the follow-ing:

(1) Ensure that air cleaner element is free from clogging, ignition timing is correct, spark plugs are in good condition, and that hoses are connected properly.

(2) Ensure that malfunction indicator light (CHECK ENGINE light) does not illuminate.

2) Warm-up the engine.

3) Stop the engine, and turn ignition switch to OFF.

4) When using SUBARU SELECT MONITOR;

NOTE:

For detailed operation procedures, refer to the SUBARU SELECT MONITOR OPERATION MANUAL.

(1) Insert the cartridge to SUBARU SELECT MONITOR. <Ref. to 1-6 [G1100].>



(2) Connect SUBARU SELECT MONITOR to the data link connector.

(3) Turn ignition switch to ON, and SUBARU SELECT MONITOR switch to ON.

(4) Select {2. Each System Check} in Main Menu.

(5) Select {Engine Control System} in Selection Menu.

(6) Select {1. Current Data Display & Save} in EGI/EMPI Diagnosis.

(7) Select {1.12 Data Display} in Data Display Menu.

(8) Start the engine, and read engine idle speed.



5) When using tachometer (Secondary pick-up type).

(1) Attach the pick-up clip to No. 1 cylinder spark plug cord.

(2) Start the engine, and read engine idle speed.

NOTE:

• When using the OBD-II general scan tool, carefully read its operation manual.

• This ignition system provides simultaneous ignition for #1 and #2 plugs. It must be noted that some tachometers may register twice that of actual engine speed.



6) Check idle speed when unloaded. (With headlights, heater fan, rear defroster, radiator fan, air conditioning, etc. OFF)

#### Idle speed (No load and gears in neutral (MT), or N or P (AT) position): 700±100 rpm

7) Check idle speed when loaded. (Turn air conditioning switch to "ON" and operate compressor for at least one minute before measurement.)

Idle speed [A/C "ON", no load and gears in neutral (MT) or N or P (AT) position]: 850±50 rpm

#### CAUTION:

Never rotate idle adjusting screw. If idle speed is out of specifications, refer to General Onboard Diagnosis Table under "2-7 On-Board Diagnostics II System".

## 4. Engine Compression

## A: MEASUREMENT

#### CAUTION:

After warming-up, engine becomes very hot. Be careful not to burn yourself during measurement.

1) After warming-up the engine, turn ignition switch to OFF.

- 2) Make sure that the battery is fully charged.
- 3) Disconnect battery ground cable.

4) Remove all the spark plugs. <Ref. to 6-1 [W3A0].>

5) Disconnect connectors from fuel injectors.

6) Connect battery ground cable.

7) Fully open throttle valve.

8) Check the starter motor for satisfactory performance and operation.

9) Hold the compression gauge tight against the spark plug hole.

#### CAUTION:

When using a screw-in type compression gauge, the screw (put into cylinder head spark plug hole) should be less than 18 mm (0.71 in) long.

10) Crank the engine by means of the starter motor, and read the maximum value on the gauge when the pointer is steady.



11) Perform at least two measurements per cylinder, and make sure that the values are correct.

## *Compression (350 rpm and fully open throttle):*

Standard;

1,216 kPa (12.4 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 176 psi) Limit;

941 kPa (9.6 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 137 psi) Difference between cylinders; 49 kPa (0.5 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 7 psi), or less

## 5. Intake Manifold Vacuum

## A: MEASUREMENT

1) Warm-up the engine.

2) Disconnect the brake vacuum hose and install the vacuum gauge to the hose fitting on the manifold.

3) Keep the engine at the idle speed and read the vacuum gauge indication.

By observing the gauge needle movement, the internal condition of the engine can be diagnosed as described below.

#### Vacuum pressure (at idling, A/C "OFF"): Less than –60.0 kPa (–450 mmHg, –17.72 inHg)



Diagnosis of engine condition by measurement of manifold vacuum	
Vacuum gauge indication	Possible engine condition
1. Needle is steady but lower than normal position. This ten- dency becomes more evident as engine temperature rises.	Leakage around intake manifold gasket or disconnection or damaged vacuum hose
2. When engine speed is reduced slowly from higher speed, needle stops temporarily when it is lowering or becomes steady above normal position.	Back pressure too high, or exhaust system clogged
3. Needle intermittently drops to position lower than normal position.	Leakage around cylinder
4. Needle drops suddenly and intermittently from normal position.	Sticky valves
5. When engine speed is gradually increased, needle begins to vibrate rapidly at certain speed, and then vibration increases as engine speed increases.	Weak or broken valve springs
6. Needle vibrates above and below normal position in narrow range.	Defective ignition system or throttle chamber idle adjustment

## 6. Engine Oil Pressure

## A: MEASUREMENT

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Remove generator from bracket.(1) Disconnect connector and terminal from



## 5. Intake Manifold Vacuum

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6. Needle vibrates above and below normal position in narrow range.	Defective ignition system or throttle chamber idle adjustment

## 6. Engine Oil Pressure

## A: MEASUREMENT

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Remove generator from bracket.(1) Disconnect connector and terminal from



#### (2) Remove V-belt cover



(3) Loosen lock bolt and slider bolt, and remove front side V-belt.



(4) Remove generator lock bolt.

(5) Remove bolt which install generator on bracket.



3) Disconnect connector from oil pressure switch.
 4) Remove oil pressure switch from engine cylinder block. <Ref. to 2-4 [W3A0].>



5) Connect oil pressure gauge hose to cylinder block.

6) Connect battery ground cable.



7) Start the engine, and measure oil pressure.



#### Oil pressure:

98 kPa (1.0 kg/cm²,14 psi) or more at 800 rpm

294 kPa (3.0 kg/cm², 43 psi) or more at 5,000 rpm

#### **CAUTION:**

• If oil pressure is out of specification, check oil pump, oil filter and lubrication line. <Ref. to 2-4 ENGINE LUBRICATION SYSTEM.>

• If oil pressure warning light is turned ON and oil pressure is in specification, replace oil pressure switch. <Ref. to 2-4 ENGINE LUBRICA-TION SYSTEM.>

#### NOTE:

The specified data is based on an engine oil temperature of 80°C (176°F).

8) After measuring oil pressure, install oil pressure switch. <Ref. to 2-4 [W3B0].>

#### Tightening torque: 25±3 N·m (2.5±0.3 kg-m, 18.1±2.2 ft-lb)

9) Install generator and V-belt in the reverse order of removal, and adjust the V-belt deflection. <Ref. to 1-5 [G2A0].>

## 7. Valve Clearance

## A: INSPECTION

#### CAUTION:

Inspection and adjustment of valve clearance should be performed while engine is cold.

- 1) Set the vehicle onto the lift.
- 2) Disconnect battery ground cable.



3) Remove engine coolant reservoir tank. <Ref. to 2-5 [W9A0].>



4) Remove timing belt cover (LH).



- 5) Remove rocker cover.
- 6) When inspecting #1 and #3 cylinders:

(1) Remove air intake duct as a unit (2200 cc California spec. vehicles).



(2) Remove resonator chamber (2200 cc California spec. vehicles).



(3) Disconnect connector from mass air flow sensor (Except 2200 cc California spec. vehicles).



(4) Loosen clamp which connects air intake duct and air intake chamber (Except 2200 cc California spec. vehicles).



## SERVICE PROCEDURE

(5) Remove clips of air cleaner upper cover (Except 2200 cc California spec. vehicles).

(6) Remove air intake duct and air cleaner upper cover as a unit (Except 2200 cc California spec. vehicles).



(7) Remove air cleaner element (Except 2200 cc California spec. vehicles).

(8) Remive air cleaner lower case (Except 2200 cc California spec. vehicles).



(9) Disconnect spark plug cords from spark plugs (#1 and #3 cylinders).



(10) Disconnect blow-by hose from rocker cover (RH).



- (11) Lift-up the vehicle.
- (12) Remove under cover (RH).
- (13) Place suitable container under the vehicle.
- (14) Lower the vehicle.
- (15) Remove the timing belt cover (RH) bolt.



(16) Remove rocker cover bolts, then remove rocker cover (RH).



7) When inspecting #2 and #4 cylinders:(1) Disconnect battery cables, and then remove battery and battery carrier.

(2) Disconnect front window washer motor connector.

(3) Disconnect rear gate glass washer motor connector. (Wagon only)



(4) Disconnect rear gate glass washer hose from washer motor, then plug connection with a suitable cap. (Wagon only)

(5) Remove the two bolts which hold washer tank, then secure the tank away from working area.



(6) Disconnect spark plug cords from spark plugs (#2 and #4 cylinders).



(7) Disconnect blow-by hose form rocker cover (LH).



(8) Lift-up the vehicle.

(9) Remove under cover (LH).

(10) Place suitable container under the vehicle.(11) Remove rocker cover bolts, then remove rocker cover (LH).



8) Set #1 cylinder piston to top dead center of compression stroke by rotating crankshaft pulley clockwise.

#### NOTE:

When arrow mark on camshaft sprocket (LH) comes exactly to the top, #1 cylinder piston is brought to the top dead center of the compression stroke.



9) Measure #1 cylinder valve clearance by using thickness gauge.

#### CAUTION:

• Insert the thickness gauge in at as horizontal a direction as a possible with respect to the valve stem end face.

• Measure exhaust valve clearances while lifting-up the vehicle.

#### Valve clearance:

Intake: 0.20±0.02 mm (0.0079±0.0008 in) Exhaust: 0.25±0.02 mm (0.0098±0.0008 in)



10) If necessary, adjust the valve clearance. <Ref. to 2-2 [W7B0].>

11) Similar to measurement procedures used for #1 cylinder, measure #2, #3 and #4 cylinder valve clearances.

NOTE:

• Be sure to set cylinder pistons to their respective top dead centers on the compression stroke before measuring valve clearances.

• To set #3, #2 and #4 cylinder pistons to their top dead centers on the compression stroke, turn crankshaft pulley clockwise 90° at a time starting with arrow mark on left-hand camshaft sprocket facing up.



12) After inspection, install the related parts in the reverse order of removal.

## **B: ADJUSTMENT**

#### CAUTION:

Adjustment of valve clearance should be performed while engine is cold. 1) Set #1 cylinder piston to top dead center of compression stroke by rotating crankshaft pulley clockwise.

#### NOTE:

When arrow mark on camshaft sprocket (LH) comes exactly to the top, #1 cylinder piston is brought to the top dead center of the compression stroke.



- 2) Adjust the #1 cylinder valve clearance.
  - (1) Loosen the valve rocker nut and screw.
  - (2) Place suitable thickness gauge.
  - (3) While noting valve clearance, tighten valve rocker adjust screw.

(4) When specified valve clearance is obtained, tighten valve rocker nut.

#### Tightening torque:

10±1 N·m (1.0±0.1 kg-m, 7.2±0.7 ft-lb)

#### CAUTION:

• Insert the thickness gauge in at as horizontal a direction as possible with respect to the valve stem end face.

• Adjust exhaust valve clearances while lifting-up the vehicle.

#### Valve clearance:

Intake: 0.20±0.02 mm (0.0079±0.0008 in) Exhaust: 0.25±0.02 mm (0.0098±0.0008 in)



- (a) Thickness gauge
- (b) Valve rocker nut
- (c) Valve rocker screw

3) Ensure that valve clearances are within specifications.

4) Turn crankshaft two complete rotations until #1 cylinder piston is again set to top dead center on compression stroke.

5) Ensure that valve clearances are within specifications. If necessary, re-adjust valve clearances.

6) Similar to adjustment procedures used for #1 cylinder, adjust #2, #3 and #4 cylinder valve clearances.

#### NOTE:

• Be sure to set cylinder pistons to their respective top dead centers on the compression stroke before adjusting valve clearances.

• To set #3, #2 and #4 cylinder pistons to their top dead centers on the compression stroke, turn crankshaft pulley clockwise 90° at a time starting with arrow mark on left-hand camshaft sprocket facing up.



MEMO:

2-2
## 1. Specifications

	Model			2200 cc	2500 cc	
	Туре			Horizontally opposed, liquid cooled, 4-cylinder, 4-stroke gaso- line engine		
	Valve arrangement			Belt driven, single over-head camshaft, 4-valve/cylinder		
	Bore x Stroke mm (in)		96.9 × 75.0 (3.815 × 2.953)	99.5 × 79.0 (3.917 × 3.110)		
	Displacement		cm <sup>3</sup> (cu in)	2,212 (135)	2,457 (150)	
	Compression ratio			9.	.7	
	Compression pres- sure (at 200 — 300 kPa (kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , psi) rpm)		1,079 — 1,275 (11.0 — 13.0, 156 — 185)			
	Number of piston rings			Pressure ring: 2, Oil ring: 1		
Engine	Intake valve timing	Opening		2° BTDC	1° BTDC	
		Closing		50° ABDC	51° ABDC	
	Exhaust value timing	Opening		46° BBDC	50° BBDC	
	Exhaust valve timing	Closing		6° ATDC	6° ATDC	
	Valve clearance	Intake	mm (in)	0.20±0.02 (0.0079±0.0008)		
		Exhaust	mm (in)	0.25±0.02 (0.0098±0.0008)		
	Idling speed [At neutral position on MT, or "P" or "N" position on rpm AT]		700±100 (No load) 850±50 (A/C switch ON)			
	Firing order		$1 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 4$			
	Ignition timing BTDC/rpm		BTDC/rpm	14°±8°/700 (MT), 20°±8°/700 (AT)		

## 2. Service Data

NOTE:

STD: Standard, I.D.: Inner Diameter, O.D.: Outer Diameter, OS: Oversize, US: Undersize

Belt ten- sioner	Protrusion of adjuster rod			5.2 — 6.2 mm	(0.205 — 0.244 in)
adjuster	Spacer O.D.	17.955 — 17.975 mm	(0.7069 — 0.7077 in)		
	Tensioner bush I.D	18.00 — 18.08 mm	(0.7087 — 0.7118 in)		
Belt	STD			0.025 — 0.125 mm	(0.0010 — 0.0049 in)
ten-	Clearance between spacer and bush		Limit	0.175 mm	(0.0069 in)
sioner					(0.0079 — 0.0217 in)
	Side clearance of spacer		STD Limit	0.2 — 0.55 mm 0.81 mm	(0.0319 in)
Valve rocker	Clearance between shaft and arm		STD	0.020 — 0.054 mm	(0.0008 — 0.0021 in)
arm	Clearance between shart and arm		Limit	0.10 mm	(0.0039 in)
	Bend limit			0.020 mm	(0.0008 in)
	<b>T</b> I ( )		STD	0.030 — 0.090 mm	(0.0012 — 0.0035 in)
	Thrust clearance		Limit	0.11 mm	(0.0043 in)
		la ta lua	STD	38.732 — 38.832 mm	(1.5249 — 1.5288 in)
		Intake	Limit	38.632 mm	(1.5209 in)
	Cam lobe height (2200 cc)	Exhaust	STD	39.257 — 39.357 mm	(1.5455 — 1.5495 in)
		Exhaust	Limit	39.157 mm	(1.5416 in)
Cam- shaft		Intoko	STD	39.485 — 39.585 mm	(1.5545 — 1.5585 in)
Shan	Com Joho hoight (2500 co)	Intake	Limit	39.385 mm	(1.5506 in)
	Cam lobe height (2500 cc)	Evhauat	STD	39.257 — 39.357 mm	(1.5455 — 1.5495 in)
		Exhaust	Limit	39.157 mm	(1.5416 in)
	Camshaft journal O.D.	31.928 — 31.945 mm	(1.2570 — 1.2577 in)		
	Camshaft journal hole I.D.		32.000 — 32.018 mm	(1.2598— 1.2605 in)	
	Oil clearance		STD	0.055 — 0.090 mm	(0.0022 — 0.0035 in)
				0.118 mm	(0.0046 in)
Culindan	Surface warpage limit	0.05 mm	(0.0020 in)		
Cylinder head	Surface grinding limit	0.3 mm	(0.012 in)		
neau	Standard height	127.5 mm	(5.02 in)		
	Refacing angle			90°	
Valve set		Intake	STD	1.0 mm	(0.039 in)
	Contacting width		Limit	1.7 mm	(0.067 in)
001			STD	1.4 mm	(0.055 in)
	Exhaust -			2.1 mm	(0.083 in)
Valve	Inner diameter			6.000 — 6.012 mm	(0.2362 — 0.2367 in)
guide	Protrusion above head			20.0 — 20.5 mm	(0.787 — 0.807 in)
guide		Exhaust		16.5 — 17.0 mm	(0.650 — 0.669 in)

**2-3** [S200] 2. Service Data

## SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE DATA

			отр	1.0	(0,020 in)
	Head edge thickness	Intake	STD	1.0 mm	(0.039 in)
			Limit	0.6 mm	(0.024 in)
		Exhaust	STD	1.2 mm	(0.047 in)
			Limit	0.6 mm	(0.024 in)
	Stem diameter		Intake	5.950 — 5.965 mm	(0.2343 — 0.2348 in)
Valve			Exhaust	5.945 — 5.960 mm	(0.2341 — 0.2346 in)
		STD	Intake	0.035 — 0.062 mm	(0.0014 — 0.0024 in)
	Stem oil clearance		Exhaust	0.040 — 0.067 mm	(0.0016 — 0.0026 in)
		Limit	—	0.15 mm	(0.0059 in)
	Overall longth		Intake	120.6 mm	(4.75 in)
	Overall length		Exhaust	121.7 mm	(4.79 in)
	Free length			54.30 mm	(2.1378 in)
	Squareness			2.5°, 2.4 mm	(0.094 in)
				214.8 — 246.2 N	
Valve				(21.9 — 25.1 kg, 48.3 —	55.3 lb)/45.0 mm (1.772
spring	Tension/spring height			in)	
				526.6 — 581.6 N	
				(53.7 — 59.3 kg, 118.4 — 130.8 lb)/34.7 mm	
		(1.366 in)			
	Surface warpage limit (mating with cylinder I	0.05 mm	(0.0020 in)		
	Surface grinding limit			0.1 mm	(0.004 in)
	Cylinder bore (2200 cc)	STD	A	96.905 — 96.915 mm	(3.8151 — 3.8155 in)
		0.0	В	96.895 — 96.905 mm	(3.8148 — 3.8151 in)
	Cylinder bore (2500 cc)	STD	A	99.505 — 99.515 mm	(3.9175 — 3.9179 in)
Cylinder		010	B STD	99.495 — 99.505 mm	(3.9171 — 3.9175 in)
block	Taper			0.015 mm	(0.0006 in)
bioon			Limit	0.050 mm	(0.0020 in)
	Out-of-roundness		STD	0.010 mm	(0.0004 in)
	Cut-ol-loundness		Limit	0.050 mm	(0.0020 in)
	Distan alegrance		STD	0.010 — 0.030 mm	(0.0004 — 0.0012 in)
	Piston clearance		Limit	0.050 mm	(0.0020 in)
	Enlarging (boring) limit		0.5 mm	(0.020 in)	
		075	А	96.885 — 96.895 mm	(3.8144 — 3.8148 in)
		STD	В	96.875 — 96.885 mm	(3.8140 — 3.8144 in)
	Outer diameter (2200 cc)	0.25 mm (0.0098 in) OS		97.125 — 97.135 mm	(3.8238 — 3.8242 in)
Distan		0.50 mm (0.0197 in) OS		97.375 — 97.385 mm	(3.8337 — 3.8340 in)
Piston	Outer diameter (2500 cc)		А	99.485 — 99.495 mm	(3.9167 — 3.9171 in)
		STD	В	99.475 — 99.485 mm	(3.9163 — 3.9167 in)
		0.25 mm (0.0098 in) OS		99.725 — 99.735 mm	(3.9262 — 3.9266 in)
		0.50 mm (0.0197 in) OS		99.975 — 99.985 mm	(3.9360 — 3.9364 in)
	Standard clearance between piston pin and	STD		0.004 — 0.008 mm	(0.0002 — 0.0003 in)
Piston	hole in piston	Limit		0.020 mm	(0.0008 in)
pin	Degree of fit			Piston pin must be fitted into position with thumb at 20°C (68°F).	

## SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE DATA

			STD	0.00 0.05 mm	(0.0070 0.0120 in)
		Top ring		0.20 — 0.35 mm	(0.0079 — 0.0138 in)
			Limit	1.0 mm	(0.039 in)
	Piston ring gap	Second ring	STD	0.37 — 0.52 mm	(0.0146 — 0.0205 in)
			Limit	1.0 mm	(0.039 in)
Piston		Oil ring	STD	0.20 — 0.50 mm	(0.0079 — 0.0197 in)
ring			Limit	1.0 mm	(0.039 in)
	Clearance between nie	Top ring	STD	0.040 — 0.080 mm	(0.0016 — 0.0031 in)
	Clearance between pis- ton ring and piston ring		Limit	0.15 mm	(0.0059 in)
	groove	Second ring	STD	0.030 — 0.070 mm	(0.0012 — 0.0028 in)
	9.0010	Second ning	Limit	0.15 mm	(0.0059 in)
Con-	Bend twist per 100 mm (3	3.94 in) in length	Limit	0.10 mm	(0.0039 in)
necting	Cida algorange		STD	0.070 — 0.330 mm	(0.0028 — 0.0130 in)
rod	Side clearance	Side clearance		0.4 mm	(0.016 in)
			STD	0.010 — 0.038 mm	(0.0004 — 0.0015 in)
	Oil clearance (2200 cc)	Oil clearance (2200 cc)		0.05 mm	(0.0020 in)
	Oil clearance (2500 cc)		STD	0.020 — 0.046 mm	(0.0008 — 0.0018 in)
			Limit	0.050 mm	(0.0020 in)
				1.492 — 1.501 mm	(0.0587 — 0.0591 in)
	Thickness at center portion (2200 cc)		0.03 mm (0.0012 in) US	1.510 — 1.513 mm	(0.0594 — 0.0596 in)
Con- necting			0.05 mm (0.0020 in) US	1.520 — 1.523 mm	(0.0598 — 0.0600 in)
rod bearing			0.25 mm (0.0098 in) US	1.620 — 1.623 mm	(0.0638 — 0.0639 in)
	Thickness at center portion (2500 cc)		STD	1.486 — 1.498 mm	(0.0585 — 0.0590 in)
			0.03 mm (0.0012 in) US	1.504 — 1.512 mm	(0.0592 — 0.0595 in)
			0.05 mm (0.0020 in) US	1.514 — 1.522 mm	(0.0596 — 0.0599 in)
			0.25 mm (0.0098 in) US	1.614 — 1.622 mm	(0.0635 — 0.0639 in)
Con- necting	Clearance between pistor	n nin and hushing	STD	0 — 0.022 mm	(0 — 0.0009 in)
rod bushing	Clearance between piston pin and bushing		Limit	0.030 mm	(0.0012 in)

	Bend limit			0.035 mm	(0.0014 in)
	Out-of-roundness			0.030 mm (0.0012 in) or less	
	Crankpin and crank journal		Grinding limit	0.250 mm	(0.0098 in)
			STD	51.984 — 52.000 mm	(2.0466 — 2.0472 in)
	Crankpin outer diameter		0.03 mm (0.0012 in) US	51.954 — 51.970 mm	(2.0454 — 2.0461 in)
			0.05 mm (0.0020 in) US	51.934 — 51.950 mm	(2.0446 — 2.0453 in)
			0.25 mm (0.0098 in) US	51.734 — 51.750 mm	(2.0368 — 2.0374 in)
			STD	59.992 — 60.008 mm	(2.3619 — 2.3625 in)
			0.03 mm (0.0012 in) US	59.962 — 59.978 mm	(2.3607 — 2.3613 in)
Crank- shaft		#1, #5, #3	0.05 mm (0.0020 in) US	59.942 — 59.958 mm	(2.3599 — 2.3605 in)
	Crank journal outer		0.25 mm (0.0098 in) US	59.742 — 59.758 mm	(2.3520 — 2.3527 in)
	diameter		STD	59.992 — 60.008 mm	(2.3619 — 2.3625 in)
		#2, #4	0.03 mm (0.0012 in) US	59.962 — 59.978 mm	(2.3607 — 2.3613 in)
			0.05 mm (0.0020 in) US	59.942 — 59.958 mm	(2.3599 — 2.3605 in)
			0.25 mm (0.0098 in) US	59.742 — 59.758 mm	(2.3520 — 2.3527 in)
	Thrust clearance		STD	0.030 — 0.115 mm	(0.0012 — 0.0045 in)
			Limit	0.25 mm	(0.0098 in)
	Oil clearance		STD	0.010 — 0.030 mm	(0.0004 — 0.0012 in)
			Limit	0.040 mm	(0.0016 in)
			STD	1.998 — 2.011 mm	(0.0787 — 0.0792 in)
	Crankshaft bearing thick- ness	#1, #3	0.03 mm (0.0012 in) US	2.017 — 2.020 mm	(0.0794 — 0.0795 in)
Crank- shaft bearing			0.05 mm (0.0020 in) US	2.027 — 2.030 mm	(0.0798 — 0.0799 in)
			0.25 mm (0.0098 in) US	2.127 — 2.130 mm	(0.0837 — 0.0839 in)
			STD	2.000 — 2.013 mm	(0.0787 — 0.0793 in)
		#2, #4, #5	0.03 mm (0.0012 in) US	2.019 — 2.022 mm	(0.0795 — 0.0796 in)
			0.05 mm (0.0020 in) US	2.029 — 2.032 mm	(0.0799 — 0.0800 in)
			0.25 mm (0.0098 in) US	2.129 — 2.132 mm	(0.0838 — 0.0839 in)

## 1. Timing Belt



- (1) Belt cover No. 2 (RH)
- (2) Timing belt guide (MT vehicles only)
- (3) Crankshaft sprocket (Except 2200 cc California spec. vehicles)
- (4) Crankshaft sprocket (2200 cc California spec. vehicles)
- (5) Belt cover No. 2 (LH)
- (6) Camshaft sprocket No. 1
- (7) Belt idler (No. 1)
- (8) Tensioner bracket

- (9) Belt idler (No. 2)
- (10) Automatic belt tension adjuster ASSY
- (11) Belt idler No. 2
- (12) Camshaft sprocket No. 2
- (13) Timing belt
- (14) Front belt cover
- (15) Belt cover (LH)
- (16) Crankshaft pulley (2200 cc model)
- (17) Crankshaft pulley (2500 cc model)
- Tightening torque: N-m (kg-m, ft-lb)T1:  $5\pm1$  ( $0.5\pm0.1$ ,  $3.6\pm0.7$ )T2:  $9.8\pm1.0$  ( $1.0\pm0.1$ ,  $7.2\pm0.7$ )T3:  $25\pm3$  ( $2.5\pm0.3$ ,  $18.1\pm2.2$ )T4:  $39\pm4$  ( $4.0\pm0.4$ ,  $28.9\pm2.9$ )T5:  $78\pm5$  ( $8.0\pm0.5$ ,  $57.9\pm3.6$ )T6:  $127\pm5$  ( $13.0\pm0.5$ ,  $94\pm3.6$ )T7:  $177\pm5$  ( $18.0\pm0.5$ ,  $130.2\pm3.6$ )

## 2. Cylinder Head and Camshaft



- (1) Rocker cover (RH)
- (2) Intake valve rocker ASSY
- (3) Exhaust valve rocker ASSY
- (4) Camshaft cap (RH)
- (5) Oil seal
- (6) Camshaft (RH)
- (7) Plug
- (8) Spark plug pipe gasket
- (9) Cylinder head (RH)

- (10) Cylinder head gasket
- (11) Cylinder head (LH)
- (12) Camshaft (LH)
- (13) Camshaft cap (LH)
- (14) Oil filler cap
- (15) Gasket
- (16) Oil filler pipe
- (17) O-ring
- (18) Rocker cover (LH)

(19) Stud bolt

 Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)

 T1: <Ref. to 2-3 [W5E1].>

 T2: 5±1 (0.5±0.1, 3.6±0.7)

 T3: 10±2 (1.0±0.2, 7.2±1.4)

 T4: 18±2 (1.8±0.2, 13.0±1.4)

 T5: 25±2 (2.5±0.2, 18.1±1.4)

# (1)(1) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (2)(2)(9) (10) (11)(6) (7) (8) B2M1955A

## 3. Cylinder Head and Valve Assembly

- (1) Exhaust valve
- (2) Intake valve
- (3) Intake valve guide
- (4) Intake valve spring seat
- (5) Intake valve oil seal
- (6) Valve spring
- (7) Retainer
- (8) Retainer key

- (9) Exhaust valve guide
- (10) Exhaust valve spring seat
- (11) Exhaust valve oil seal

## 4. Cylinder Block



. . . . .

- (1) Oil pressure switch(2) Cylinder block (RH)
- (2) Cylinder block (RH)(3) Service hole plug
- (4) Gasket
- (5) Oil separator cover
- (6) Water by-pass pipe
- (7) Oil pump
- (8) Front oil seal
- (9) Rear oil seal
- (10) O-ring
- (11) Service hole cover

- (12) Cylinder block (LH)
- (13) Water pump
- (14) Baffle plate
- (15) Oil filter connector
- (16) Oil strainer
- (17) Gasket
- (18) Oil pan
- (19) Drain plug
- (20) Metal gasket
- (21) Oil level gauge guide

 Tightening torque: N-m (kg-m, ft-lb)

 T1: 5 (0.5, 3.6)

 T2: 6.4 (0.65, 4.7)

 T3: 10 (1.0, 7)

 T4: 25 $\pm$ 2 (2.5 $\pm$ 0.2, 18.1 $\pm$ 1.4)

 T5: 47 $\pm$ 3 (4.8 $\pm$ 0.3, 34.7 $\pm$ 2.2)

 T6: 69 $\pm$ 7 (7.0 $\pm$ 0.7, 50.6 $\pm$ 5.1)

 T7: First 12 $\pm$ 2 (1.2 $\pm$ 0.2, 8.7 $\pm$ 1.4)

 Second 12 $\pm$ 2 (1.2 $\pm$ 0.2, 8.7 $\pm$ 1.4)

## 5. Crankshaft and Piston



- (1) Flywheel (MT)
- (2) Ball bearing (MT)
- (3) Reinforcement (AT)
- (4) Drive plate (AT)
- (5) Top ring
- (6) Second ring
- (7) Oil ring
- (8) Piston

- (9) Piston pin
- (10) Circlip
- (11) Connecting rod bolt
- (12) Connecting rod
- (13) Connecting rod bearing
- (14) Connecting rod cap
- (15) Crankshaft
- (16) Woodruff key

- (17) Crankshaft bearing #1, #3
- (18) Crankshaft bearing #2, #4
- (19) Crankshaft bearing #5
- Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)
  - T1: 44±2 (4.5±0.2, 32.5±1.4) T2: 72±3 (7.3±0.3, 52.8±2.2)

## 6. Valve Rocker Assembly



- (1) Intake valve rocker arm
- (2) Valve rocker nut
- (3) Valve rocker adjust screw
- (4) Spring
- (5) Rocker shaft support
- (6) Intake rocker shaft
- (7) Exhaust rocker shaft
- (8) Exhaust valve rocker arm

Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb) T1: 5±1 (0.5±0.1, 3.6±0.7) T2: 10±1 (1.0±0.1, 7.2±0.7) T3: 25±2 (2.5±0.2, 18.1±1.4)

## **1. General Precautions**

## A: GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

1) Before disassembling engine, place it on ST3. ST1 498457000 ENGINE STAND ADAPTER RH

- ST2 498457100 ENGINE STAND ADAPTER LH
- ST3 499817000 ENGINE STAND



2) All parts should be thoroughly cleaned, paying special attention to the engine oil passages, pistons and bearings.

3) Rotating parts and sliding parts such as piston, bearing and gear should be coated with oil prior to assembly.

4) Be careful not to let oil, grease or coolant contact the timing belt, clutch disc and flywheel.

5) All removed parts, if to be reused, should be reinstalled in the original positions and directions.6) All removed parts, if to be reused, should be

reinstalled in the original positions and directions. 7) Bolts, nuts and washers should be replaced with new ones as required.

8) Even if necessary inspections have been made in advance, proceed with assembly work while making rechecks. **2-3 [W2A1]** 2. Timing Belt

## 2. Timing Belt

## A: REMOVAL

# 1. CRANKSHAFT PULLEY AND BELT COVER



- (1) Front side V-belt
- (2) Rear side V-belt (With A/C model)
- (3) Crankshaft pulley bolt
- 1) Remove A/C belt. (With A/C model)



2) Remove A/C belt tensioner. (With A/C model)



- (4) Crankshaft Pulley (2200 cc model)
- (5) Crankshaft pulley (2500 cc model)
- (6) Belt cover (LH)
- (7) Front belt cover (2500 cc model)

## SERVICE PROCEDURE

3) Remove crankshaft pulley bolt. To lock crankshaft, use ST.

- ST 499977000 (2200 cc model)
- ST 499977100 (2500 cc model) CRANKSHAFT PULLEY WRENCH





- 4) Remove crankshaft pulley.
- 5) Remove belt cover (LH).
- 6) Remove front belt cover.



## 2. TIMING BELT



(a) Alignment mark

(2) Belt idler (No. 2)

(4) Timing belt

Belt idler No. 2

(3)

(1) Timing belt guide (MT vehicles only)

1) Remove timing belt guide. (MT vehicles only)



2) If alignment mark (a) and/or arrow mark (which indicates rotation direction) on timing belt fade away, put new marks before removing timing belt as shown in figure:



(1) Turn crankshaft using ST, and align alignment marks (c) on crankshaft sprocket, and left side camshaft sprocket with notch (c) of belt cover, and align the right side camshaft sprocket with notch (c) on the mating surface of camshaft cap and cylinder head.

- ST C B2M2590A
- ST 499987500 CRANKSHAFT SOCKET

(2) Using white paint, put alignment and/or arrow marks on timing belts in relation to the sprockets.



Specified data:  $Z_1$ : 44 tooth length  $Z_2$ : 40.5 tooth



- 3) Remove belt idler (No. 2).
- 4) Remove belt idler No. 2.



5) Remove timing belt.



3. BELT IDLER AND AUTOMATIC BELT TENSION ADJUSTER ASSEMBLY



(1) Belt idler (No. 1)

(2) Automatic belt tension adjuster ASSY 1) Remove belt idler (No. 1).



## 4. CAMSHAFT AND CRANKSHAFT SPROCKET

2) Remove automatic belt tension adjuster assembly.





- (1) Camshaft sprocket No. 2
- (4) Belt cover No. 2 (LH)
- (2) Camshaft sprocket No. 1
- (5) Belt cover No. 2 (RH)
- (3) Crankshaft sprocket (California spec. vehicles)
- (6) Tensioner bracket
- 1) Remove camshaft sprocket No. 2. To lock camshaft, use ST.
- ST 499207100 CAMSHAFT SPROCKET WRENCH



- 2) Remove camshaft sprocket No. 1. To lock camshaft, use ST.
- ST 499207400 CAMSHAFT SPROCKET **WRENCH**



3) Remove crankshaft sprocket.





- 4) Remove belt cover No. 2 (LH).
- 5) Remove belt cover No. 2 (RH).

## **CAUTION:**

# Do not damage or lose the seal rubber when removing belt covers.



6) Remove tensioner bracket.



## **B: INSPECTION**

## 1. TIMING BELT

1) Check timing belt teeth for breaks, cracks, and wear. If any fault is found, replace belt.

2) Check the condition of back side of belt; if any crack is found, replace belt.

## **CAUTION:**

• Be careful not to let oil, grease or coolant contact the belt. Remove quickly and thoroughly if this happens.

• Do not bend the belt sharply.

## Bending radius: h

60 mm (2.36 in) or more



# 2. AUTOMATIC BELT TENSION ADJUSTER

1) Visually check oil seals for leaks, and rod ends for abnormal wear or scratches. If necessary, replace faulty parts.

## **CAUTION:**

# Slight traces of oil at rod's oil seal does not indicate a problem.

2) Check that the adjuster rod does not move when a pressure of 294 N (30 kg, 66 lb) is applied to it. This is to check adjuster rod stiffness.

3) If the adjuster rod is not stiff and moves freely when applying 294 N (30 kg, 66 lb), check it using the following procedures:

(1) Slowly press the adjuster rod down to the end surface of the cylinder. Repeat this motion 2 or 3 times.

(2) With the adjuster rod moved all the way up, apply a pressure of 294 N (30 kg, 66 lb) to it. Check adjuster rod stiffness.

(3) If the adjuster rod is not stiff and moves down, replace the automatic belt tension adjuster assembly with a new one.

## CAUTION:

• Always use a vertical type pressing tool to move the adjuster rod down.

- Do not use a lateral type vise.
- Push adjuster rod vertically.

• Press-in the push adjuster rod gradually taking more than three minutes.

• Do not allow press pressure to exceed 9,807 N (1,000 kg, 2,205 lb).

• Press the adjuster rod as far as the end surface of the cylinder. Do not press the adjuster rod into the cylinder. Doing so may damage the cylinder.

4) Measure the extension of rod beyond the body. If it is not within specifications, replace with a new one.

Rod extension: H 5.7±0.5 mm (0.224±0.020 in)



## 3. BELT TENSION PULLEY

1) Check mating surfaces of timing belt and contact point of adjuster rod for abnormal wear or scratches. Replace automatic belt tension adjuster assembly if faulty.

2) Check tension pulley for smooth rotation. Replace if noise or excessive play is noted.

3) Check tension pulley for grease leakage.

## 4. BELT IDLER

1) Check belt idler for smooth rotation. Replace if noise or excessive play is noted.

2) Check belt outer contacting surfaces of idler pulley for abnormal wear and scratches.

3) Check belt idler for grease leakage.

## 5. CAMSHAFT AND CRANKSHAFT SPROCKET

1) Check sprocket teeth for abnormal wear and scratches.

2) Make sure there is no free play between sprocket and key.

3) Check crankshaft sprocket notch for sensor for damage and contamination of foreign matter.

[W2C1] **2-3** 2. Timing Belt

## C: INSTALLATION

## 1. CAMSHAFT AND CRANKSHAFT SPROCKET



- (1) Tensioner bracket
- (2) Belt cover No. 2 (RH)
- (3) Belt cover No. 2 (LH)
- (4) Crankshaft sprocket
- (5) Camshaft sprocket No. 1
- (6) Camshaft sprocket No. 2
- Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb) T1: 5±1 (0.5±0.1, 3.6±0.7) T2: 25±3 (2.5±0.3, 18.1±2.2) T3: 78±5 (8.0±0.5, 57.9±3.6)

1) Install tensioner bracket.



- 2) Install belt cover No. 2 (RH).
- 3) Install belt cover No. 2 (LH).



4) Install crankshaft sprocket.





5) Install camshaft sprocket No. 1. To lock camshaft, use ST.





6) Install camshaft sprocket No. 2. To lock camshaft, use ST.

ST 499207100 CAMSHAFT SPROCKET WRENCH

### CAUTION:

Do not confuse left and right side camshaft sprockets during installation. The camshaft sprocket No. 2 is identified by a projection used to monitor camshaft position sensor.



## 2. AUTOMATIC BELT TENSION ADJUSTER ASSEMBLY AND BELT IDLER



Automatic belt tension adjuster
 ASSY
 Belt idler (No. 1)

1) Preparation for installation of automatic belt tension adjuster assembly;

#### CAUTION:

• Always use a vertical type pressing tool to move the adjuster rod down.

- Do not use a lateral type vise.
- Push adjuster rod vertically.

• Be sure to slowly move the adjuster rod down applying a pressure of 294 N (30 kg, 66 lb).

• Press-in the push adjuster rod gradually taking more than three minutes.

• Do not allow press pressure to exceed 9,807 N (1,000 kg, 2,205 lb).

• Press the adjuster rod as far as the end surface of the cylinder. Do not press the adjuster rod into the cylinder. Doing so may damage the cylinder.

• Do not release press pressure until stopper pin is completely inserted.

(1) Attach the automatic belt tension adjuster assembly to the vertical pressing tool.

#### Tightening torque: N⋅m (kg-m, ft-lb) T: 39±4 (4.0±0.4, 28.9±2.9)

(2) Slowly move the adjuster rod down with a pressure of 294 N (30 kg, 66 lb) until the adjuster rod is aligned with the stopper pin hole in the cylinder.



(3) With a 2 mm (0.08 in) dia. stopper pin or a 2 mm (0.08 in) (nominal) dia. hex bar wrench inserted into the stopper pin hole in the cylinder, secure the adjuster rod.



2) Install automatic belt tension adjuster assembly.



3) Install belt idler (No. 1).



## 3. TIMING BELT



Timing belt guide (MT vehicles

- (a) Alignment mark
- (1) Timing belt
- (2) Belt idler No. 2
- (3) Belt idler (No. 2)
- 1) Installation of timing belt

 (1) Turn camshaft sprocket No. 2 using ST1, and turn camshaft sprocket No. 1 using ST2 so that their alignment marks come to top positions.
 ST1 499207100 CAMSHAFT SPROCKET

- 499207100 CAMSHAFT SPROCKET WRENCH
- ST2 499207400

CAMSHAFT SPROCKET WRENCH

(4)

only)



Tightening torque: N-m (kg-m, ft-lb) T1: 9.8±1.0 (1.0±0.1, 7.2±0.7) T2: 39±4 (4.0±0.4, 28.9±2.9)

(2) While aligning alignment mark on timing belt with marks on sprockets, position timing belt properly.

## CAUTION: Ensure belt's rotating direction is correct.



2) Install belt idler No. 2.

## SERVICE PROCEDURE

- **2-3** [W2C3] 2. Timing Belt
- 3) Install belt idler (No. 2).



4) After ensuring that the marks on timing belt and camshaft sprockets are aligned, remove stopper pin from belt tensioner adjuster.

## **CAUTION:**

After properly installing timing belt, remove rocker cover and ensure that the valve lash adjuster contains no air.



5) Install timing belt guide. (MT vehicles only)(1) Temporarily tighten remaining bolts.



(2) Check and adjust clearance between timing belt and timing belt guide.

## Clearance:

1.0±0.5 mm (0.039±0.020 in)



(3) Tighten remaining bolts.



## 4. CRANKSHAFT PULLEY AND BELT COVER



- (1) Front belt cover
- (2) Belt cover (LH)
- (3) Crankshaft pulley (2200 cc model)
- (4) Crankshaft pulley (2500 cc model)
- 1) Install front belt cover.
- 2) Install belt cover (LH).



3) Install crankshaft pulley.

- (5) Crankshaft pulley bolt
- (6) Rear side V-belt (With A/C
  - model)
- (7) Front side V-belt

Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb) T1: 5±1 (0.5±0.1, 3.6±0.7) T2: 127±5 (13.0±0.5, 94±3.6) T3: 177±5 (18.0±0.5, 130.2±3.6)

4) Install pulley bolt. (2200 cc model)

To lock crankshaft, use ST.

- ST 499977000 CRANKSHAFT PULLEY WRENCH
  - (1) Clean the crankshaft pulley thread using an air gun.

(2) Apply engine oil to the crankshaft pulley bolt seat and thread.

(3) Tighten the bolts temporarily with tightening torque of 44 N·m (4.5 kg-m, 33 ft-lb).
(4) Tighten the crankshaft pulley bolts.

## Tightening torque: 127±5 N·m (13.0±0.5 kg-m, 94.0±3.6 ft-lb)



5) Confirm that the tightening angle of the crankshaft pulley bolt is 45 degrees or more. If not, conduct the following procedures (1) through (4). (1) Replace the crankshaft pulley bolts and clean them.

# Crankshaft pulley bolt: 12369AA011

(2) Clean the crankshaft thread using an air gun.

(3) Tighten the bolts temporarily with tightening torque of 44 N·m (4.5 kg-m, 33 ft-lb).

(4) Tighten the crankshaft pulley bolts keeping them in an angle between 45 degrees and 60 degrees.

## CAUTION:

Conduct the tightening procedures by confirming the turning angle of the crankshaft pulley bolt referring to the gauge indicated on the belt cover.

- 6) Install pulley bolt. (2500 cc model)
- To lock crankshaft, use ST.
- ST 499977100 CRANKSHAFT PULLEY WRENCH

(1) Clean the crankshaft pulley thread using an air gun.

(2) Apply engine oil to the crankshaft pulley bolt seat and thread.

(3) Tighten the bolts temporarily with tightening torque of 44 N·m (4.5 kg-m, 33 ft-lb).

(4) Tighten the crankshaft pulley bolts.

## Tightening torque:

## 177±5 N·m (18.0±0.5 kg-m, 130.2±3.6 ft-lb)



7) Confirm that the tightening angle of the crankshaft pulley bolt is 65 degrees or more. If not, conduct the following procedures (1) through (4).

(1) Replace the crankshaft pulley bolts and clean them.

# Crankshaft pulley bolt: 12369AA011

(2) Clean the crankshaft thread using an air gun.

(3) Tighten the bolts temporarily with tightening torque of 44 N·m (4.5 kg-m, 33 ft-lb).

(4) Tighten the crankshaft pulley bolts keeping them in an angle between 65 degrees and 75 degrees.

CAUTION:

Conduct the tightening procedures by confirming the turning angle of the crankshaft pulley bolt referring to the gauge indicated on the belt cover.

8) Install A/C belt tensioner. (With A/C model)



9) Install A/C belt. (With A/C model)



3. Valve Rocker Assembly

## A: REMOVAL



(1) Rocker cover

- (3) Exhaust valve rocker ASSY
- (2) Intake valve rocker ASSY

(4) Spark plug pipe gasket

- 1) Disconnect PCV hose and remove rocker cover.
- 2) Removal of valve rocker assembly
- (1) Remove bolts (a) through (b) in alphabetical sequence.

## CAUTION:

Leave two or three threads of bolt (a) engaged to retain valve rocker assembly.



(2) Equally loosen bolts (e) through (h) all the way, being careful that knock pin is not gouged.







## **B: DISASSEMBLY**



- (1) Bolt
- (2) Intake valve rocker shaft
- (3) Rocker shaft support
- (4) Intake valve rocker arm
- (5) Spring
- (6) Exhaust valve rocker shaft
- 1) Remove bolts which secure rocker shaft.

2) Extract rocker shaft. Remove valve rocker arms, springs, plates and shaft supports from rocker shaft.

## CAUTION:

# Arrange all removed parts in order so that they can be installed in their original positions.

3) Remove nut and adjuster screw from valve rocker.

- (7) Exhaust valve rocker arm
- (8) Valve rocker nut
- (9) Valve rocker adjust screw

## **C: INSPECTION**

## 1. VALVE ROCKER ARM

1) Measure inside diameter of valve rocker arm and outside diameter of valve rocker shaft, and determine the difference between the two (= oil clearance).

Clearance between arm and shaft:

#### Standard

0.020 — 0.054 mm (0.0008 — 0.0021 in) Limit

#### 0.10 mm (0.0039 in)

• If oil clearance exceeds specifications, replace valve rocker arm or shaft.

NOTE:

Replace valve rocker arm or shaft, whichever shows greater amount of wear.

## Rocker arm inside diameter: 22.020 — 22.041 mm (0.8669 — 0.8678 in)

## Rocker shaft diameter:

21.987 — 22.000 mm (0.8656 — 0.8661 in)





2) Measure inside diameter of rocker shaft support and outside diameter of valve rocker shaft, and determine the difference between the two (= oil clearance).

#### Clearance between support and shaft: Standard 0.005 — 0.039 mm (0.0002 — 0.0015 in) Limit

## 0.05 mm (0.0020 in)

• If oil clearance exceeds specifications, replace

rocker shaft support or shaft.

## NOTE:

Replace rocker shaft support or shaft, whichever shows greater amount of wear.

#### Rocker shaft support inside diameter: 22.005 — 22.026 mm (0.8663 — 0.8672 in)

#### Rocker shaft diameter:

21.987 — 22.000 mm (0.8656 — 0.8661 in)

3) If cam or valve contact surface of valve rocker arm is worn or dented excessively, replace valve rocker arm.

4) Check that valve rocker arm roller rotates smoothly. If not, replace valve rocker arm.

# 2. INTAKE AND EXHAUST VALVE ROCKER SHAFT

Visually check oil relief valve of shaft end for any of the following abnormalities.

- Breaks in check ball body
- Foreign particles caught in valve spring
- Oil leakage at check ball

### CAUTION:

Repair or replace valve rocker shaft as necessary.

## **2-3 [W3D0]** 3. Valve Rocker Assembly

## D: ASSEMBLY



- (1) Valve rocker adjust screw
- (2) Valve rocker nut
- (3) Intake valve rocker arm(4) Spring
- (5) Rocker shaft support(6) Intake valve rocker shaft
- (7) Exhaust valve rocker arm
- (8) Exhaust valve rocker shaft
- 1) Install adjuster screw and nut to valve rocker.

2) Arrange valve rocker arms, springs and shaft supports in assembly order and insert valve rocker shaft.

## CAUTION:

Valve rocker arms, rocker shaft and shaft supports have identification marks. Ensure parts with same markings are properly assembled.

3) Install valve rocker shaft securing bolts.

Tightening torque: N⋅m (kg-m, ft-lb) T: 5±1 (0.5±0.1, 3.6±0.7)

## E: INSTALLATION



- (1) Spark plug pipe gasket
- (4) Rocker cover
- (2) Intake valve rocker ASSY
- (3) Exhaust valve rocker ASSY
- Installation of valve rocker assembly

   Temporarily tighten bolts (a) through (d) equally as shown in figure.

## CAUTION:

# Do not allow valve rocker assembly to gouge knock pins.

- (2) Tighten bolts (e) through (h) to specified torque.
- (3) Tighten bolts (a) through (d) to specified torque.
- Tightening torque: 25±2 N·m (2.5±0.2 kg-m, 18.1±1.4 ft-lb)



Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb) T1: 5±1 (0.5±0.1, 3.6±0.7) T2: 25±2 (2.5±0.2, 18.1±1.4)

2) Adjust the valve clearances. <Ref. to 2-2 [W7B0].>

3) Install rocker cover and connect PCV hose.

## 4. Camshaft

## A: REMOVAL

## 1. RELATED PARTS

Remove timing belt, camshaft sprockets and related parts. <Ref. to 2-3 [W2A0].>

## 2. CAMSHAFT (LH)



(1) Bolt

- (3) Camshaft cap
- (2) Oil level gauge guide
- (4) Camshaft (LH)
- 1) Remove camshaft position sensor.

## CAUTION:

## Do not damage the camshaft position sensor.

- 2) Remove oil level gauge guide attaching bolt.
- 3) Remove oil level gauge guide.
- 4) Remove camshaft position sensor support.
- 5) Remove camshaft cap.
  (1) Remove valve rocker assembly.
  <Ref. to 2-3 [W3A0].>



- (5) Oil seal
- (6) Plug

(2) Remove bolts (a) through (b) in alphabetical sequence.



(3) Equally loosen bolts (c) through (j) all the way in alphabetical sequence.



- (4) Remove bolts (k) through (p) in alphabetical sequence using ST.
- ST 499497000 TORX PLUS



## 3. CAMSHAFT (RH)

(5) Remove camshaft cap.



- 6) Remove camshaft (LH).
- 7) Remove oil seal.
- 8) Remove plug from rear side of camshaft (LH).

## CAUTION:

- Do not remove oil seal unless necessary.
- Do not scratch journal surface when removing oil seal.



(1) Camshaft (RH)

- (3) Valve rocker ASSY(4) Oil seal
- (5) Plug

- (2) Camshaft cap
- 1) Remove camshaft cap.

(1) Remove valve rocker assembly RH. <Ref. to 2-3 [W3A0].>



(2) Remove bolts (a) through (b) in alphabetical sequence.



(3) Equally loosen bolts (c) through (j) all the way in alphabetical sequence.



(4) Remove bolts (k) through (p) in alphabetical sequence using ST.

ST 499497000 TORX PLUS



(5) Remove camshaft cap.



- 2) Remove camshaft (RH).
- 3) Remove oil seal.
- 4) Remove plug from rear side of camshaft (RH).

#### CAUTION:

• Do not remove oil seal unless necessary.

• Do not scratch journal surface when removing oil seal.

## **B: INSPECTION**

## 1. CAMSHAFT

1) Measure the bend, and repair or replace if necessary.

## Limit:

## 0.020 mm (0.0008 in)



2) Check journal for damage and wear. Replace if faulty.

3) Measure outside diameter of camshaft journal and inside diameter of cylinder head journal, and determine the difference between the two (= oil clearance). If oil clearance exceeds specifications, replace camshaft or cylinder head as necessary.

## SERVICE PROCEDURE

			Unit: mm (in)
Clearance at journal	Standard	0.055 — 0.090 (0.0022 — 0.0035 )	
Clearance at journal	Limit	0.118 (0.0046)	
Camshaft journal O.D.		31.928 — 31.945 (1.2570 — 1.2577)	
Journal hole I.D.		32.000 — 32.018 (1.2598 — 1.2605)	

4) Check cam face condition; remove minor faults by grinding with oil stone. Measure the cam height H; replace if the limit has been exceeded.

## Cam height: H

#### • 2200 cc

		Unit: mm (in)
Item	Standard	Limit
Intake	38.732 — 38.832 (1.5249 — 1.5288)	38.632 (1.5209)
Exhaust	39.257 — 39.357 (1.5455 — 1.5495)	39.157 (1.5416)

#### • 2500 cc

		Unit: mm (in)
Item	Standard	Limit
Intake	39.485 — 39.585 (1.5545 — 1.5585)	39.385 (1.5506)
Exhaust	39.257 — 39.357 (1.5455 — 1.5495)	39.157 (1.5416)

#### Cam base circle diameter A: IN: 34.0 mm (1.339 in) EX: 34.0 mm (1.339 in)



## 2. CAMSHAFT SUPPORT

Measure the thrust clearance of camshaft with dial gauge. If the clearance exceeds the limit, replace camshaft support.

#### Standard:

0.030 — 0.090 mm (0.0012 — 0.0035 in)

## Limit:

## 0.11 mm (0.0043 in)


# **C: INSTALLATION**

# 1. CAMSHAFT (LH)



(1) Camshaft (LH)

(3) Plug

Camshaft cap (2)

(4) Oil seal

1) Apply a coat of engine oil to camshaft journals and install camshaft (LH).

2) Install camshaft cap.

(1) Apply liquid gasket on the around of camshaft cap.

Liquid gasket: THREE BOND 1280B



NOTE:

Apply a coat of 3 mm (0.12 in) dia. liquid gasket along edge of cam cap mating surface.

(5)

(6) Bolt



(2) Temporarily tighten bolts (g) through (j) in alphabetical sequence.



(3) Install valve rocker assembly.<Ref. to 2-3 [W3E0].>



(4) Tighten bolts (a) through (h) in alphabetical sequence.

# Tightening torque:

25±2 N·m (2.5±0.2 kg-m, 18.1±1.4 ft-lb)



(5) Tighten TORX bolts (i) through (n) in alphabetical sequence using ST.ST 499497000 TORX PLUS

Tightening torque:

18±2 N·m (1.8±0.2 kg-m, 13.0±1.4 ft-lb)



(6) Tighten bolts (o) through (v) in alphabetical sequence.

# Tightening torque:

10±2 N·m (1.0±0.2 kg-m, 7.2±1.4 ft-lb)



(7) Tighten bolts (w) through (x) in alphabetical sequence.

#### *Tightening torque:* 10±2 N⋅m (1.0±0.2 kg-m, 7.2±1.4 ft-lb)



3) Apply a coat of grease to oil seal lips and install oil seal (A) on camshaft using ST1 and ST2.

#### CAUTION: Use a new oil seal.

ST1 499597000 OIL SEAL GUIDE ST2 499587500 OIL SEAL INSTALLER



- 4) Install plug using ST.
- ST 499587700 OIL SEAL INSTALLER
- 5) Install oil level gauge guide.
- 6) Install camshaft position sensor support.

# 2. CAMSHAFT (RH)



- Camshaft support (RH)
   O-ring
- (3) Camshaft (RH)(4) Oil seal
- (5) Plug

- 1) Apply a coat of engine oil to camshaft journals and install camshaft (RH).
- 2) Install camshaft cap.
  - (1) Apply liquid gasket on the around of camshaft cap.

#### Liquid gasket: THREE BOND 1280B



NOTE:

Apply a coat of 3 mm (0.12 in) dia. liquid gasket along edge of cam cap mating surface.



(2) Temporarily tighten bolts (g) through (j) in alphabetical sequence.



(3) Install valve rocker assembly.<Ref. to 2-3 [W3E0].>



(4) Tighten bolts (a) through (h) in alphabetical sequence.

# Tightening torque:

25±2 N·m (2.5±0.2 kg-m, 18.1±1.4 ft-lb)



(5) Tighten TORX bolts (i) through (n) in alphabetical sequence using ST.ST 499427000 TORX PLUS

Tightening torque:

18±2 N·m (1.8±0.2 kg-m, 13.0±1.4 ft-lb)



(6) Tighten bolts (o) through (v) in alphabetical sequence.

# Tightening torque:

```
10±2 N·m (1.0±0.2 kg-m, 7.2±1.4 ft-lb)
```



(7) Tighten bolts (o) through (p) in alphabetical sequence.

# Tightening torque:

10±2 N·m (1.0±0.2 kg-m, 7.2±1.4 ft-lb)



3) Apply a coat of grease to oil seal lips and install oil seal (A) on camshaft using ST1 and ST2.

#### CAUTION: Use a new oil seal.

Use a new oil seal.

ST1 499597000 OIL SEAL GUIDE ST2 499587500 OIL SEAL INSTALLER



4) Install plug using ST.

ST 499587700 OIL SEAL INSTALLER

# 3. RELATED PARTS

Install timing belt, camshaft sprockets and related parts. <Ref. to 2-3 [W2C0].>

# 5. Cylinder Head

# A: REMOVAL

# 1. RELATED PARTS

- 1) Release fuel pressure. <Ref. to 2-8 [W1B0].>
- 2) Drain engine coolant. <Ref. to 2-5 [W1A0].>
- 3) Remove V-belt(s).
- 4) Remove generator and bracket.
- 5) Remove A/C compressor and bracket. (With A/C model)
- 6) Disconnect spark plug cords.
- 7) Remove connector bracket attaching bolt.
- 8) Remove camshaft position sensor and camshaft position sensor support.
- 9) Disconnect oil pressure switch connector.
- 10) Disconnect blow-by hose.
- 11) Remove intake manifold. <Ref. to 2-7 [W4A0].>

# 2. CYLINDER HEAD



(1) Rocker cover

(3) Cylinder head

(2) Cylinder head bolt

(4) Cylinder head gasket

1) Remove timing belt, camshaft sprocket and related parts. <Ref. to 2-3 [W2A0].> 2) Remove oil level gauge guide attaching bolt (left hand only) and oil level gauge guide. 3) Remove rocker cover.

4) Remove cylinder head bolts in alphabetical sequence shown in figure.

# CAUTION:

Leave bolts (a) and (c) engaged by three or four threads to prevent cylinder head from falling.



5) While tapping cylinder head with a plastic hammer, separate it from cylinder block.6) Remove bolts (a) and (b) to remove cylinder head.



7) Remove cylinder head gasket.

# CAUTION:

# Do not scratch the mating surface of cylinder head and cylinder block.

8) Similarly, remove right side cylinder head.

# **B: DISASSEMBLY**



- (1) Valve rocker ASSY
- (2) Camshaft cap
- (3) Camshaft
- (4) Oil seal
- (5) Plug

- (6) Spark plug pipe gasket
- (7) Retainer key
- (8) Retainer
- (9) Valve spring
- (10) Oil seal
- 1) Remove valve rocker assembly, camshaft cap
- and camshaft. <Ref. to 2-3 [W3A0].>
- 2) Remove oil seal.
- 3) Remove plug.
- 4) Place cylinder head on ST.
- ST 498267800 CYLINDER HEAD TABLE

- (11) Valve spring seat
  - (12) Valve guide
  - (13) Valve

5) Set ST on valve spring. Compress valve spring and remove the valve spring retainer key. Remove each valve and valve spring.

ST 499718000 VALVE SPRING REMOVER

### CAUTION:

• Mark each valve to prevent confusion.

• Use extreme care not to damage the lips of the intake valve oil seals and exhaust valve oil seals.



# **C: INSPECTION**

# **1. CYLINDER HEAD**

1) Make sure that no crack or other damage exists. In addition to visual inspection, inspect important areas by means of red lead check. Also make sure that gasket installing surface

shows no trace of gas and water leaks.

2) Place cylinder head on ST.

ST 498267800 CYLINDER HEAD TABLE 3) Measure the warping of the cylinder head surface that mates with crankcase using a straight edge and thickness gauge.

If the warping exceeds 0.05 mm (0.0020 in), regrind the surface with a surface grinder.

# Warping limit:

0.05 mm (0.0020 in)

# Grinding limit:

0.3 mm (0.012 in)

Standard height of cylinder head: 97.5 mm (3.839 in)

# **CAUTION:**

Uneven torque for the cylinder head bolts can cause warping. When reassembling, pay special attention to the torque so as to tighten evenly.



# 2. VALVE SEAT

Inspect intake and exhaust valve seats, and correct the contact surfaces with valve seat cutter if they are defective or when valve guides are replaced.

# Valve seat width: W

Intake Standard 1.0 mm (0.039 in) Limit 1.7 mm (0.067 in) Exhaust Standard 1.4 mm (0.055 in) Limit 2.1 mm (0.083 in)





# 3. VALVE GUIDE

1) Check the clearance between valve guide and stem. The clearance can be checked by measuring the outside diameter of valve stem and the inside diameter of valve guide with outside and inside micrometers respectively.

*Clearance between the valve guide and valve stem:* 

Standard Intake 0.035 — 0.062 mm (0.0014 — 0.0024 in) Exhaust 0.040 — 0.067 mm (0.0016 — 0.0026 in) Limit

0.15 mm (0.0059 in)

Valve guide inner diameter:





Valve stem outer diameters:

Intake 5.950 — 5.965 mm (0.2343 — 0.2348 in) Exhaust

5.945 — 5.960 mm (0.2341 — 0.2346 in)



2) If the clearance between valve guide and stem exceeds the specification, replace guide as follows:

(1) Place cylinder head on ST1 with the combustion chamber upward so that valve guides enter the holes in ST1.

(2) Insert ST2 into valve guide and press it down to remove valve guide.

ST1 498267800 CYLINDER HEAD TABLE

ST2 499767400 VALVE GUIDE REMOVER



(3) Turn cylinder head upside down and place ST as shown in the figure.

Intake side:

ST 499767700 VALVE GUIDE ADJUSTER Exhaust side:

ST 499767800 VALVE GUIDE ADJUSTER



(4) Before installing new oversize valve guide, make sure that neither scratches nor damages exist on the inside surface of the valve guide holes in cylinder head. (5) Put new valve guide, coated with sufficient oil, in cylinder, and insert ST1 into valve guide. Press in until the valve guide upper end is flush with the upper surface of ST2.

ST1 499767400 VALVE GUIDE REMOVER Intake side:

ST2 499767700 VALVE GUIDE ADJUSTER Exhaust side:

ST2 499767800 VALVE GUIDE ADJUSTER



(6) Check the valve guide protrusion.

Valve guide protrusion: L Intake

20.0 — 20.5 mm (0.787 — 0.807 in) Exhaust



(7) Ream the inside of valve guide with ST. Gently rotate the reamer clockwise while pressing it lightly into valve guide, and return it also rotating clockwise. After reaming, clean valve guide to remove chips.

#### CAUTION:

• Apply engine oil to the reamer when reaming.

• If the inner surface of the valve guide is torn, the edge of the reamer should be slightly ground with an oil stone.

• If the inner surface of the valve guide becomes lustrous and the reamer does not chips, use a new reamer or remedy the reamer.

ST 499767400 VALVE GUIDE REAMER



(8) Recheck the contact condition between valve and valve seat after replacing valve guide.

# 4. INTAKE AND EXHAUST VALVE

1) Inspect the flange and stem of valve, and replace if damaged, worn, or deformed, or if "H" is less than the specified limit.

#### H:

Intake Standard 1.0 mm (0.039 in) Limit 0.6 mm (0.024 in) Exhaust Standard 1.2 mm (0.047 in) Limit 0.6 mm (0.024 in)

#### Valve overall length:

Intake 120.6 mm (4.75 in) Exhaust 121.7 mm (4.79 in)



2) Put a small amount of grinding compound on the seat surface and lap the valve and seat surface. <Ref. to 2-3 [W6C2].> Install a new intake valve oil seal after lapping.

# 5. VALVE SPRING

1) Check valve springs for damage, free length, and tension. Replace valve spring if it is not to the specifications presented below.

2) To measure the squareness of the valve spring, stand the spring on a surface plate and measure its deflection at the top using a try square.

Free length	54.30 mm (2.1378 in)
Squareness	2.5°, 2.4 mm (0.094 in)
	214.8 — 246.2 N (21.9 — 25.1 kg, 48.3 — 55.3 lb) / 45.0 mm (1.772 in)
Tension/spring height	526.6 — 581.6 N (53.7 — 59.3 kg, 118.4 — 130.8 lb) / 34.7 mm (1.366 in)



# 6. INTAKE AND EXHAUST VALVE OIL SEAL

Replace oil seal with new one, if lip is damaged or spring out of place, or when the surfaces of intake valve and valve seat are reconditioned or intake valve guide is replaced. 1) Place cylinder head on ST1.

2) Press-fit oil seal to the specified dimension indicated in the figure using ST2.

#### **CAUTION:**

• Apply engine oil to oil seal before press-fitting.

• When press-fitting oil seal, do not use hammer or strike in.

• Differentiate between intake valve oil seal and exhaust valve oil seal by noting their difference in color.

ST1 498267800 CYLINDER HEAD TABLE ST2 498857100 VALVE OIL SEAL GUIDE

Color of rubber part: Intake [Black] Exhaust [Brown]

Color of spring part: Intake [Silver] Exhaust [Silver]



# D: ASSEMBLY



#### (1) Valve

- (2) Valve guide
- (3) Valve spring seat
- (4) Oil seal
- (5) Valve spring

- (7) Retainer key(8) Spark plug gasket
  - (9) Camshaft

(6) Retainer

- (10) Oil seal
- Installation of valve spring and valve

   Place cylinder head on ST.
- ST 498267400 CYLINDER HEAD TABLE
  - (2) Coat stem of each valve with engine oil and insert valve into valve guide.

### CAUTION:

When inserting valve into valve guide, use special care not to damage the oil seal lip.

(3) Install valve spring and retainer.

#### **CAUTION:**

Be sure to install the valve springs with their close-coiled end facing the seat on the cylinder head.

- (11) Plug
- (12) Camshaft cap
- (13) Valve rocker ASSY
- (4) Set ST on valve spring. ST 499718000 VALVE SPRING REMOVER



(5) Compress valve spring and fit valve spring retainer key.



# **E: INSTALLATION**

**1. CYLINDER HEAD** 

(6) After installing, tap valve spring retainers lightly with wooden hammer for better seating.

2) Install plug.

3) Install camshaft, camshaft cap and valve rocker assembly.

<Ref. to 2-3 [W3C0].>

- 4) Install plug using ST.
- ST 499587100 ŎIL SEAL INSTALLER
- 5) Install oil seal using ST.
- ST 499587500 OIL SEAL INSTALLER



- (1) Cylinder head gasket
- (3) Cylinder head bolt
- (2) Cylinder head
- (4) Rocker cover

1) Install cylinder head and gaskets on cylinder block.

### CAUTION:

Use new cylinder head gaskets.

2) Tighten cylinder head bolts.

(1) Apply a coat of engine oil to washers and bolt threads.

(2) Tighten all bolts to 29 N·m (3.0 kg-m, 22 ft-lb) in alphabetical sequence.

Then tighten all bolts to 69 N·m (7.0 kg-m, 51 ft-lb) in alphabetical sequence.

(3) Back off all bolts by 180° first; back them off by 180° again.

(4) Tighten bolts (a) and (b) to 34 N·m (3.5 kg-m, 25 ft-lb).

(5) Tighten bolts (c), (d), (e) and (f) to 15 N·m (1.5 kg-m, 11 ft-lb).

(6) Tighten all bolts by 80 to 90° in alphabetical sequence.

# CAUTION:

# Do not tighten bolts more than 90°.

(7) Further tighten all bolts by 80 to 90° in alphabetical sequence.

# CAUTION:

Ensure that the total "re-tightening angle" [in the former two steps], do not exceed 180°.



3) Install oil level gauge guide and tighten attaching bolt (left side only).

4) Install timing belt, camshaft sprocket and related parts.

<Ref. to 2-3 [W2C0].>

# 2. RELATED PARTS

### CAUTION:

# Be careful not to scratch the mating surface of cylinder block and oil pump.

- 1) Install engine coolant pipe.
- 2) Install intake manifold. <Ref. to 2-7 [W4D0].>
- 3) Connect blow-by hose.
- 4) Connect oil pressure switch connector.
- 5) Install camshaft position sensor and camshaft position sensor support.
- 6) Install connector bracket attaching bolt.
- 7) Connect spark plug cords.
- 8) Install generator and bracket.
- 9) Install A/C compressor and bracket. (With A/C model)
- 10) Install V-belt(s).

11) Remove ENGINE STAND (ST).

# 6. Cylinder Block

# A: REMOVAL

# **1. RELATED PARTS**

1) Remove timing belt, camshaft sprockets and related parts.

<Ref. to 2-3 [W2A0].> 2) Remove cylinder heads. <Ref. to 2-3 [W5A0].>

3) Remove water pipe. <Ref. to 2-5 [W8A0].>



# 2. OIL PUMP AND WATER PUMP



- (1) Clutch housing cover (MT vehicles only)
- (2) Flywheel (MT vehicles only)
- (3) Drive plate (AT vehicles only)

1) Remove clutch housing cover (MT vehicles only).

- (4) Oil separator cover
- (5) Water by-pass pipe
- (6) Water pump
- (7) Oil pump

- (8) Oil pan
- (9) Oil strainer
- (10) Baffle plate
- (11) Oil filter

2) Remove flywheel (MT vehicles only) or drive plate (AT vehicles only).

Using ST, lock crankshaft.

# ST 498497100 CRANKSHAFT STOPPER





- 3) Remove oil separator cover.
- 4) Remove water by-pass pipe for heater.
- 5) Remove water pump.
- 6) Remove oil pump from cylinder block.

Use a flat-bladed screwdriver as shown in figure when removing oil pump.

### CAUTION:

# Be careful not to scratch the mating surface of cylinder block and oil pump.



7) Removal of oil pan

(1) Turn cylinder block with #2 and #4 piston sides facing upward.

(2) Remove bolts which secure oil pan to cylinder block.

(3) Insert a oil pan cutter blade between cylinder block-to-oil pan clearance and remove oil pan.

# CAUTION:

Do not use a screwdriver or similar tool in place of oil pan cutter.



- 8) Remove oil strainer stay.
- 9) Remove oil strainer.
- 10) Remove baffle plate.
- 11) Remove oil filter using ST.
- ST 498187300 OIL FILTER WRENCH



# **B: DISASSEMBLY**

# 1. PISTON PIN AND CYLINDER BLOCK CONNECTING BOLT



(1) Service hole plug

- (3) Circlip
- (2) Gasket
- (4) Piston pin
- 1) Remove service hole cover and service hole plugs using hexagon wrench [14 mm (0.55 in)].



(5) Service hole cover

2) Rotate crankshaft to bring #1 and #2 pistons to bottom dead center position, then remove piston circlip through service hole of #1 and #2 cylinders.



3) Draw out piston pin from #1 and #2 pistons using ST.

ST 499097700 PISTON PIN REMOVER

### **CAUTION:**

Be careful not to confuse original combination of piston, piston pin and cylinder.



# 2. CYLINDER BLOCK

4) Similarly remove piston pins from #3 and #4 pistons.

5) Remove bolts which connect cylinder block on the side of #2 and #4 cylinders.

6) Back off bolts which connect cylinder block on the side of #1 and #3 cylinders two or three turns.



(1) Cylinder block(2) Rear oil seal

- (3) Crankshaft(4) Crankshaft bearing
- (5) Piston

1) Set up cylinder block so that #1 and #3 cylinders are on the upper side, then remove cylinder block connecting bolts.

# 2) Separate left-hand and right-hand cylinder blocks.

# CAUTION:

When separating cylinder block, do not allow the connecting rod to fall and damage the cylinder block.

3) Remove rear oil seal.

4) Remove crankshaft together with connecting rod.

5) Remove crankshaft bearings from cylinder block using hammer handle.

# CAUTION:

Do not confuse combination of crankshaft bearings. Press bearing at the end opposite to locking lip.

# 3. CRANKSHAFT AND PISTON

6) Draw out each piston from cylinder block using wooden bar or hammer handle.

# CAUTION:

Do not confuse combination of piston and cylinder.



- (1) Connecting rod cap
- (2) Connecting rod bearing
- (3) Top ring
- (4) Second ring
- (5) Oil ring
- (6) Circlip
- 1) Remove connecting rod cap.
- 2) Remove connecting rod bearing.

### CAUTION:

# Arrange removed connecting rod, connecting rod cap and bearing in order to prevent confusion.

3) Remove piston rings using the piston ring expander.

4) Remove the oil ring by hand.

# CAUTION:

Arrange the removed piston rings in good order to prevent confusion.

5) Remove circlip.

# **C: INSPECTION**

# 1. CYLINDER BLOCK

1) Visually check for cracks and damage. Especially, inspect important parts by means of red lead check.

2) Check the oil passages for clogging.

3) Inspect crankcase surface that mates with cylinder head for warping by using a straight edge, and correct by grinding if necessary.

# Warping limit: 0.05 mm (0.0020 in)

Grinding limit: 0.1 mm (0.004 in)

# Standard height of cylinder block: 201.0 mm (7.91 in)

# 2. CYLINDER AND PISTON

1) The cylinder bore size is stamped on the cylinder block's front upper surface.

### CAUTION:

Measurement should be performed at a temperature 20°C (68°F).

NOTE:

Standard sized pistons are classified into two grades, "A" and "B". These grades should be used as a guide line in selecting a standard piston.

### Standard diameter (2200 cc)

A: 96.905 —	- 96.915 mn	า <b>(3.8151</b> ·	— 3.8155
in)			

B: 96.895 — 96.905 mm (3.8148 — 3.8151 in)

#### Standard diameter (2500 cc)

A: 99.505 — 99.515 mm (3.9175 — 3.9179 in)

B: 99.495 — 99.505 mm (3.9171 — 3.9175 in)



2) How to measure the inner diameter of each cylinder

Measure the inner diameter of each cylinder in both the thrust and piston pin directions at the heights shown in the figure, using a cylinder bore gauge.

#### CAUTION:

Measurement should be performed at a temperature 20°C (68°F).

### Taper:

Standard 0.015 mm (0.0006 in) Limit 0.050 mm (0.0020 in)

Out-of-roundness: Standard 0.010 mm (0.0004 in)

Limit

0.050 mm (0.0020 in)



3) When piston is to be replaced due to general or cylinder wear, determine a suitable sized piston by measuring the piston clearance.

4) How to measure the outer diameter of each piston

Measure the outer diameter of each piston at the height shown in the figure. (Thrust direction)

#### CAUTION:

Measurement should be performed at a temperature of 20°C (68°F).

Piston grade point H: 2200 cc: 40.0 mm (1.575 in) 2500 cc: 37.0 mm (1.457 in)

Piston outer diameter:

2200 cc:

Standard

A: 96.885 — 96.895 mm (3.8144 — 3.8148 in)

B: 96.875 — 96.885 mm (3.8140 — 3.8144 in)

**0.25 mm (0.0098 in) oversize** 97.125 — 97.135 mm (3.8238 — 3.8242 in)

**0.50 mm (0.0197 in) oversize** 97.375 — 97.385 mm (3.8337 — 3.8340 in)

#### 2500 cc:

#### Standard

A: 99.485 — 99.495 mm (3.9167 — 3.9171 in)

B: 99.475 — 99.485 mm (3.9163 — 3.9167 in)

0.25 mm (0.0098 in) oversize

99.725 — 99.735 mm (3.9262 — 3.9266 in)

0.50 mm (0.0197 in) oversize

99.975 — 99.985 mm (3.9360 — 3.9364 in)



5) Calculate the clearance between cylinder and piston.

### CAUTION:

Measurement should be performed at a temperature of 20°C (68°F).

Cylinder to piston clearance at 20°C (68°F): Standard 0.010 — 0.030 mm (0.0004 — 0.0012 in) Limit 0.050 mm (0.0020 in)

```
6) Boring and honing
```

(1) If the value of taper, out-of-roundness, or cylinder- to-piston clearance measured exceeds the specified limit or if there is any damage on the cylinder wall, rebore it to use an oversize piston.

#### CAUTION:

When any of the cylinders needs reboring, all other cylinders must be bored at the same time, and use oversize pistons. Do not perform boring on one cylinder only, nor use an oversize piston for one cylinder only.

(2) If the cylinder inner diameter exceeds the limit after boring and honing, replace the crank-case.

#### **CAUTION:**

Immediately after reboring, the cylinder diameter may differ from its real diameter due to temperature rise. Thus, pay attention to this when measuring the cylinder diameter.

#### Limit of cylinder enlarging (boring): 0.5 mm (0.020 in)

### 3. PISTON AND PISTON PIN

1) Check pistons and piston pins for damage, cracks, and wear and the piston ring grooves for wear and damage. Replace if defective.

2) Measure the piston-to-cylinder clearance at each cylinder. <Ref. to 2-3 [W6C2].> If any of the clearances is not to specification, replace the piston or bore the cylinder to use an oversize piston.

3) Make sure that piston pin can be inserted into the piston pin hole with a thumb at 20°C (68°F). Replace if defective.

# Standard clearance between piston pin and hole in piston:

Standard

0.004 — 0.008 mm (0.0002 — 0.0003 in) Limit

0.020 mm (0.0008 in)





4) Check circlip installation groove on the piston for burr. If necessary, remove burr from the groove so that piston pin can lightly move.



5) Check piston pin circlip for distortion, cracks and wear.

# 4. PISTON RING

1) If piston ring is broken, damaged, or worn, or if its tension is insufficient, or when the piston is replaced, replace piston ring with a new one of the same size as the piston.

#### CAUTION:

• "R" is marked on the end of the top and second rings. When installing the rings to the piston, face this mark upward.



• The oil ring is a combined ring consisting of two rails and a spacer in between. When installing, be careful to assemble correctly.



2) Squarely place piston ring and oil ring in cylinder, and measure the piston ring gap with a thickness gauge.

			Unit: mm (in)
		Standard	Limit
	Top ring	0.20 — 0.35 (0.0079 — 0.0138)	1.0 (0.039)
Piston ring gap	Second ring	0.37 — 0.52 (0.0146 — 0.0205)	1.0 (0.039)
	Oil ring rail	0.20 — 0.50 (0.0079 — 0.0197)	1.0 (0.039)



3) Measure the clearance between piston ring and piston ring groove with a thickness gauge.

# CAUTION:

# Before measuring the clearance, clean the piston ring groove and piston ring.

			Unit: mm (in)
		Standard	Limit
ton ring and piston ring Se	Top ring	0.040 — 0.080 (0.0016 — 0.0031)	0.15 (0.0059)
	Second ring	0.030 — 0.070 (0.0012 — 0.0028)	0.15 (0.0059)



# 5. CONNECTING ROD

1) Replace connecting rod, if the large or small end thrust surface is damaged.

2) Check for bend or twist using a connecting rod aligner. Replace connecting rod if the bend or twist exceeds the limit.

# Limit of bend or twist per 100 mm (3.94 in) in length:

0.10 mm (0.0039 in)



3) Install connecting rod fitted with bearing to crankshaft and measure the side clearance (thrust clearance). Replace connecting rod if the side clearance exceeds the specified limit.

# Connecting rod side clearance: Standard

0.070 — 0.330 mm (0.0028 — 0.0130 in) Limit

0.4 mm (0.016 in)



4) Inspect connecting rod bearing for scar, peeling, seizure, melting, wear, etc.

5) Measure the oil clearance on individual connecting rod bearings by means of plastigauge. If any oil clearance is not within specification, replace the defective bearing with a new one of standard size or undersize as necessary. (See the table below.)

### Connecting rod oil clearance:

- 2200 cc Standard
  - 0.010 0.038 mm (0.0004 0.0015 in) Limit 0.05 mm (0.0020 in)

Unit: mm (in)		
Bearing	Bearing size (Thickness at cen- ter)	Outer diameter of crank pin
Standard	1.492 — 1.501 (0.0587 — 0.0591)	51.984 — 52.000 (2.0466 — 2.0472)
0.03 (0.0012)	1.510 — 1.513	51.954 — 51.970
undersize	(0.0594 — 0.0596)	(2.0454 — 2.0461)
0.05 (0.0020)	1.520 — 1.523	51.934 — 51.950
undersize	(0.0598 — 0.0600)	(2.0446 — 2.0453)
0.25 (0.0098)	1.620 — 1.623	51.734 — 51.750
undersize	(0.0638 — 0.0639)	(2.0368 — 2.0374)

Connecting rod oil clearance:

- 2500 cc
- Standard
  - 0.020 0.046 mm (0.0008 0.0018 in) Limit 0.050 mm (0.0020 in)

Unit: mm (in)		
Bearing	Bearing size (Thickness at cen- ter)	Outer diameter of crank pin
Standard	1.486 — 1.498 (0.0585 — 0.0590)	51.984 — 52.000 (2.0466 — 2.0472)
0.03 (0.0012)	1.504 — 1.512	51.954 — 51.970
undersize	(0.0592 — 0.0595)	(2.0454 — 2.0461)
0.05 (0.0020)	1.514 — 1.522	51.934 — 51.950
undersize	(0.0596 — 0.0599)	(2.0446 — 2.0453)
0.25 (0.0098)	1.614 — 1.622	51.734 — 51.750
undersize	(0.0635 — 0.0639)	(2.0368 — 2.0374)

6) Inspect bushing at connecting rod small end, and replace if worn or damaged. Also measure the piston pin clearance at the connecting rod small end.

# Clearance between piston pin and bushing: Standard

0 — 0.022 mm (0 — 0.0009 in) Limit

0.030 mm (0.0012 in)





- 7) Replacement procedure is as follows.
  - (1) Remove bushing from connecting rod with ST and press.

(2) Press bushing with ST after applying oil on the periphery of bushing.

ST 499037100 CONNECTING ROD BUSH-ING REMOVER AND INSTALLER



(3) Make two 3 mm (0.12 in) holes in bushing. Ream the inside of bushing.

(4) After completion of reaming, clean bushing to remove chips.

# 6. CRANKSHAFT AND CRANKSHAFT BEARING

1) Clean crankshaft completely and check for cracks by means of red lead check etc., and replace if defective.

2) Measure the crankshaft bend, and correct or replace if it exceeds the limit.

#### CAUTION:

If a suitable V-block is not available, install #1 and #5 crankshaft bearing on cylinder block, position crankshaft on these bearings and measure crankshaft bend using a dial gauge.

#### Crankshaft bend limit: 0.035 mm (0.0014 in)



3) Inspect the crank journal and crank pin for wear. If not to specifications, replace bearing with an undersize one, and replace or recondition crankshaft as necessary. When grinding crank journal or crank pin, finish them to the specified dimensions according to the undersize bearing to be used.

Crank pin and crank journal:

Out-of-roundness 0.030 mm (0.0012 in) or less Taper limit 0.07 mm (0.0028 in) Grinding limit 0.250 mm (0.0098 in)



				Unit: mm (in)
		Crank journal diameter		Crank nin diamatar
		#1, #3	#2, #4, #5	Crank pin diameter
	Journal O.D.	59.992 — 60.008 (2.3619 — 2.3625)	59.992 — 60.008 (2.3619 — 2.3625)	51.984 — 52.000 (2.0466 — 2.0472)
Standard	Bearing size (Thickness at cen- ter)	1.998 — 2.011 (0.0787 — 0.0792)	2.000 — 2.013 (0.0787 — 0.0793)	1.492 — 1.501 (0.0587 — 0.0591)
0.02 (0.0012)	Journal O.D.	59.962 — 59.978 (2.3607 — 2.3613)	59.962 — 59.978 (2.3607 — 2.3613)	51.954 — 51.970 (2.0454 — 2.0461)
(T	Bearing size (Thickness at cen- ter)	2.017 — 2.020 (0.0794 — 0.0795)	2.019 — 2.022 (0.0795 — 0.0796)	1.510 — 1.513 (0.0594 — 0.0596)
0.05 (0.0020)	Journal O.D.	59.942 — 59.958 (2.3599 — 2.3605)	59.942 — 59.958 (2.3599 — 2.3605)	51.934 — 51.950 (2.0446 — 2.0453)
lundersize	Bearing size (Thickness at cen- ter)	2.027 — 2.030 (0.0798 — 0.0799)	2.029 — 2.032 (0.0799 — 0.0800)	1.520 — 1.523 (0.0598 — 0.0600)
0.25 (0.0098) undersize	Journal O.D.	59.742 — 59.758 (2.3520 — 2.3527)	59.742 — 59.758 (2.3520 — 2.3527)	51.734 — 51.750 (2.0368 — 2.0374)
	Bearing size (Thickness at cen- ter)	2.127 — 2.130 (0.0837 — 0.0839)	2.129 — 2.132 (0.0838 — 0.0839)	1.620 — 1.623 (0.0638 — 0.0639)

O.D. ... Outer Diameter

4) Measure the thrust clearance of crankshaft at center bearing. If the clearance exceeds the limit, replace bearing.

# Crankshaft thrust clearance:

Standard

0.030 — 0.115 mm (0.0012 — 0.0045 in) Limit



# D: ASSEMBLY

# **1. CRANKSHAFT AND PISTON**

5) Inspect individual crankshaft bearings for signs of flaking, seizure, melting, and wear.

6) Measure the oil clearance on each crankshaft bearing by means of plastigauge. If the measurement is not within the specification, replace defective bearing with an undersize one, and replace or recondition crankshaft as necessary.

	Unit: mm (in)	
Crankshaft oil clearance		
Standard	0.010 — 0.030	
	(0.0004 — 0.0012)	
Limit	0.040 (0.0016)	



- (1) Connecting rod bearing
- (2) Connecting rod
- (3) Connecting rod cap
- (4) Oil ring

(5) Second ring

- (6) Top ring
- (7) Circlip

1) Install connecting rod bearings on connecting rods and connecting rod caps.

# CAUTION:

Apply oil to the surfaces of the connecting rod bearings.

2) Install connecting rod on crankshaft.

# CAUTION:

# Position each connecting rod with the side marked facing forward.

Tightening torque: N-m (kg-m, ft-lb)

T: 44±2 (4.5±0.2, 32.5±1.4)

3) Install connecting rod cap with connecting rod nut.

Ensure the arrow on connecting rod cap faces the front during installation.

# CAUTION:

• Each connecting rod has its own mating cap. Make sure that they are assembled correctly by checking their matching number.

• When tightening the connecting rod nuts, apply oil on the threads.

4) Installation of piston rings and oil ring

Install oil ring spacer, upper rail and lower
rail in this order by hand. Then install second
ring and top ring with a piston ring expander.
Position the top ring gap at (A) or (B) in the





(3) Position the second ring gap at 180° on the reverse side for the top ring gap.

(4) Position the upper rail gap at (C) or (D) in the figure.





(5) Position the expander gap at 180° of the reverse side for the upper rail gap.

(6) Position the lower rail gap at (E) or (F) in the figure.

# CAUTION:

• Ensure ring gaps do not face the same direction.

• Ensure ring gaps are not within the piston skirt area.





5) Install circlip.

Install circlips in piston holes located opposite service holes in cylinder block, when positioning all pistons in the corresponding cylinders.

#### CAUTION: Use new circlips.



# CAUTION:

Piston front mark faces towards the front of the engine.





# 2. CYLINDER BLOCK



- (1) Crankshaft bearing
- (4) Rear oil seal

- (2) Crankshaft
- (3) Cylinder block

1) Install ST to cylinder block, then install crank-shaft bearings.

ST 499817000 ENGINE STAND

### CAUTION:

Remove oil in the mating surface of bearing and cylinder block before installation. Also apply a coat of engine oil to crankshaft pins.

2) Position crankshaft on the #2 and #4 cylinder block.

Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb) T1: 25±2 (2.5±0.2, 18.1±1.4) T2: 47±3 (4.8±0.3, 34.7±2.2)

3) Apply fluid packing to the mating surface of #1 and #3 cylinder block, and position it on #2 and #4 cylinder block.

### Fluid packing:

#### THREE BOND 1215 or equivalent

### **CAUTION:**

Do not allow fluid packing to jut into O-ring grooves, oil passages, bearing grooves, etc.



4) Temporarily tighten 10 mm cylinder block connecting bolts in alphabetical sequence shown in figure.



5) Tighten 10 mm cylinder block connecting bolts in alphabetical sequence.

Tightening torque: 47±3 N⋅m (4.8±0.3 kg-m, 34.7±2.2 ft-lb)



6) Tighten 8 mm and 6 mm cylinder block connecting bolts in alphabetical sequence shown in figure.

# Tightening torque:





#### 7) Install rear oil seal using ST1 and ST2. ST1 499597100 OIL SEAL GUIDE ST2 499587200 OIL SEAL INSTALLER



# 3. PISTON AND PISTON PIN (#1 AND #2)



(1) Piston

(4) Gasket

(2) Piston pin

(3) Circlip

(5) Service hole plug

1) Installing piston

(1) Turn cylinder block so that #1 and #2 cylinders face upward.

(2) Using ST1, turn crankshaft so that #1 and #2 connecting rods are set at bottom dead center.

ST1 499987500 CRANKSHAFT SOCKET

(3) Apply a coat of engine oil to pistons and cylinders and insert pistons in their cylinders using ST2.

ST2 498747100 PISTON GUIDE



- 2) Installing piston pin
  - (1) Insert ST3 into service hole to align piston pin hole with connecting rod small end.

# CAUTION:

### Apply a coat of engine oil to ST3 before insertion.

ST3 499017100 PISTON PIN GUIDE

Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb) T: 69±7 (7.0±0.7, 50.6±5.1)



(2) Apply a coat of engine oil to piston pin and insert piston pin into piston and connecting rod through service hole. (3) Install circlip.

### **CAUTION:** Use new circlips.



[W6D3] 2-3 6. Cylinder Block

(4) Apply fluid packing around the service hole plug.

Fluid packing: THREE BOND 1215 or equivalent



(5) Install service hole plug and gasket.

### CAUTION: Use a new gasket.



# 4. PISTON AND PISTON PIN (#3 AND #4)



(6) Service hole cover

- (1) Piston
- (2) Piston pin
- (3) Circlip
- (4) Gasket

Turn cylinder block so that #3 and #4 cylinders face upward. Using the same procedures as used for #1 and #2 cylinders, install pistons and piston pins.

Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb) T1: 6.4 (0.65, 4.7) *T2: 69±7 (7.0±0.7, 50.6±5.1)* 

# E: INSTALLATION

# 1. OIL PUMP AND WATER PUMP



- (1) Baffle plate
- (2) Oil strainer
- (3) Oil pan
- (4) Oil separater cover
- (5) Drive plate (AT vehicles only)
- (6) Flywheel (MT vehicles only)
- (7) Clutch housing cover (MT
- vehicles only)
- 1) Install baffle plate.
- 2) Install oil strainer and O-ring
- 3) Install oil strainer stay.

- (8) Oil pump
- (9) Water pump
- (10) Water by-pass pipe
- (11) Oil filter

Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)

T1: 5 (0.5, 3.6) T2: 6.4 (0.65, 4.7) T3: 10 (1.0, 7) T4: 72 $\pm$ 3 (7.3 $\pm$ 0.3, 52.8 $\pm$ 2.2) T5: First 12 $\pm$ 2 (1.2 $\pm$ 0.2, 8.7 $\pm$ 1.4) Second 12 $\pm$ 2 (1.2 $\pm$ 0.2, 8.7 $\pm$ 1.4)
## SERVICE PROCEDURE

**2-3 [W6E1]** 6. Cylinder Block

4) Apply fluid packing to matching surfaces and install oil pan.

#### Fluid packing:

THREE BOND 1215 or equivalent



5) Apply fluid packing to matching surfaces and install oil separator cover.

#### Fluid packing: THREE BOND 1215 or equivalent



- 6) Install flywheel or drive plate.
- To lock crankshaft, use ST.
- ST 498497100 CRANKSHAFT STOPPER



- 7) Install housing cover.
- 8) Installation of oil pump(1) Discard front oil seal after removal. Replace with a new one using ST.
- ST 499587100 OIL SEAL INSTALLER



(2) Apply fluid packing to matching surface of oil pump.

#### Fluid packing:

THREE BOND 1215 or equivalent



(3) Apply a coat of engine oil to the inside of the oil seal.



(4) Install oil pump on cylinder block. Be careful not to damage oil seal during installation.

#### CAUTION:

• Do not forget to install O-ring and seal when installing oil pump.

• Align flat surface of oil pump's inner rotor with crankshaft before installation.

9) Install water pump and gasket.

#### CAUTION:

• Be sure to use a new gasket.

• When installing water pump, tighten bolts in two stages in alphabetical sequence as shown in figure.



- 10) Install water by-pass pipe for heater.
- 11) Install oil filter using ST.
- ST 498187300 OIL FILTER WRENCH



### 2. RELATED PARTS

1) Install cylinder head, valve rocker assembly and rocker cover.

<Ref. to 2-3 [W5E0].>

- 2) Install timing belt and camshaft sprocket.
- <Ref. to 2-3 [W2C0].>
- 3) Install water pipe. <Ref. to 2-5 [W8B0].>
- 4) Install intake manifold. <Ref. to 2-7 [W4D0].>

## 1. Engine Trouble in General

NOTE:

"RANK" shown in the chart refer to the possibility of reason for the trouble in order ("Very often" to "Rarely")

- A Very often
- B Sometimes
- C Rarely

TROUBLE	PROBLEM PARTS, ETC.	POSSIBLE CAUSE	RANK
1. Engine will not start.		· · · ·	
1) Starter does not turn.	Starter	Defective battery-to-starter har- ness	В
		Defective starter switch	С
		• Defective inhibitor switch or neu- tral switch	С
		Defective starter	В
	Battery	Poor terminal connection	А
		Run-down battery	А
		Defective charging system	В
	• Friction	• Seizure of crankshaft and con- necting rod bearing	С
		Seized camshaft	С
		Seized or stuck piston and cylin- der	С
2) Initial combustion does not occur.	Starter	Defective starter	С
	<ul> <li>Fuel injection system <ref. 2-7="" [t6a0].="" to=""></ref.></li> </ul>		А
	Fuel line	Defective fuel pump and relay	А
		Lack of or insufficient fuel	В
	• Belt	Defective	В
		Defective timing	В
	Compression	<ul> <li>Incorrect valve clearance</li> </ul>	С
		<ul> <li>Loosened spark plugs or defective gasket</li> </ul>	С
		• Loosened cylinder head bolts or defective gasket	С
		Improper valve seating	С
		Defective valve stem	С
		Worn or broken valve spring	В
		• Worn or stuck piston rings, cylin- der and piston	С
		Incorrect valve timing	В
		Improper engine oil (low viscosity)	В

TROUBLE	PROBLEM PARTS, ETC.	POSSIBLE CAUSE	RANK
3) Initial combustion occur.	• Fuel injection system <ref. 2-7="" [t6a0].="" to=""></ref.>		
	<ul> <li>Intake system</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Defective intake manifold gasket</li> </ul>	В
		<ul> <li>Defective throttle body gasket</li> </ul>	В
	Fuel line	<ul> <li>Defective fuel pump and relay</li> </ul>	С
		Clogged fuel line	С
		<ul> <li>Lack of or insufficient fuel</li> </ul>	В
	Belt	Defective	В
		Defective timing	В
	Compression	<ul> <li>Incorrect valve clearance</li> </ul>	С
		<ul> <li>Loosened spark plugs or defective gasket</li> </ul>	С
		Loosened cylinder head bolts or defective gasket	С
		<ul> <li>Improper valve seating</li> </ul>	С
		<ul> <li>Defective valve stem</li> </ul>	С
		Worn or broken valve spring	В
		Worn or stuck piston rings, cylin- der and piston	С
		<ul> <li>Incorrect valve timing</li> </ul>	В
		Improper engine oil (low viscosity)	В
4) Engine stalls after initial combus-	Fuel injection system <ref. 2-7="" [t6a0].="" to=""></ref.>		А
ion.	Intake system	Loosened or cracked intake duct	В
		Loosened or cracked PCV hose	С
		Loosened or cracked vacuum	С
		hose	
		<ul> <li>Defective intake manifold gasket</li> </ul>	В
		<ul> <li>Defective throttle body gasket</li> </ul>	В
		<ul> <li>Dirty air cleaner element</li> </ul>	С
	Fuel line	<ul> <li>Clogged fuel line</li> </ul>	С
		<ul> <li>Lack of or insufficient fuel</li> </ul>	В
	• Belt	Defective	В
		Defective timing	В
	Compression	<ul> <li>Incorrect valve clearance</li> </ul>	С
		<ul> <li>Loosened spark plugs or defective gasket</li> </ul>	С
		Loosened cylinder head bolts or defective gasket	С
		Improper valve seating	С
		Defective valve stem	С
		Worn or broken valve spring	В
		Worn or stuck piston rings, cylin- der and piston	С
		<ul> <li>Incorrect valve timing</li> </ul>	В
		<ul> <li>Improper engine oil (low viscosity)</li> </ul>	В

### **2-3** [K100] 1. Engine Trouble in General

TROUBLE	PROBLEM PARTS, ETC.	POSSIBLE CAUSE	RANK
2. Rough idle and engine stall	Fuel injection system <ref. 2-7<="" td="" to=""><td>[T6A0].&gt;</td><td>А</td></ref.>	[T6A0].>	А
	<ul> <li>Intake system</li> </ul>	Loosened or cracked intake duct	А
		Loosened or cracked PCV hose	А
		Loosened or cracked vacuum     hose	А
		Defective intake manifold gasket	В
		Defective throttle body gasket	B
		Defective PCV valve	C
		Loosened oil filter cap	B
		Dirty air cleaner element	C
		Defective fuel pump and relay	C
		Clogged fuel line	C
		Lack of or insufficient fuel	B
	Belt	Defective timing	C
	Compression	Incorrect valve clearance	B
		Loosened spark plugs or defective gasket	B
		Loosened cylinder head bolts or defective gasket	В
		<ul> <li>Improper valve seating</li> </ul>	В
		Defective valve stem	С
		Worn or broken valve spring	В
		Worn or stuck piston rings, cylin- der and piston	В
		Incorrect valve timing	А
		Improper engine oil (low viscosity)	В
	Lubrication system	Incorrect oil pressure	В
		Defective rocker cover gasket	С
	Cooling system	Overheating	С
	• Others	Malfunction of evaporative emis- sion control system	А
		Stuck or damaged throttle valve	В
		Accelerator cable out of adjust- ment	С

TROUBLE	PROBLEM PARTS, ETC.	POSSIBLE CAUSE	RANK
3. Low output, hesitation and poor	• Fuel injection system <ref. 2-7="" [t6a0].="" to=""></ref.>		
acceleration	<ul> <li>Intake system</li> </ul>	Loosened or cracked intake duct	А
		Loosened or cracked PCV hose	А
		Loosened or cracked vacuum	В
		hose	
		Defective intake manifold gasket	В
		Defective throttle body gasket	В
		Defective PCV valve	В
		<ul> <li>Loosened oil filter cap</li> </ul>	В
		Dirty air cleaner element	А
	Fuel line	Defective fuel pump and relay	В
		Clogged fuel line	В
		Lack of or insufficient fuel	С
	Belt	Defective timing	В
	Compression	Incorrect valve clearance	В
		Loosened spark plugs or defective	В
		gasket	
		<ul> <li>Loosened cylinder head bolts or defective gasket</li> </ul>	В
		<ul> <li>Improper valve seating</li> </ul>	В
		Defective valve stem	С
		Worn or broken valve spring	В
		Worn or stuck piston rings, cylin- der and piston	С
		<ul> <li>Incorrect valve timing</li> </ul>	А
		Improper engine oil (low viscosity)	В
	Lubrication system	Incorrect oil pressure	В
	Cooling system	Overheating	С
		Over cooling	С
	Others	Malfunction of evaporative emis- sion control system	А

### **2-3** [K100] 1. Engine Trouble in General

TROUBLE	PROBLEM PARTS, ETC.	POSSIBLE CAUSE	RANK
4. Surging	• Fuel injection system <ref. 2-<="" td="" to=""><td>-7 [T6A0].&gt;</td><td>А</td></ref.>	-7 [T6A0].>	А
	Intake system	Loosened or cracked intake duct	А
		<ul> <li>Loosened or cracked PCV hose</li> </ul>	А
		<ul> <li>Loosened or cracked vacuum hose</li> </ul>	А
		Defective intake manifold gasket	В
		Defective throttle body gasket	B
		Defective PCV valve	B
		Loosened oil filter cap	<u>В</u>
			B
	Fuel line	Dirty air cleaner element     Defective fuel pump and relay	В
		Clogged fuel line	
			<u>В</u> С
	Della	Lack of or insufficient fuel	-
	• Belt	Defective timing	B
	Compression	Incorrect valve clearance	B
		• Loosened spark plugs or defective gasket	С
		<ul> <li>Loosened cylinder head bolts or defective gasket</li> </ul>	С
		<ul> <li>Improper valve seating</li> </ul>	С
		Defective valve stem	С
		<ul> <li>Worn or broken valve spring</li> </ul>	С
		• Worn or stuck piston rings, cylin- der and piston	С
		<ul> <li>Incorrect valve timing</li> </ul>	А
		Improper engine oil (low viscosity)	В
	Cooling system	Overheating	В
	• Others	Malfunction of evaporative emis- sion control system	С
5. Engine does not return to idle.	Fuel injection system <ref. 2-7<="" td="" to=""><td></td><td>А</td></ref.>		А
	Intake system	Loosened or cracked vacuum     hose	А
	Others	Stuck or damaged throttle valve	A
		Accelerator cable out of adjust- ment	В
6. Dieseling (Run-on)	Fuel injection system <ref. 2-<="" td="" to=""><td></td><td>Α</td></ref.>		Α
	Cooling system	Overheating	A B
	Others	Malfunction of evaporative emis- sion control system	B

## DIAGNOSTICS

TROUBLE	PROBLEM PARTS, ETC.	POSSIBLE CAUSE	RANK
7. After burning in exhaust system	• Fuel injection system <ref. 2-7<="" td="" to=""><td>[T6A0].&gt;</td><td>А</td></ref.>	[T6A0].>	А
	Intake system	Loosened or cracked intake duct	С
		Loosened or cracked PCV hose	С
		Loosened or cracked vacuum	В
		hose	
		Defective PCV valve	В
		<ul> <li>Loosened oil filter cap</li> </ul>	С
	Belt	Defective timing	В
	Compression	<ul> <li>Incorrect valve clearance</li> </ul>	В
		• Loosened spark plugs or defective gasket	С
		Loosened cylinder head bolts or defective gasket	С
		<ul> <li>Improper valve seating</li> </ul>	В
		Defective valve stem	С
		Worn or broken valve spring	С
		• Worn or stuck piston rings, cylin- der and piston	С
		<ul> <li>Incorrect valve timing</li> </ul>	А
	Lubrication system	Incorrect oil pressure	С
	Cooling system	Over cooling	С
	• Others	Malfunction of evaporative emis- sion control system	С
8. Knocking	• Fuel injection system <ref. 2-7="" [t6a0].="" to=""></ref.>		А
C C	<ul> <li>Intake system</li> </ul>	Loosened oil filter cap	В
	Belt	Defective timing	В
	Compression	Incorrect valve clearance	С
		<ul> <li>Incorrect valve timing</li> </ul>	В
	Cooling system	Overheating	А
9. Excessive engine oil consumption	Intake system	Loosened or cracked PCV hose	А
		Defective PCV valve	В
		<ul> <li>Loosened oil filter cap</li> </ul>	С
	Compression	Defective valve stem	Α
		Worn or stuck piston rings, cylin- der and piston	А
	Lubrication system	Loosened oil pump attaching bolts     and defective gasket	В
		Defective oil filter seal	В
		Defective crankshaft oil seal	В
		Defective rocker cover gasket	B
		Loosened oil drain plug or defec- tive gasket	B
		Loosened oil pan fitting bolts or defective oil pan	В

## DIAGNOSTICS

### **2-3** [K100] 1. Engine Trouble in General

TROUBLE	PROBLEM PARTS, ETC.	POSSIBLE CAUSE	RANK	
10. Excessive fuel consumption	• Fuel injection system <ref. 2-<="" td="" to=""><td colspan="3">• Fuel injection system <ref. 2-7="" [t6a0].="" to=""></ref.></td></ref.>	• Fuel injection system <ref. 2-7="" [t6a0].="" to=""></ref.>		
	Intake system	Dirty air cleaner element	А	
	Belt	Defective timing	В	
	Compression	Incorrect valve clearance	В	
		Loosened spark plugs or defective gasket	С	
		Loosened cylinder head bolts or defective gasket	С	
		<ul> <li>Improper valve seating</li> </ul>	В	
		Defective valve stem	С	
		<ul> <li>Worn or broken valve spring</li> </ul>	С	
		• Worn or stuck piston rings, cylin- der and piston	В	
		<ul> <li>Incorrect valve timing</li> </ul>	В	
	Lubrication system	Incorrect oil pressure	С	
	Cooling system	Over cooling	С	
	• Others	Accelerator cable out of adjust- ment	В	

## 2. Engine Noise

Type of sound	Condition	Possible cause
Regular clicking sound	Sound increases as engine speed increases.	<ul> <li>Valve mechanism is defective.</li> <li>Incorrect valve clearance</li> <li>Worn valve rocker</li> <li>Worn camshaft</li> <li>Broken valve spring</li> </ul>
Heavy and dull clank	Oil pressure is low.	<ul><li>Worn crankshaft main bearing</li><li>Worn connecting rod bearing (big end)</li></ul>
	Oil pressure is normal.	<ul><li>Loose flywheel mounting bolts</li><li>Damaged engine mounting</li></ul>
High-pitched clank (Spark knock)	Sound is noticeable when accelerating with an overload.	<ul> <li>Ignition timing advanced</li> <li>Accumulation of carbon inside combustion chamber</li> <li>Wrong spark plug</li> <li>Improper gasoline</li> </ul>
Clank when engine speed is medium (1,000 to 2,000 rpm).	Sound is reduced when fuel injector connector of noisy cyl- inder is disconnected. (NOTE*)	<ul> <li>Worn crankshaft main bearing</li> <li>Worn bearing at crankshaft end of connecting rod</li> </ul>
Knocking sound when engine is operating under idling speed	Sound is reduced when fuel injector connector of noisy cyl- inder is disconnected. (NOTE*)	<ul> <li>Worn cylinder liner and piston ring</li> <li>Broken or stuck piston ring</li> <li>Worn piston pin and hole at piston end of connecting rod</li> </ul>
and engine is warm	Sound is not reduced if each fuel injector connector is dis- connected in turn. (NOTE*)	<ul> <li>Unusually worn valve lifter</li> <li>Worn cam gear</li> <li>Worn camshaft journal bore in crankcase</li> </ul>
Squeaky sound		Insufficient generator lubrication
Rubbing sound	<u> </u>	Defective generator brush and rotor contact
Gear scream when starting engine	_	<ul><li>Defective ignition starter switch</li><li>Worn gear and starter pinion</li></ul>
Sound like polishing glass with		<ul><li>Loose drive belt</li><li>Defective engine coolant pump shaft</li></ul>
Hissing sound	_	<ul> <li>Loss of compression</li> <li>Air leakage in air intake system, hoses, connections or manifolds</li> </ul>
Timing belt noise		<ul><li>Loose timing belt</li><li>Belt contacting case/adjacent part</li></ul>
Valve tappet noise		Incorrect valve clearance

NOTE\*:

When disconnecting fuel injector connector, Malfunction Indicator Light (CHECK ENGINE light) illuminates and trouble code is stored in ECM memory. Therefore, carry out the CLEAR MEMORY MODE <Ref. to 2-7 [T3D0].> and INSPECTION MODE <Ref. to 2-7 [T3E0].> after con-

necting fuel injector connector.

MEMO:

2-3

## 1. Specifications

Lubrication method				Forced lubrication			
	Pump type					Trochoid type	
	Number of to	Number of teeth Inner rotor Outer rotor				9	
				Outer rotor		10	
	Outer rotor d	iameter $ imes$ thick	ness			78 $ imes$ 9 mm (3.07 $ imes$ 0.35 in)	
	Tip clearance	e between inne	r and outer	STANDARD	0.04 -	– 0.14 mm (0.0016 — 0.0055 in)	
	rotor			LIMIT		0.18 mm (0.0071 in)	
	Side clearand	ce between inn	er rotor and	STANDARD	0.02 -	– 0.07 mm (0.0008 — 0.0028 in)	
	pump case			LIMIT		0.15 mm (0.0059 in)	
	Case clearan	ice between ou	iter rotor and	STANDARD	0.10 -	- 0.175 mm (0.0039 — 0.0069 in)	
Oil pump	pump case			LIMIT		0.20 mm (0.0079 in)	
				- pressure	98 k	Pa (1.0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 14 psi) or more	
		600 rpm	Discharge	- quantity	2200 cc	4.2 ℓ (4.4 US qt, 3.7 Imp qt)/min.	
	Capacity at			quantity	2500 cc	4.6 ℓ (4.9 US qt, 4.0 Imp qt)/min.	
	80°C			- pressure	294 k	Pa (3.0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 43 psi) or more	
	(176°F)	5,000 rpm	Discharge	- quantity	2200 cc	42.0 ℓ (11.10 US gal, 9.24 Imp gal)/ min.	
					2500 cc	47.0 ℓ (12.4 US gal, 10.3 Imp gal)/min.	
	Deliefvelve	poration proce			2200 cc	490 kPa (5.0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 71 psi)	
	Relief valve (	operation press	ure		2500 cc	588 kPa (6.0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 85 psi)	
	Туре				Full-flow filter type		
	Filtration area	а			1,000 cm <sup>2</sup> (155 sq in)		
Oil filter	By-pass valv	e opening pres	sure		156 kPa (1.6 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 23 psi)		
	Outer diamet	er $ imes$ width			80 × 70 mm (3.15 × 2.76 in)		
	Oil filter to er	ngine thread siz	ze		M 20 × 1.5		
Relief valve (	on rocker shaf	t) operation pre	essure		69 kPa (0.7 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 10 psi)		
	Туре				Immersed contact point type		
Oil pressure	-	age – wattage				12 V — 3.4 W or less	
switch	Warning light	Warning light activation pressure				14.7 kPa (0.15 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 2.1 psi)	
	Proof pressu				More than 981 kPa (10 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 142 psi)		
Oil capacity (	(at replacemen	t)			4	4.0 ℓ (4.2 US qt, 3.5 Imp qt)	

## 1. Lubrication System



- (1) Plug
- (2) Washer
- (3) Relief valve spring
- (4) Relief valve
- (5) Oil seal
- (6) Oil pump case
- (7) Inner rotor
- (8) Outer rotor
- (9) Oil pump cover
- (10) Oil filter
- (11) O-ring
- (12) Oil pump ASSY

- (13) Oil pressure switch
- (14) Oil filler duct
- (15) O-ring
- (16) Oil filler cap
- (17) O-ring
- (18) Baffle plate
- (19) O-ring
- (20) Oil strainer
- (21) Oil level gauge guide
- (22) O-ring
- (23) Oil pan
- (24) Oil level gauge

- (25) Drain plug
- (26) Metal gasket

```
Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)

T1: 5 (0.5, 3.6)

T2: 5<sup>+1</sup>/<sub>-0</sub> (0.5<sup>+0.1</sup>/<sub>-0</sub>, 3.6<sup>+0.7</sup>/<sub>-0</sub>)

T3: 6.4 (0.65, 4.7)

T4: 10 (1.0, 7.2)

T5: 44.1±3.4 (4.5±0.35, 32.5±2.5)
```

**2-4 [W1A0]** 1. Oil Pump

## 1. Oil Pump

## A: REMOVAL

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



- 2) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 3) Remove under cover.



4) Drain coolant. <Ref. to 2-5 [W1A0].>



5) Disconnect connectors from radiator main fan (A) and sub fan (B) motors.



6) Lower the vehicle.

7) Remove radiator main fan and sub fan assemblies. <Ref. to 2-5 [W7A0].>



8) Remove crankshaft position sensor.



9) Remove camshaft position sensor.



10) Remove V-belts. <Ref. to 1-5 [G200].>



11) Remove rear side V-belt tensioner.



12) Remove crankshaft pulley by using ST. ST 49997700 CRANKSHAFT PULLEY WRENCH



13) Remove timing belt. <Ref. to 2-3 [W2A0].>



14) Remove water pump. <Ref. to 2-5 [W2A0].>



15) Remove timing belt guide. (MT vehicles only)



16) Remove crankshaft sprocket.



17) Remove bolts which install oil pump onto cylinder block.



18) Remove oil pump by using flat bladed screwdriver.

#### CAUTION:

Be careful not to scratch mating surfaces of cylinder block and oil pump.



### **B: DISASSEMBLY**

Remove screws which secure oil pump cover and disassemble oil pump.

Inscribe alignment marks on inner and outer rotors so that they can be replaced in their original positions during reassembly.

#### CAUTION:

Before removing relief valve, loosen plug when removing oil pump from cylinder block.



- (A) Oil seal
- (B) Pump case
- (C) Inner rotor
- (D) Outer rotor
- (E) Pump cover
- (F) Relief valve
- (G) Relief spring
- (H) Plug
- (I) Washer

### **C: INSPECTION**

#### **1. TIP CLEARANCE**

Measure the tip clearance of rotors. If the clearance exceeds the limit, replace rotors as a matched set.

#### Tip clearance:

Standard 0.04 — 0.14 mm (0.0016 — 0.0055 in) Limit 0.18 mm (0.0071 in)

Thickness gauge

#### 2. CASE CLEARANCE

Measure the clearance between the outer rotor and the cylinder block rotor housing. If the clearance exceeds the limit, replace the rotor.

#### Case clearance:

Standard

0.10 — 0.175 mm (0.0039 — 0.0069 in) Limit

0.20 mm (0.0079 in)



#### 3. SIDE CLEARANCE

Measure clearance between oil pump inner rotor and pump cover. If the clearance exceeds the limit, replace rotor or pump body.

#### Side clearance:

Standard

```
0.02 — 0.07 mm (0.0008 — 0.0028 in)
Limit
```

0.15 mm (0.0059 in)



#### 4. OIL RELIEF VALVE

Check the valve for fitting condition and damage, and the relief valve spring for damage and deterioration. Replace the parts if defective.

#### Relief valve spring:

Free length; 71.8 mm (2.827 in) Installed length; 54.7 mm (2.154 in) Load when installed; 77.08 N (7.86 kg, 17.33 lb)

#### 5. OIL PUMP CASE

Check the oil pump case for worn shaft hole, clogged oil passage, worn rotor chamber, cracks, and other faults.

#### 6. OIL SEAL

Check the oil seal lips for deformation, hardening, wear, etc. and replace if defective.

### D: ASSEMBLY

1) Install front oil seal by using ST.

ST 499587100 OIL SEAL INSTALLER

### CAUTION:

#### Use a new oil seal.



2) Install inner and outer rotors in their original positions.

- 3) Install oil relief valve and relief spring.
- 4) Install oil pump cover.

#### Tightening torque:

T1: 5 - 6 N·m (0.5 - 0.6 kg-m, 3.6 - 4.3 ft-lb) T2: 40.7 - 47.6 N·m (4.15 - 4.85 kg-m,

30.0 — 35.1 ft-lb)



## E: INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal. Observe the following:

1) Apply fluid packing to matching surfaces of oil pump.

#### Fluid packing: THREE BOND 1215 or equivalent



2) Replace O-ring with a new one.

3) Apply a coat of engine oil to the inside of the oil seal.



4) Be careful not to scratch oil seal when installing oil pump on cylinder block.

5) Position the oil pump, aligning the notched area with the crankshaft, and push the oil pump straight.

#### CAUTION:

#### Make sure the oil seal lip is not folded.

6) Install oil pump.

#### Tightening torque: 6.4 N·m (0.65 kg-m, 4.7 ft-lb)



## 2. Oil Pan and Oil Strainer

### A: REMOVAL

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Remove front wheels.

3) Remove air intake duct and air cleaner assembly. (2200 cc California spec. vehicles) <Ref. to 2-7 [W1A1].>



4) Remove air intake duct and air cleaner upper cover. (Except 2200 cc California spec. vehicles) <Ref. to 2-7 [W1A2].>



5) Disconnect front oxygen sensor connector.



6) Remove pitching stopper.



7) Remove radiator upper bracket.



8) Support engine with a lifting device and wire ropes.



9) Lift-up the vehicle.

#### CAUTION: At this time, raise up wire ropes.

10) Remove under cover.



11) Drain engine oil.

Set container under the vehicle, and remove drain plug from oil pan.



12) Disconnect connector from rear oxygen sensor.



### SERVICE PROCEDURE

13) Remove front and center exhaust pipe assembly.

(1) Separate front and center exhaust assembly pipe from rear exhaust pipe.

#### CAUTION:

#### Be careful, exhaust pipe is hot.



(2) Remove front and center exhaust pipe assembly from engine.



(3) Remove front and center exhaust pipe assembly from hanger bracket.



(4) Remove bolt which installs front and center exhaust pipe assembly on bracket.

14) Remove nuts which install front cushion rubber onto front crossmember.



15) Remove bolts which install oil pan on cylinder block while raising up engine.



16) Insert oil pan cutter blade between cylinder block-to-oil pan clearance.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use a screwdriver or similar tool in place of oil pan cutter.

17) Remove oil strainer.



18) Remove baffle plate.



### **B: INSPECTION**

By visual check make sure oil pan, oil strainer and baffle plate are not damaged.

### **C: INSTALLATION**

#### **CAUTION:**

Before installing oil pan, clean sealant from oil pan and engine block.

1) Install baffle plate.

#### Tightening torque:

6.4 N·m (0.65 kg-m, 4.7 ft-lb)



2) Install oil strainer onto baffle plate.

## CAUTION:

#### Replace O-ring with a new one.

#### Tightening torque: 10 N·m (1.0 kg-m, 7.2 ft-lb)



3) Apply fluid packing to mating surfaces and install oil pan.

#### Fluid packing:

THREE BOND 1215 or equivalent



4) Tighten bolts which install oil pan onto engine block.

#### Tightening torque: 5 N·m (0.5 kg-m, 3.6 ft-lb)



5) Lower engine onto front crossmember.

6) Tighten nuts which install front cushion rubber onto front crossmember.

#### Tightening torque: 69±15 N·m (7.0±1.5 kg-m, 51±11 ft-lb)



## SERVICE PROCEDURE

7) Install front and center exhaust pipe assembly.

#### CAUTION:

#### Always use the new gaskets.

(1) Place front and center exhaust pipe assembly on bracket.

(2) Tighten nuts which install front and center exhaust pipe assembly on engine.

#### Tightening torque:

30±5 N·m (3.1±0.5 kg-m, 22.4±3.6 ft-lb)



(3) Tighten nuts which install front and center exhaust pipe assembly to rear exhaust pipe.

### Tightening torque:

18±5 N·m (1.8±0.5 kg-m, 13.0±3.6 ft-lb)



(4) Tighten bolt which installs front and center exhaust pipe assembly on bracket.

#### Tightening torque:

24±3 N·m (2.4±0.3 kg-m, 17.4±2.2 ft-lb)



8) Connect connector to rear oxygen sensor.



9) Install under cover.



10) Lower the vehicle.

#### CAUTION:

# At this time, lower lifting device and release steel cables.

11) Remove lifting device and steel cables.



12) Connect connector to front oxygen sensor.



13) Install pitching stopper.

#### Tightening torque:

T1: 49±5 N·m (5.0±0.5 kg-m, 36.2±3.6 ft-lb) T2: 57±10 N·m (5.8±1.0 kg-m, 42±7 ft-lb)



- 14) Install radiator upper brackets.
- Tightening torque: 18±5 N·m (1.8±0.5 kg-m, 13±4 ft-lb)



15) Install air intake duct and air cleaner assembly. (2200 cc California spec. vehicles) <Ref. to 2-7 [W1A1].>



16) Install air intake duct and air cleaner upper cover. (Except 2200 cc California spec. vehicles) <Ref. to 2-7 [W1A2].>



17) Fill engine oil through filler pipe up to upper point of level gauge. <Ref. to 1-5 [G4A0].>

#### Engine oil capacity:

Upper level; 4.0 ℓ (4.2 US qt, 3.5 Imp qt) Lower level; 3.0 ℓ (3.2 US qt, 2.6 Imp qt)

## SERVICE PROCEDURE

## 3. Oil Pressure Switch

## A: REMOVAL

Remove alternator from bracket.
 (1) Disconnect connector and terminal from generator.



(2) Remove V-belt cover.



(3) Loosen lock bolt and slider bolt, and remove front side V-belt.

(4) Remove bolts which install generator on bracket.



2) Disconnect terminal from oil pressure switch.



3) Remove oil pressure switch.



## **B: INSTALLATION**

1) Apply fluid packing to oil pressure switch threads before installation.

## Fluid packing:

### THREE BOND 1215 or equivalent



2) Install oil pressure switch onto engine block.

#### Tightening torque: 25±3 N⋅m (2.5±0.3 kg-m, 18.1±2.2 ft-lb)



3) Connect terminal of oil pressure switch.



4) Install generator on bracket and temporary tighten installing bolts.



- 5) Install front side V-belt and adjust it. <Ref. to 1-5 [G200].>
- 6) Install V-belt cover.



7) Connect connector and terminal to generator.



## 1. Engine Lubrication System Trouble in General

#### NOTE:

Before troubleshooting, make sure that the engine oil level is correct and no oil leakage exists.

Trouble		Possible cause	Corrective action
	1) Oil pressure switch	Cracked diaphragm or oil leakage within switch	Replace.
	failure	Broken spring or seized contacts	Replace.
		Clogged oil filter	Replace.
		Malfunction of oil by-pass valve of oil filter	Clean or replace.
		Malfunction of oil relief valve of oil pump	Clean or replace.
1. Warning light	2) Low oil pressure	Clogged oil passage	Clean.
remains on.		Excessive tip clearance and side clearance of oil pump rotor and gear	Replace.
		Clogged oil strainer or broken pipe	Clean or replace.
	3) No oil pressure	Insufficient engine oil	Replenish.
		Broken pipe of oil strainer	Replace.
		Stuck oil pump rotor	Replace.
	1) Burn-out bulb		Replace.
2. Warning light does not go on.	2) Poor contact of switch	h contact points	Replace.
not go on.	3) Disconnection of wiring		Repair.
	1) Poor contact at terminals		Repair.
3. Warning light flickers	2) Defective wiring harness		Repair.
momentarily.	3) Low oil pressure		Check for the same pos- sible causes as listed in 1.—2)

## 1. Specifications

Cooling system			Electric fan + Forced engine coolant circula- tion system
Total engine coolant capacity $\ell$ (US qt, Imp qt)			6.2 (6.6, 5.5)
	Туре		Centrifugal impeller type
		Discharge	20 ℓ (5.3 US gal, 4.4 Imp gal)/min.
	Discharge performance I	Pump speed—total engine coolant head	760 rpm — 0.3 mAq (1.0 ftAq)
		Engine coolant temperature	85°C (185°F)
		Discharge	100 ℓ (26.4 US gal, 22.0 Imp gal)/min.
	Discharge performance II	Pump speed—total engine coolant head	3,000 rpm — 5.0 mAq (16.4 ftAq)
Water pump		Engine coolant temperature	85°C (185°F)
		Discharge	200 ℓ (52.8 US gal, 44.0 Imp gal)/min.
	Discharge performance III	Pump speed—total engine coolant head	6,000 rpm — 23.0 mAq (75.5 ftAq)
		Engine coolant temperature	85°C (185°F)
	Impeller diameter		76 mm (2.99 in)
	Number of impeller vanes		8
	Pump pulley diameter		60 mm (2.36 in)
	Туре		Wax pellet type
	Starts to open		76 — 80°C (169 — 176°F)
Thermostat	Fully opened		91°C (196°F)
	Valve lift		9.0 mm (0.354 in) or more
	Valve bore		35 mm (1.38 in)
De dieten fen	Motor		70 W (main fan) 70 W (sub fan)
Radiator fan	Fan diameter × Blade		320 mm (12.60 in) × 5 (main fan) 320 mm (12.60 in) × 7 (sub fan)
	Туре		Down flow, pressure type
	Core dimensions		691 × 340 × 16 mm (27.20 × 13.39 × 0.63 in)
Radiator	Pressure range in which cap valve is open		Above: 108±15 kPa (1.1±0.15 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 15.6±2.1 psi) Below: -9.8 to -4.9 kPa (-0.1 to -0.05 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , -1.4 to -0.7 psi)
	Fins		Corrugated fin type
Reservoir tank	Capacity		0.45 ℓ (0.5 US qt, 0.4 Imp qt)

## 2. Service Data

Water pump	Clearance between impeller and case	Standard	0.5 — 0.7 mm (0.020 — 0.028 in)
		Limit	1.0 mm (0.039 in)
	"Thrust" runout of impeller end	nout of impeller end	

## 1. Specifications

Cooling system		Electric fan + Forced engine coolant circula- tion system			
Total engine co	olant capacity	ℓ (US qt, Imp qt)	6.2 (6.6, 5.5)		
M(-4	Туре		Centrifugal impeller type		
	Discharge performance I	Discharge	20 ℓ (5.3 US gal, 4.4 Imp gal)/min.		
		Pump speed—total engine coolant head	760 rpm — 0.3 mAq (1.0 ftAq)		
		Engine coolant temperature	85°C (185°F)		
	Discharge performance II	Discharge	100 ℓ (26.4 US gal, 22.0 Imp gal)/min.		
		Pump speed—total engine coolant head	3,000 rpm — 5.0 mAq (16.4 ftAq)		
Water pump		Engine coolant temperature	85°C (185°F)		
	Discharge performance III	Discharge	200 ℓ (52.8 US gal, 44.0 Imp gal)/min.		
		Pump speed—total engine coolant head	6,000 rpm — 23.0 mAq (75.5 ftAq)		
		Engine coolant temperature	85°C (185°F)		
	Impeller diameter		76 mm (2.99 in)		
	Number of impeller vanes		8		
	Pump pulley diameter		60 mm (2.36 in)		
Thermostat	Туре		Wax pellet type		
	Starts to open		76 — 80°C (169 — 176°F)		
	Fully opened		91°C (196°F)		
	Valve lift		9.0 mm (0.354 in) or more		
	Valve bore		35 mm (1.38 in)		
De dieten fen	Motor		tion system           t) $6.2 (6.6, 5.5)$ Centrifugal impeller type $20 \ell (5.3 \text{ US gal, 4.4 Imp gal)/min.}$ $760 \text{ rpm} - 0.3 \text{ mAq } (1.0 \text{ ftAq})$ $85^{\circ}C (185^{\circ}F)$ $100 \ell (26.4 \text{ US gal, 22.0 Imp gal})/min$ $3,000 \text{ rpm} - 5.0 \text{ mAq } (16.4 \text{ ftAq})$ $85^{\circ}C (185^{\circ}F)$ $200 \ell (52.8 \text{ US gal, 44.0 Imp gal})/min$ $6,000 \text{ rpm} - 23.0 \text{ mAq } (75.5 \text{ ftAq})$ $85^{\circ}C (185^{\circ}F)$ $200 \ell (52.8 \text{ US gal, 44.0 Imp gal})/min$ $6,000 \text{ rpm} - 23.0 \text{ mAq } (75.5 \text{ ftAq})$ $85^{\circ}C (185^{\circ}F)$ $76 \text{ mm } (2.99 \text{ in})$ $8$ $60 \text{ mm } (2.36 \text{ in})$ Wax pellet type $76 - 80^{\circ}C (169 - 176^{\circ}F)$ $91^{\circ}C (196^{\circ}F)$ $9.0 \text{ mm } (0.354 \text{ in}) \text{ or more}$ $35 \text{ mm } (1.38 \text{ in})$ $70 \text{ W (main fan})$ $70 \text{ W (sub fan})$ $320 \text{ mm } (12.60 \text{ in}) \times 5 \text{ (main fan})$ $320 \text{ mm } (12.60 \text{ in}) \times 7 \text{ (sub fan})$ Down flow, pressure type $691 \times 340 \times 16 \text{ mm } (27.20 \times 13.39 \times 0.65$ Above: $108 \pm 15 \text{ kPa } (-0.1 \text{ to } -0.05  kg/c$		
Radiator fan	Fan diameter $\times$ Blade				
Radiator	Туре		Down flow, pressure type		
	Core dimensions		691 × 340 × 16 mm (27.20 × 13.39 × 0.63 in)		
	Pressure range in which cap valve is open		Below: -9.8 to -4.9 kPa (-0.1 to -0.05		
	Fins		Corrugated fin type		
Reservoir tank	Capacity		0.45 ℓ (0.5 US qt, 0.4 Imp qt)		

## 2. Service Data

Water pump	Clearance between impeller and case	Standard	0.5 — 0.7 mm (0.020 — 0.028 in)
		Limit	1.0 mm (0.039 in)
	"Thrust" runout of impeller end	0.5 mm (0.020 in)	

## 1. Water Pump



- (1) Water pump ASSY
- (2) Gasket
- (3) Heater hose
- (4) Thermostat
- (5) Gasket

(6) Thermostat case

 Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)

 T1: First  $10^{+4}/_{-0}$  ( $1.0^{+0.4}/_{-0}$ ,

  $7.2^{+2.9}/_{-0}$ )

 Second  $10^{+4}/_{-0}$  ( $1.0^{+0.4}/_{-0}$ ,

  $7.2^{+2.9}/_{-0}$ )

 T2:  $6.4\pm0.5$  ( $0.65\pm0.05$ ,  $4.7\pm0.4$ )

2-5 [C200] 2. Radiator and Radiator Fan

## 2. Radiator and Radiator Fan



- (1) Radiator lower cushion
- Radiator (2)
- Radiator upper cushion (3)
- (4) Radiator upper bracket
- (5) Clamp
- (6) Radiator inlet hose
- (7) Engine coolant reservoir tank cap
- Over flow hose (8)
- (9) Engine coolant reservoir tank
- (10) Radiator sub fan shroud
- (11) Radiator sub fan
- (12) Radiator sub fan motor

- (13) Radiator main fan shroud
- (14) Radiator main fan
- (15) Radiator main fan motor
- (16) ATF hose clamp (AT vehicles only)
- (17) ATF inlet hose A (AT vehicles only)
- (18) ATF outlet hose A (AT vehicles only)
- (19) ATF pipe (AT vehicles only)
- (20) ATF outlet hose B (AT vehicles only)

- (21) ATF inlet hose B (AT vehicles only)
- (22) Radiator outlet hose
- (23) Radiator drain plug
- Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)
  - T1: 4.4±0.5 (0.45±0.05, 3.3±0.4)
  - T2: 12±3 (1.2±0.3, 8.7±2.2)
  - T3: 18±5 (1.8±0.5, 13.0±3.6)
  - T4: 3.4±0.5 (0.35±0.05, 2.5±0.4)
  - T5: 4.9±1.5 (0.50±0.15, 3.6±1.1)

## 3. Water Pipe



Engine coolant temperature sensor
 Engine coolant temperature

gauge

- (3) Water pipe
- (4) O-ring
- (5) By-pass hose

Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb) T: 6.4±0.5 (0.65±0.05, 4.7±0.4)

### SERVICE PROCEDURE

**2-5** [W1A0] 1. On-car Services

### 1. On-car Services

### A: DRAINING OF ENGINE COOLANT

- 1) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 2) Remove under cover.



3) Fit vinyl tube to drain pipe.



4) Loosen drain cock to drain engine coolant into container.

#### NOTE:

Remove radiator cap so that engine coolant will drain faster.



## **B: FILLING OF ENGINE COOLANT**

1) Fill engine coolant into radiator up to filler neck position.

2) Fill engine coolant into reservoir tank up to upper level.



3) Attach radiator cap and reservoir tank cap properly.

4) Warm-up engine completely for more than five minutes at 2,000 to 3,000 rpm.

5) Stop engine and wait until temperature drops to a safe level.

6) If engine coolant level drops in radiator, add engine coolant to filler neck position.

7) If engine coolant level drops from upper level of reservoir tank, add engine coolant to upper level.

8) Attach radiator cap and reservoir tank cap properly.

# C: CHECKING OF COOLING SYSTEM

1) Remove radiator cap, top off radiator, and attach tester to radiator in place of cap.

2) Apply a pressure of 157 kPa (1.6 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 23 psi) to radiator to check if:

(1) Engine coolant leaks at/around radiator.

(2) Engine coolant leaks at/around hoses or connections.



CAUTION:

- Engine should be off.
- Wipe engine coolant from check points in advance.

• Be careful to prevent engine coolant from spurting out when removing tester.

• Be careful also not to deform filler neck of radiator when installing or removing tester.

## 2. Water Pump

## A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

1) Disconnect ground cable from battery.



- 2) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 3) Remove under cover.



4) Drain engine coolant completely. <Ref. to 2-5 [W1A0].>



5) Disconnect radiator outlet hose (A) and heater by-pass hose (B) from water pump.



6) Disconnect connectors from radiator main fan (A) and sub fan (B) motors.



7) Detach ATF cooler hose attached to 2 clips under the radiator main fan shroud.



- 8) Lower the vehicles.
- 9) Disconnect over flow hose.



- **2-5 [W2A0]** 2. Water Pump
- 10) Remove reservoir tank.



- 11) Remove radiator main fan and sub fan motor assembly.
- <Ref. to 2-5 [W6A0].> and <Ref. to 2-5 [W7A0].>



12) Remove V-belts. <Ref. to 1-5 [G200].>



- 13) Remove timing belt.
- <Ref. to 2-3 [W2A0].>
- 14) Remove automatic belt tension adjuster.



15) Remove belt idler No. 2.



16) Remove camshaft position sensor. <Ref. to 2-7 [W10A0].>



- 17) Remove left-hand camshaft sprocket by using ST.
- ST 499207100 CAMSHAFT SPROCKET WRENCH



18) Remove left-hand belt cover No. 2.



19) Remove tensioner bracket.



- 20) Remove tensioner bracket.
- 21) Disconnect heater hose from water pump.
- 22) Remove water pump.



23) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

#### CAUTION:

• Replace gasket with a new one.

• When installing water pump, tighten bolts in two stages in alphabetical sequence as shown in figure.

Tightening torque:





### **B: INSPECTION**

- 1) Check water pump bearing for smooth rotation.
- 2) Check water pump pulley for abnormalities.

3) Using a dial gauge, measure impeller runout in thrust direction while rotating the pulley.

"Thrust" runout limit: 0.5 mm (0.020 in)



4) Check clearance between impeller and pump case.

#### Clearance between impeller and pump case: Standard

0.5 — 0.7 mm (0.020 — 0.028 in) Limit





5) After water pump installation, check pulley shaft for engine coolant leaks. If leaks are noted, replace water pump assembly.

### 3. Thermostat

### A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

- 1) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 2) Remove under cover.



3) Drain engine coolant completely. <Ref. to 2-5 [W1A0].>



4) Remove thermostat cover and gasket, and pull out the thermostat.



5) Install the thermostat in the intake manifold, and install the thermostat cover together with a gasket.

#### **CAUTION:**

• When reinstalling the thermostat, use a new gasket.

• The thermostat must be installed with the jiggle pin upward.

• In this time, set the jiggle pin of thermostat for front side.



### **B: INSPECTION**

Replace the thermostat if the valve does not close completely at an ambient temperature or if the following test shows unsatisfactory results.

Immerse the thermostat and a thermometer in water. Raise water temperature gradually, and measure the temperature and valve lift when the valve begins to open and when the valve is fully opened. During the test, agitate the water for even temperature distribution. The measurement should be to the specification.



Fully opens: 91°C (196°F)



(A) Thermometer

(B) Thermostat
# 4. Radiator

# A: REMOVAL

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



- 2) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 3) Remove under cover.



4) Drain engine coolant completely. <Ref. to 2-5 [W1A0].>



5) Disconnect connectors of radiator main fan and sub fan motor.



6) Disconnect ATF cooler hoses from radiator. (AT vehicles only)



7) Disconnect radiator outlet hose (A) and water by-pass hose (B) (AT vehicles) from thermostat cover.



- 8) Lower the vehicle.
- 9) Disconnect over flow hose.



10) Remove reservoir tank.



11) Remove V-belt covers.



12) Disconnect radiator inlet hose from radiator.



13) Remove radiator upper brackets.



- 14) While slightly lifting radiator, slide it to left.
- 15) Lift radiator up and away from vehicle.



#### **B: INSTALLATION**

1) Attach radiator mounting cushions to pins on the lower side of radiator.



2) Install radiator while fitting radiator pins to cushions.

NOTE:

Fit cushion on lower side of radiator into holes on body side.



3) Install radiator brackets and tighten bolts.

#### Tightening torque:

18±5 N·m (1.8±0.5 kg-m, 13.0±3.6 ft-lb)



4) Connect radiator inlet hose.



- 5) Install reservoir tank.
- Tightening torque:

4.9±1.5 N·m (0.50±0.15 kg-m, 3.6±1.1 ft-lb)



- 6) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 7) Connect ATF cooler hoses. (AT vehicles only)



8) Connect connectors to radiator main fan motor and sub fan motor.



9) Connect radiator outlet hose (A) and water bypass hose (B) (AT vehicles)



10) Install under cover.



- 11) Lower the vehicle.
- 12) Install V-belt covers.



13) Connect battery ground cable.



14) Fill coolant. <Ref. to 2-5 [W1B0].>

# 5. Radiator Cap

- A: INSPECTION
- 1) Attach radiator cap to tester.



2) Increase pressure until tester gauge pointer stops. Radiator cap is functioning properly if it holds the service limit pressure for five to six seconds.

Standard pressure:

93 — 123 kPa (0.95 — 1.25 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 14 — 18 psi)

Service limit pressure: 83 kPa (0.85 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 12 psi)

#### CAUTION:

Be sure to remove foreign matter and rust from the cap in advance; otherwise, results of pressure test will be incorrect. 13) Connect battery ground cable.



14) Fill coolant. <Ref. to 2-5 [W1B0].>

# 5. Radiator Cap

- A: INSPECTION
- 1) Attach radiator cap to tester.



2) Increase pressure until tester gauge pointer stops. Radiator cap is functioning properly if it holds the service limit pressure for five to six seconds.

Standard pressure:

93 — 123 kPa (0.95 — 1.25 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 14 — 18 psi)

Service limit pressure: 83 kPa (0.85 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 12 psi)

#### CAUTION:

Be sure to remove foreign matter and rust from the cap in advance; otherwise, results of pressure test will be incorrect.

# 6. Radiator Main Fan and Fan Motor

#### A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



- 2) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 3) Remove under cover.



4) Disconnect connector of main fan motor.



5) Detach ATF cooler hose attached to 2 clips under the radiator main fan shroud.



- 6) Lower the vehicle.
- 7) Remove V-belt covers.



8) Disconnect over flow hose.



9) Remove reservoir tank.



10) Remove radiator main fan motor assembly.



11) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

#### NOTE:

When the main fan motor assembly cannot be installed as is, loosen the sub fan motor assembly securing bolts to install it. <Ref. to 2-5 [W7A0].>

#### Tightening torque:

4.9±1.5 N·m (0.50±0.15 kg-m, 3.6±1.1 ft-lb)



#### Tightening torque: 4.9±1.5 N·m (0.50±0.15 kg-m, 3.6±1.1 ft-lb)



#### **B: DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY**

1) Remove clip which holds motor connector onto shroud.



2) Remove bolt which install fan itself onto fan motor and shroud assembly.



3) Remove bolts which install fan motor onto shroud.



#### Tightening torque: 4.4±0.5 N·m (0.45±0.05 kg-m, 3.3±0.4 ft-lb)



Tightening torque:

3.4±0.5 N·m (0.35±0.05 kg-m, 2.5±0.4 ft-lb)



# 7. Radiator Sub Fan and Fan Motor

#### A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



- 2) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 3) Remove under cover.



4) Disconnect connector of sub fan motor.



#### Tightening torque: 4.4±0.5 N·m (0.45±0.05 kg-m, 3.3±0.4 ft-lb)



Tightening torque:

3.4±0.5 N·m (0.35±0.05 kg-m, 2.5±0.4 ft-lb)



# 7. Radiator Sub Fan and Fan Motor

#### A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



- 2) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 3) Remove under cover.



4) Disconnect connector of sub fan motor.



- **2-5** [W7B0] 7. Radiator Sub Fan and Fan Motor
- 5) Lower the vehicle.
- 6) Remove V-belt covers.



- 7) Remove bolts which hold sub fan shroud to radiator.
- 8) Remove radiator sub fan motor assembly.



#### Tightening torque:

4.9±1.5 N·m (0.50±0.15 kg-m, 3.6±1.1 ft-lb)



#### **B: DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY**

1) Remove clip which holds motor harness onto shroud.



2) Remove nut which install fan itself onto fan motor and shroud assembly.



3) Remove bolts which install fan motor onto shroud.



#### Tightening torque: 4.4±0.5 N·m (0.45±0.05 kg-m, 3.3±0.4 ft-lb)



Tightening torque:





# 8. Water Pipe

## A: REMOVAL

1) Release fuel pressure.

<Ref. to 2-8 [W1B0].>

2) Open fuel flap lid, and remove fuel filler cap.



3) Disconnect ground cable from battery.



- 4) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 5) Remove under cover.



#### Tightening torque: 4.4±0.5 N·m (0.45±0.05 kg-m, 3.3±0.4 ft-lb)



Tightening torque:





# 8. Water Pipe

## A: REMOVAL

1) Release fuel pressure.

<Ref. to 2-8 [W1B0].>

2) Open fuel flap lid, and remove fuel filler cap.



3) Disconnect ground cable from battery.



- 4) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 5) Remove under cover.



6) Drain engine coolant completely. <Ref. to 2-5 [W1A0].>



- 7) Lower the vehicle.
- 8) Remove intake manifold.
- <Ref. to 2-7 [W4A0].>



9) Disconnect heater inlet hose.



10) Disconnect radiator inlet hose from water pipe.



11) Remove bolts which install water pipe on cylinder block.



#### **B: INSTALLATION**

1) Install water pipe on cylinder block.

#### Tightening torque:

6.4±0.5 N·m (0.65±0.05 kg-m, 4.7±0.4 ft-lb)

#### CAUTION: Use a new O-ring.



2) Connect radiator inlet hose.



3) Connect heater inlet hose.



4) Install intake manifold. <Ref. to 2-7 [W4D0].>



5) Connect connector to fuel pump relay.



6) Connect ground cable to battery.



- 7) Lift-up the vehicle.
   8) Install under cover.



- 9) Lower the vehicle. 10) Fill coolant.
- <Ref. to 2-5 [W1B0].>



### SERVICE PROCEDURE

# 9. Reservoir Tank

### A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

1) Disconnect over flow hose from radiator filler neck position.



2) Remove bolts which install reservoir tank onto radiator main fan shroud.



3) Remove reservoir tank.



- 4) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
- Tightening torque: 4.9±1.5 N⋅m (0.50±0.15 kg-m, 3.6±1.1 ft-lb)



# 1. Engine Cooling System Trouble in General

Trouble	Possible cause	Corrective action
Over-heating	a. Insufficient engine coolant	Replenish engine coolant, inspect for leakage, and repair.
	b. Loose timing belt	Repair or replace timing belt tensioner.
	c. Oil on drive belt	Replace.
	d. Malfunction of thermostat	Replace.
	e. Malfunction of water pump	Replace.
	f. Clogged engine coolant passage	Clean.
	g. Improper ignition timing	Inspect and repair ignition control system. Refer to "2-7 On-Board Diagnostics II System".
	h. Clogged or leaking radiator	Clean or repair, or replace.
	i. Improper engine oil in engine coolant	Replace engine coolant.
	j. Air/fuel mixture ratio too lean	Inspect and repair fuel injection system. Refer to "2-7 On-Board Diagnostics II System".
	k. Excessive back pressure in exhaust system	Clean or replace.
	I. Insufficient clearance between piston and cylinder	Adjust or replace.
	m. Slipping clutch	Repair or replace.
	n. Dragging brake	Adjust.
	o. Improper transmission oil	Replace.
	p. Defective thermostat	Replace.
	q. Malfunction of electric fan	Inspect radiator fan relay, engine coolant tem- perature sensor or radiator motor and replace there.
Over-cooling	a. Atmospheric temperature extremely low	Partly cover radiator front area.
	b. Defective thermostat	Replace.
Engine coolant leaks.	a. Loosened or damaged connecting units on hoses	Repair or replace.
	b. Leakage from water pump	Replace.
	c. Leakage from water pipe	Repair or replace.
	d. Leakage around cylinder head gasket	Retighten cylinder head bolts or replace gas- ket.
	e. Damaged or cracked cylinder head and crankcase	Repair or replace.
	f. Damaged or cracked thermostat case	Repair or replace.
	g. Leakage from radiator	Repair or replace.
Noise	a. Defective drive belt	Replace.
	b. Defective radiator fan	Replace.
	c. Defective water pump bearing	Replace water pump.
	d. Defective water pump mechanical seal	Replace water pump.

MEMO:

## 1. Intake Manifold

## A: 2200 cc CALIFORNIA SPEC. VEHICLES



(1) Intake manifold gasket RH

- (2) Fuel injector cap
- (3) Insulator A
- (4) Insulator B
- (5) Fuel injector
- (6) O-ring B
- (7) O-ring A
- (8) Fuel pipe

- (9) Nipple (AT vehicles)
- (10) Plug
- (11) PCV valve
- (12) Purge control solenoid valve
- (13) Nipple
- (14) Intake manifold
- (15) Intake manifold gasket LH
- (16) Fuel pipe protector

- Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)
  - T1: 16±1.5 (1.6±0.15, 11.6±1.1) T2: 23±3 (2.3±0.3, 16.6±2.2) T3: 25±2 (2.5±0.2, 18.1±1.4)
  - T4: 3.4±0.5 (0.35±0.05, 2.5±0.4)

# **COMPONENT PARTS**

MEMO:

### **B: EXCEPT 2200 cc CALIFORNIA SPEC. VEHICLES**



S2M1011A

#### **COMPONENT PARTS**

- (1) Intake manifold gasket LH
- (2) Intake manifold gasket RH
- (3) Fuel injector pipe
- (4) O-ring A
- (5) O-ring B
- (6) Fuel injector
- (7) Insulator
- (8) Fuel injector cap
- (9) Nipple (AT vehicles)
- (10) Plug
- (11) PCV valve

- (12) Purge control solenoid valve
- (13) Nipple
- (14) Pressure sensor
- (15) Pressure sources switching solenoid valve
- (16) Vacuum hose A
- (17) Vacuum hose B
- (18) Vacuum hose C
- (19) Bracket (Except Canada spec. vehicles)

(20) Bracket (For Canada spec. vehicles)

- (21) Intake manifold
- (22) Fuel pipe protector LH

Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)T1:  $4.9\pm0.5$  ( $0.5\pm0.05$ ,  $3.6\pm0.4$ )T2:  $23\pm3$  ( $2.3\pm0.3$ ,  $16.6\pm2.2$ )T3:  $25\pm2$  ( $2.5\pm0.2$ ,  $18.1\pm1.4$ )T4:  $3.4\pm0.5$  ( $0.35\pm0.05$ ,  $2.5\pm0.4$ )T5:  $15.7\pm1.5$  ( $1.6\pm0.15$ ,  $11.6\pm1.1$ )

# 2. Air Intake System

## A: 2200 cc CALIFORNIA SPEC. VEHICLES



- (1) Gasket
- (2) Throttle position sensor
- (3) Gasket
- (4) Idle air control solenoid valve
- (5) Intake manifold pressure sensor
- (6) Throttle body

Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb) T1: 2.0±0.4 (0.20±0.04, 1.4±0.3) T2: 3.3±0.4 (0.34±0.045, 2.5±0.3) T3: 22±2 (2.2±0.2, 15.9±1.4)

#### **B: EXCEPT 2200 cc CALIFORNIA SPEC. VEHICLES**



- (1) Gasket
- (2) Throttle position sensor
- (3) Throttle body
- (4) Idle air control solenoid valve
- (5) Clamp
- (6) Air intake duct
- (7) Air intake chamber

- (8) Stay LH (MT vehicles)
- (9) Stay LH (AT vehicles)
- (10) Stay RH
- (11) Spacer
- (12) Bush

 Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)

 T1: 2.0±0.4 (0.20±0.04, 1.4±0.3)

 T2: 6.4±0.5 (0.65±0.05, 4.7±0.4)

 T3: 22±2 (2.2±0.2, 15.9±1.4)

 T4: 6.0±0.8 (0.61±0.08, 4.4±0.6)

 T5: 16±5 (1.6±0.5, 11.6±3.6)

### 3. Air Cleaner

#### A: 2200 cc CALIFORNIA SPEC. VEHICLES



- (1) Spacer
- (2) Bush
- (3) Air chamber
- (4) Cushion rubber
- (5) Air intake duct A
- (6) Air intake duct B
- (7) Holder
- (8) Air cleaner case A
- (9) Clip
- (10) Air cleaner element

- (11) Air cleaner case B
- (12) Air cleaner case stay LH (MT vehicles)
- (13) Air cleaner case stay LH (AT vehicles)
- (14) Air cleaner case stay RH
- (15) Clamp
- (16) Intake air temperature sensor
- (17) Rubber holder
- (18) Bush

(19) Spacer

 Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)

 T1: 7.4 $\pm$ 2.0 (0.75 $\pm$ 0.2, 5.4 $\pm$ 1.4)

 T2: 6.4 $\pm$ 0.5 (0.65 $\pm$ 0.05, 4.7 $\pm$ 0.4)

 T3: 7.4 $\pm$ 2.0 (0.75 $\pm$ 0.2, 5.4 $\pm$ 1.4)

 T4: 14 $\pm$ 4 (1.4 $\pm$ 0.4, 10.1 $\pm$ 2.9)

 T5: 16 $\pm$ 5 (1.6 $\pm$ 0.5, 11.6 $\pm$ 3.6)

#### **B: EXCEPT 2200 cc CALIFORNIA SPEC. VEHICLES**



(1) Mass air flow sensor bracket

- (2) Mass air flow sensor ASSY
- (3) Air cleaner upper cover
- (4) Air cleaner element
- (5) Spacer
- (6) Bush

- (7) Clip
- (8) Air cleaner case
- (9) Cushion rubber
- (10) Air intake duct
- (11) Resonator chamber ASSY
- (12) Clip

- Tightening torque: N⋅m (kg-m, ft-lb) T1: 7.4±2.0 (0.75±0.2, 5.4±1.4)
  - T2: 33±10 (3.4±1.0, 25±7)

# 4. Crankshaft Position, Camshaft Position and Knock Sensors



- (1) Crankangle position sensor
- (2) Knock sensor
- (3) Camshaft position sensor
- (4) Camshaft position sensor support

Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb) T1: 6.4±0.5 (0.65±0.05, 4.7±0.4) T2: 23.5±2.9 (2.4±0.3, 17.4±2.2)

# 1. Air Cleaner and Air Intake Duct

- A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION
- 1. 2200 cc CALIFORNIA SPEC. VEHICLES
- 1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Remove bolt which installs air intake duct (A) on the front side of body.



3) Remove bolt which installs air intake duct (B) on body.



4) Remove air intake duct (A) and (B) as a unit.



5) Disconnect connector from intake air temperature sensor.



6) Loosen clamp which connects air cleaner case to throttle body.



7) Disconnect hoses from air cleaner case.

8) Remove bolts which install air cleaner case to stays.

9) Remove air cleaner assembly.



10) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

# 2. EXCEPT 2200 cc CALIFORNIA SPEC. VEHICLES

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Disconnect connector from mass air flow sensor.



3) Loosen clamp which connects air intake duct to air intake chamber.



4) Remove two clips of air cleaner upper cover.



5) Remove air intake duct and air cleaner upper cover as a unit.



- 6) Remove air cleaner element.
- 7) Remove air cleaner lower case.



8) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

#### CAUTION:

Before installing air cleaner upper cover, align holes with protruding portions of air cleaner lower case, then secure upper cover to lower case.



## 2. Mass Air Flow Sensor (Except 2200 cc California Spec. Vehicles)

#### A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Disconnect connector from mass air flow sensor.



3) Loosen clamp which connects air intake duct to air intake chamber.



4) Remove two clips of air cleaner upper cover.



5) Remove air intake duct and air cleaner upper cover as a unit.



6) Loosen clamp which connects air intake duct to mass air flow sensor.



7) Remove mass air flow sensor from air cleaner upper cover.



#### Tightening torque:

7.4±2.0 N·m (0.75±0.2 kg-m, 5.4±1.4 ft-lb)

#### CAUTION:

Before installing air cleaner upper cover, align holes with protruding portions of air cleaner lower case, then secure upper cover to lower case.



- 3. Throttle Body
- A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION
- 1. 2200 cc CALIFORNIA SPEC. VEHICLES
- 1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Remove air cleaner assembly. <Ref. to 2-7 [W1A0].>



3) Disconnect accelerator cable (A).

4) Disconnect cruise control cable (B). (With cruise control model)



#### Tightening torque:

7.4±2.0 N·m (0.75±0.2 kg-m, 5.4±1.4 ft-lb)

#### CAUTION:

Before installing air cleaner upper cover, align holes with protruding portions of air cleaner lower case, then secure upper cover to lower case.



- 3. Throttle Body
- A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION
- 1. 2200 cc CALIFORNIA SPEC. VEHICLES
- 1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Remove air cleaner assembly. <Ref. to 2-7 [W1A0].>



3) Disconnect accelerator cable (A).

4) Disconnect cruise control cable (B). (With cruise control model)



5) Disconnect connectors from idle air control solenoid valve (A) and intake manifold pressure sensor (B).



- (A) Idle air control solenoid valve
- (B) Intake manifold pressure sensor

6) Disconnect connector from throttle position sensor.



7) Disconnect air by-pass hose from idle air control solenoid valve.



8) Disconnect engine coolant hoses from throttle body.



9) Remove bolts which install throttle body to intake manifold.



10) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

#### CAUTION: Always use a new gasket.

Tightening torque: Throttle body: 22±2 N·m (2.2±0.2 kg-m, 15.9±1.4 ft-lb) Air cleaner case: 4.9±0.5 N·m (0.5±0.05 kg-m, 3.6±0.4 ft-lb)

# 2. EXCEPT 2200 cc CALIFORNIA SPEC. VEHICLES

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



### SERVICE PROCEDURE

**2-7** [W3A2] 3. Throttle Body

2) Loosen clamps which connect air intake duct to air intake chamber and mass air flow sensor.



3) Loosen clamp which connects air intake chamber to throttle body.



4) Disconnect blow-by hose and air hoses, and remove air intake chamber.



- 5) Disconnect accelerator cable (A).
- 6) Disconnect cruise control cable (B). (With cruise control model)



7) Disconnect connector from throttle position sensor.



8) Disconnect connector from idle air control solenoid valve.



9) Disconnect engine coolant hoses from throttle body.



10) Remove bolts which install throttle body to intake manifold.



11) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

#### CAUTION:

• Always use a new gasket.

• Before installing air cleaner upper cover, align holes with protruding portions of air cleaner lower case, then secure upper cover to lower case.

Tightening torque:

Throttle body: 22±2 N·m (2.2±0.2 kg-m, 15.9±1.4 ft-lb) Air intake chamber: 4.9±0.5 N·m (0.5±0.05 kg-m, 3.6±0.4 ft-lb)

# 4. Intake Manifold

#### A: REMOVAL

- 1. 2200 cc CALIFORNIA SPEC. VEHICLES
- 1) Release fuel pressure. <Ref. to 2-8 [W1B0].>
- 2) Open fuel flap lid, and remove fuel filler cap.



3) Disconnect battery ground cable.



4) Disconnect connector from intake air temperature sensor.



#### CAUTION:

• Always use a new gasket.

• Before installing air cleaner upper cover, align holes with protruding portions of air cleaner lower case, then secure upper cover to lower case.

Tightening torque:

Throttle body: 22±2 N·m (2.2±0.2 kg-m, 15.9±1.4 ft-lb) Air intake chamber: 4.9±0.5 N·m (0.5±0.05 kg-m, 3.6±0.4 ft-lb)

# 4. Intake Manifold

#### A: REMOVAL

- 1. 2200 cc CALIFORNIA SPEC. VEHICLES
- 1) Release fuel pressure. <Ref. to 2-8 [W1B0].>
- 2) Open fuel flap lid, and remove fuel filler cap.



3) Disconnect battery ground cable.



4) Disconnect connector from intake air temperature sensor.



### SERVICE PROCEDURE

**2-7 [W4A1]** 4. Intake Manifold

5) Remove bolt which installs air intake duct (A) on the front of body.



6) Remove bolt which installs air intake duct (B) on body.



7) Remove bolts which install air cleaner case on stays.



8) Loosen clamp which connects air intake chamber to throttle body.



9) Disconnect blow-by hose from air cleaner case.10) Remove air intake duct (A), (B) and air cleaner assembly as a unit.



11) Disconnect accelerator cable (A).

12) Disconnect cruise control cable (B). (With cruise control model)



13) Remove power steering pump from bracket.(1) Remove resonator chamber.



(2) Remove V-belt covers.


(3) Loosen lock bolt and slider bolt, and remove power steering pump drive V-belt.



(4) Remove bolts which secure power steering pipe brackets to intake manifold.

#### NOTE:

Do not disconnect power steering hose.



(5) Remove bolts which install power steering pump to bracket.



(6) Place power steering pump on the right side wheel apron.



14) Remove fuel pipe protector.



15) Disconnect spark plug cords from ignition coil and ignitor assembly.



16) Disconnect PCV hose assembly from intake manifold.



**2-7 [W4A1]** 4. Intake Manifold

17) Disconnect engine coolant hoses from throttle body.



18) Disconnect brake booster hose.



19) Remove air cleaner case stay RH and engine harness bracket, and disconnect engine harness connectors from bulkhead harness connectors.20) Pull out engine harness connector from bracket.



21) Disconnect connectors from engine coolant temperature sensor.



22) Disconnect knock sensor connector.



23) Disconnect connector from camshaft position sensor.



24) Disconnect connector from crankshaft position sensor.



25) Disconnect connector from oil pressure switch.



26) Disconnect fuel hoses from fuel pipes.

#### WARNING:

#### Catch fuel from hoses in a container.



27) Remove eight bolts which hold intake manifold onto cylinder heads.



28) Remove intake manifold.



## 2. EXCEPT 2200 cc CALIFORNIA SPEC. VEHICLES

- 1) Release fuel pressure. <Ref. to 2-8 [W1B0].>
- 2) Open fuel flap lid, and remove fuel filler cap.



3) Disconnect battery ground cable.



4) Disconnect connector from mass air flow sensor.



5) Loosen clamp which connects air intake chamber to throttle body.



6) Remove two clips of air cleaner upper cover.



7) Remove bolts which install air intake chamber on stays.



- 8) Disconnect blow-by hose from air intake chamber.
- 9) Remove air intake duct, air cleaner upper cover and air intake chamber as a unit.
- 10) Remove air cleaner element.



11) Disconnect accelerator cable (A).

12) Disconnect cruise control cable (B). (With cruise control model)



13) Disconnect vacuum hoses from pressure sources switching solenoid valve.

14) Remove power steering pump from bracket.(1) Remove V-belt cover.



(2) Loosen lock bolt and slider bolt, and remove power steering pump drive V-belt.



(3) Remove bolts which secure power steering pipe brackets to intake manifold.

#### NOTE:

Do not disconnect power steering hose.



(4) Remove bolts which install power steering pump to bracket.



(5) Place power steering pump on the right side wheel apron.



15) Remove fuel pipe protector.



16) Disconnect spark plug cords from ignition coil and ignitor assembly.



17) Disconnect PCV hose (A) and pressure regulator vacuum hose (B) from intake manifold.18) Disconnect vacuum hose (C) to cruise control diaphragm. (With cruise control models)



19) Disconnect engine coolant hose from throttle body.



20) Disconnect brake booster hose.



## SERVICE PROCEDURE

#### **2-7 [W4A2]** 4. Intake Manifold

21) Remove air intake chamber stay RH, engine harness bracket from transmission housing, and disconnect engine harness connectors from bulkhead harness connectors.



22) Disconnect connectors from engine coolant temperature sensor.



23) Disconnect knock sensor connector.



24) Disconnect connector from camshaft position sensor.



25) Disconnect connector from crankshaft position sensor.



26) Disconnect connector from oil pressure switch.



27) Disconnect fuel hoses from fuel pipes.

#### WARNING: Catch fuel from hoses in a container.



28) Remove bolts which hold intake manifold onto cylinder heads.



29) Remove intake manifold.



### **B: DISASSEMBLY**

#### 1. 2200 cc CALIFORNIA SPEC. VEHICLES

1) Disconnect engine ground terminal from intake manifold.



2) Disconnect connector from ignition coil and ignitor assembly.

3) Remove ignition coil and ignitor assembly.



4) Disconnect connectors from throttle position sensor (A), idle air control solenoid valve (B) and intake manifold pressure sensor (C).

5) Disconnect air by-pass hose (D) from idle air control solenoid valve.



6) Remove throttle body.



7) Disconnect connectors from fuel injectors, and purge control solenoid valve.

8) Remove harness bands which hold engine harness onto intake manifold.

9) Remove engine harness from intake manifold.



- (A) Fuel injector
- (B) Purge control solenoid valve
- (C) Harness band

10) Remove purge control solenoid valve.



11) Remove bolts which install injector pipe on intake manifold.



12) Remove fuel injectors.

#### CAUTION:

#### Replace o-rings and insulators with new ones.



13) Loosen clamp which holds front left side fuel hose to injector pipe.



14) Remove bolts which hold fuel pipes on the left side of intake manifold.



15) Remove two bolts which install fuel pipes on intake manifold.



16) Remove fuel injector pipe.



17) Remove fuel pipes, etc. from intake manifold.



- (A) Pressure regulator
- (B) Fuel pipe ASSY

## 2. EXCEPT 2200 cc CALIFORNIA SPEC. VEHICLES

1) Remove engine ground terminal from intake manifold.



2) Disconnect connector from ignition coil and ignitor assembly.

3) Remove ignition coil and ignitor assembly.



4) Disconnect connectors from throttle position sensor (A) and idle air control solenoid valve (B).



5) Remove throttle body.



6) Disconnect connectors from fuel injectors, and purge control solenoid valve.

7) Remove harness bands which hold engine harness onto intake manifold.

8) Remove engine harness from intake manifold.



- (A) Fuel injector
- (B) Purge control solenoid valve
- (C) Harness band
- 9) Remove purge control solenoid valve.



### SERVICE PROCEDURE

**2-7 [W4B2]** 4. Intake Manifold

10) Remove bolts which install injector pipe on intake manifold.



11) Remove fuel injectors.

#### CAUTION:

Replace o-rings and insulators with new ones.



12) Loosen clamp which holds front left side fuel hose to injector pipe.



13) Remove bolts which hold fuel pipes on the left side of intake manifold.



14) Remove two bolts which install fuel pipes on intake manifold.



15) Remove fuel injector pipe.



16) Remove fuel pipes, etc. from intake manifold.



- (A) Pressure regulator
- (B) Fuel pipe ASSY

## C: ASSEMBLY

#### 1. 2200 cc CALIFORNIA SPEC. VEHICLES

1) Assemble fuel pipes, etc. to intake manifold.



- (A) Pressure regulator
- (B) Fuel pipe ASSY
- 2) Install fuel injector pipe.



3) Tighten two bolts which install fuel pipes on intake manifold.



4) Tighten two bolts which install fuel pipes on the left side of intake manifold.



5) Connect left side fuel hose to injector pipe, and tighten clamp screw.



6) Install fuel injectors.

#### CAUTION: Always use new o-rings and insulators.



- (A) O-ring A
- (B) Insulator A
- (C) Fuel injector
- (D) Insulator B
- (E) O-ring B

## SERVICE PROCEDURE

#### **2-7 [W4C1]** 4. Intake Manifold

7) Tighten bolts which install injector pipe on intake manifold.

#### Tightening torque:

#### 3.4±0.5 N·m (0.35±0.05 kg-m, 2.5±0.4 ft-lb)



8) Install purge control solenoid valve.



9) Install engine harness onto intake manifold.10) Connect connectors to fuel injectors and purge control solenoid valve.

11) Hold engine harness by harness bands.



- (A) Fuel injector
- (B) Purge control solenoid valve
- (C) Harness band

12) Assemble throttle body to intake manifold.

## CAUTION:

Replace gasket with a new one.

#### Tightening torque:

22±2 N·m (2.2±0.2 kg-m, 15.9±1.4 ft-lb)



13) Connect connectors to throttle position sensor (A), idle air control solenoid valve (B) and intake manifold pressure sensor (C).

14) Connect air by-pass hose (D) to idle air control solenoid valve.



15) Install ignition coil and ignitor assembly.

16) Connect connector to ignition coil and ignitor assembly.



17) Install engine ground terminal to intake manifold.

#### Tightening torque:

18.6±1.5 N·m (1.9±0.15 kg-m, 13.7±1.1 ft-lb)



## 2. EXCEPT 2200 cc CALIFORNIA SPEC. VEHICLES

1) Assemble fuel pipes, etc. to intake manifold.



- (A) Pressure regulator
- (B) Fuel pipe ASSY
- 2) Install fuel injector pipe.



3) Tighten two bolts which install fuel pipes on intake manifold.



4) Tighten two bolts which install fuel pipes on the left side of intake manifold.



5) Connect left side fuel hose to injector pipe, and tighten clamp screw.



6) Install fuel injectors.

#### CAUTION:

#### Always use new o-rings and insulators.



- (A) O-ring A
- (B) Fuel injector
- (C) Insulator
- (D) O-ring B

7) Tighten bolts which install injector pipe on intake manifold.

#### Tightening torque:

#### 3.4±0.5 N⋅m (0.35±0.05 kg-m, 2.5±0.4 ft-lb)



8) Install purge control solenoid valve.



9) Install engine harness onto intake manifold.

10) Connect connectors to fuel injectors and purge control solenoid valve.

11) Hold engine harness by harness bands.



- (A) Fuel injector
- (B) Purge control solenoid valve
- (C) Harness band
- 12) Assemble throttle body to intake manifold.

#### CAUTION: Replace gasket with a new one.

#### Tightening torque:

22±2 N·m (2.2±0.2 kg-m, 15.9±1.4 ft-lb)



13) Connect connectors to throttle position sensor(A) and idle air control solenoid valve (B).



14) Install ignition coil and ignitor assembly.15) Connect connector to ignition coil and ignitor assembly.



16) Install engine ground terminal to intake manifold.

#### Tightening torque:

## 18.6±1.5 N·m (1.9±0.15 kg-m, 13.7±1.1 ft-lb)



## **D: INSTALLATION**

#### 1. 2200 cc CALIFORNIA SPEC. VEHICLES

1) Install intake manifold onto cylinder heads.

#### CAUTION:

#### Always use new gaskets.

#### Tightening torque: 25±2 N⋅m (2.5±0.2 kg-m, 18.1±1.4 ft-lb)



2) Connect fuel hoses.



3) Connect connector to oil pressure switch.



4) Connect connector to crankshaft position sensor.



5) Connect connector to camshaft position sensor.



6) Connect knock sensor connector.



7) Connect connectors to engine coolant temperature sensor.



8) Hold engine harness connector onto bracket.9) Install air cleaner case stay RH and engine harness bracket, and connect engine harness con-





10) Connect brake booster hose.



11) Connect engine coolant hose to throttle body.



12) Connect PCV hose and pressure regulator vacuum hose to intake manifold.



13) Connect spark plug cords to ignition coil and ignitor assembly.



14) Install fuel protector.



15) Install power steering pump on bracket.(1) Tighten bolts which install power steering pump on bracket.

Tightening torque:

20.1±2.5 N·m (2.05±0.25 kg-m, 14.8±1.8 ft-lb



(2) Install power steering pipe brackets on the right side of intake manifold.



(3) Install power steering pump drive V-belt.



- (4) Adjust V-belt. <Ref. to 1-5 [G200].>
- (5) Install V-belt covers.



(6) Install resonator chamber.

Tightening torque: 7.4±2.0 N⋅m (0.75±0.2 kg-m, 5.4±1.4 ft-lb)



16) Connect accelerator cable (A).

17) Connect cruise control cable (B). (With cruise control models)



### SERVICE PROCEDURE

18) Install air cleaner case and air intake duct as a unit.



19) Tighten bolt which installs air intake duct (A) on the front side of body.

#### Tightening torque:

7.4±2.0 N·m (0.75±0.2 kg-m, 5.4±1.4 ft-lb)



20) Tighten bolt which installs air intake duct (B) on body.

#### Tightening torque:

7.4±2.0 N⋅m (0.75±0.2 kg-m, 5.4±1.4 ft-lb)



21) Tighten bolts which install air cleaner case to stays.

#### Tightening torque:

4.9±0.5 N·m (0.5±0.05 kg-m, 3.6±0.4 ft-lb)



22) Connect connector to intake air temperature sensor.



23) Connect connector to fuel pump relay.



24) Install fuel filler cap.



25) Connect battery ground cable.



## 2. EXCEPT 2200 cc CALIFORNIA SPEC. VEHICLES

1) Install intake manifold onto cylinder heads.

#### CAUTION:

#### Always use new gaskets.

Tightening torque: 25±2 N·m (2.5±0.2 kg-m, 18.1±1.4 ft-lb)



2) Connect fuel hoses.



3) Connect connector to oil pressure switch.



4) Connect connector to crankshaft position sensor.



5) Connect connector to camshaft position sensor.



6) Connect knock sensor connector.



7) Connect connectors to engine coolant temperature sensor.



8) Install air intake chamber stay RH and engine harness bracket, and connect engine harness connectors to bulkhead connectors.



9) Connect brake booster hose.



10) Connect engine coolant hose to throttle body.



11) Connect PCV hose (A) and vacuum hose (B) to intake manifold.



12) Connect spark plug cords to ignition coil and ignitor assembly.



13) Install fuel pipe protector.



- 14) Install power steering pump on bracket.(1) Install power steering pump on bracket, and tighten bolts.
- Tightening torque:

20.1±2.5 N·m (2.05±0.25 kg-m, 14.8±1.8 ft-lb)



(2) Install power steering pipe brackets on the right side of intake manifold.



(3) Install power steering pump drive V-belt.



- (4) Adjust V-belt. <Ref. to 1-5 [G200].>
- (5) Install V-belt covers.



15) Connect accelerator cable.



- 16) Install air cleaner element.
- 17) Install air cleaner upper cover, air intake duct and air intake chamber as a unit.



## SERVICE PROCEDURE

#### CAUTION:

Before installing air cleaner upper cover, align holes with protruding portions of air cleaner lower case, then secure upper cover to lower case.



18) Tighten bolts which install air intake chamber to stays.

#### Tightening torque:

4.9±0.5 N·m (0.5±0.05 kg-m, 3.6±0.4 ft-lb)



19) Connect connector to mass air flow sensor.



20) Connect connector to fuel pump relay.



21) Install fuel filler cap.



22) Connect battery ground cable.



# 5. Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor

- A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION
- 1. 2200 cc CALIFORNIA SPEC. VEHICLES
- 1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Remove bolt which installs air intake duct (A) on the front side of body.



3) Remove bolt which installs air intake duct (B) on body.



4) Remove air intake duct (A) and (B) as a unit.



5) Disconnect connector from engine coolant temperature sensor.



- 6) Remove engine coolant temperature sensor.
- 7) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

#### Tightening torque: 25±3 N·m (2.5±0.3 kg-m, 18.1±2.2 ft-lb)



## 2. EXCEPT 2200 cc CALIFORNIA SPEC. VEHICLES

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Disconnect connector from mass air flow sensor.



3) Loosen clamp which connects air intake duct to air intake chamber.



4) Remove two clips of air cleaner upper cover.



## 6. Crankshaft Position Sensor

- A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION
- 1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Remove bolt which install crankshaft position sensor to cylinder block.



3) Remove crankshaft position sensor, and disconnect connector from it.



## 2. EXCEPT 2200 cc CALIFORNIA SPEC. VEHICLES

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Disconnect connector from mass air flow sensor.



3) Loosen clamp which connects air intake duct to air intake chamber.



4) Remove two clips of air cleaner upper cover.



## 6. Crankshaft Position Sensor

- A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION
- 1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Remove bolt which install crankshaft position sensor to cylinder block.



3) Remove crankshaft position sensor, and disconnect connector from it.



4) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

#### Tightening torque:

6.4±0.5 N·m (0.65±0.05 kg-m, 4.7±0.4 ft-lb)



7. Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor

### A: REMOVAL

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Disconnect connector from front oxygen sensor.



3) Lift-up the vehicle.

4) Apply SUBARU CRC or its equivalent to threaded portion of front oxygen (A/F) sensor, and leave it for one minute or more.

#### SUBARU CRC (Part No. 004301003)

5) Remove front oxygen (A/F) sensor.

#### **CAUTION:**

When removing, do not force front oxygen (A/F) sensor in an unnatural way especially when exhaust pipe is cold, otherwise it will damage exhaust pipe.



4) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

#### Tightening torque:

6.4±0.5 N·m (0.65±0.05 kg-m, 4.7±0.4 ft-lb)



7. Front Oxygen (A/F) Sensor

### A: REMOVAL

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Disconnect connector from front oxygen sensor.



3) Lift-up the vehicle.

4) Apply SUBARU CRC or its equivalent to threaded portion of front oxygen (A/F) sensor, and leave it for one minute or more.

#### SUBARU CRC (Part No. 004301003)

5) Remove front oxygen (A/F) sensor.

#### **CAUTION:**

When removing, do not force front oxygen (A/F) sensor in an unnatural way especially when exhaust pipe is cold, otherwise it will damage exhaust pipe.



## **B: INSTALLATION**

1) Before installing front oxygen (A/F) sensor, apply anti-seize compound only to threaded portion of front oxygen (A/F) sensor to make the next removal easier.

#### Anti-seize compound: SS-30 by JET LUBE

#### CAUTION:

Never apply anti-seize compound to protector of front oxygen (A/F) sensor.



2) Install front oxygen (A/F) sensor.

### Tightening torque:

21±3 N·m (2.1±0.3 kg-m, 15.2±2.2 ft-lb)



3) Lower the vehicle.

4) Connect connector to front oxygen (A/F) sensor.

5) Connect battery ground cable.



## 8. Rear Oxygen Sensor

## A: REMOVAL

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



- 2) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 3) Disconnect connector from rear oxygen sensor.



4) Apply SUBARU CRC or its equivalent to threaded portion of rear oxygen sensor, and leave it for one minute or more.

#### SUBARU CRC (Part No. 004301003)

5) Remove rear oxygen sensor.

#### CAUTION:

When removing, do not force rear oxygen sensor in an unnatural way especially when exhaust pipe is cold, otherwise it will damage exhaust pipe.



## **B: INSTALLATION**

1) Before installing front oxygen (A/F) sensor, apply anti-seize compound only to threaded portion of front oxygen (A/F) sensor to make the next removal easier.

#### Anti-seize compound: SS-30 by JET LUBE

#### CAUTION:

Never apply anti-seize compound to protector of front oxygen (A/F) sensor.



2) Install front oxygen (A/F) sensor.

### Tightening torque:

21±3 N·m (2.1±0.3 kg-m, 15.2±2.2 ft-lb)



3) Lower the vehicle.

4) Connect connector to front oxygen (A/F) sensor.

5) Connect battery ground cable.



## 8. Rear Oxygen Sensor

## A: REMOVAL

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



- 2) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 3) Disconnect connector from rear oxygen sensor.



4) Apply SUBARU CRC or its equivalent to threaded portion of rear oxygen sensor, and leave it for one minute or more.

#### SUBARU CRC (Part No. 004301003)

5) Remove rear oxygen sensor.

#### CAUTION:

When removing, do not force rear oxygen sensor in an unnatural way especially when exhaust pipe is cold, otherwise it will damage exhaust pipe.



## **B: INSTALLATION**

1) Before installing rear oxygen sensor, apply antiseize compound only to threaded portion of rear oxygen sensor to make the next removal easier.

## Anti-seize compound:

SS-30 by JET LUBE

#### CAUTION:

Never apply anti-seize compound to protector of rear oxygen sensor.



2) Install rear oxygen sensor.

#### Tightening torque:

21±3 N·m (2.1±0.3 kg-m, 15.2±2.2 ft-lb)



3) Connect connector to rear oxygen sensor.



- 4) Lower the vehicle.
- 5) Connect battery ground cable.



## 9. Throttle Position Sensor

## A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

#### 1. 2200 cc CALIFORNIA SPEC. VEHICLES

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Disconnect connector from throttle position sensor.



3) Remove throttle position sensor holding screws, and remove throttle position sensor itself.



4) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

#### Tightening torque:

2.2±0.2 N⋅m (0.22±0.02 kg-m, 1.6±0.1 ft-lb)

## CAUTION:

When installing throttle position sensor, adjust the position to match with the specified data.



## 2. EXCEPT 2200 cc CALIFORNIA SPEC. VEHICLES

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Disconnect connector from throttle position sensor.



3) Remove throttle position sensor holding screws, and remove throttle position sensor itself.



4) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

#### Tightening torque:

2.0±0.4 N·m (0.20±0.04 kg-m, 1.4±0.3 ft-lb)

#### CAUTION:

When installing throttle position sensor, adjust the position to match with the specified data.



## **B: ADJUSTMENT**

#### 1. 2200 cc CALIFORNIA SPEC. VEHICLES

- 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2) Loosen throttle position sensor holding screws.



- 3) When using voltage meter;
  - (1) Take out ECM.
  - (2) Turn ignition switch to ON.

(3) Adjust throttle position sensor to the proper position to allow the voltage signal to ECM to be in specification.

#### Connector & terminal / Specified voltage (B136) No. 15 — (B136) No. 17 / 0.45 — 0.55 V

[Fully closed.]



(4) Tighten throttle position sensor holding screws.

#### Tightening torque:

2.0±0.4 N·m (0.20±0.04 kg-m, 1.4±0.3 ft-lb)



4) When using Subaru Select Monitor;

#### NOTE:

For detailed operation procedures, refer to the Subaru Select Monitor Operation Manual.

(1) Insert the cartridge to Subaru Select Monitor. <Ref. to 1-6 [G1100].>



(2) Connect Subaru Select Monitor to the data link connector.

(3) Turn ignition switch to ON, and Subaru Select Monitor switch to ON.

(4) Select {2. Each System Check} in Main Menu.

(5) Select {Engine Control System} in Selection Menu.

(6) Select {1. Current Data Display & Save} in Engine Control System Diagnosis.

(7) Select {1.12 Data Display} in Data Display Menu.

(8) Adjust throttle position sensor to the proper position to match with the following specifications.

#### Condition: Throttle fully closed Throttle opening angle 0.00% Throttle sensor voltage 0.50 V



(9) Tighten throttle position sensor holding screws.

#### Tightening torque:

2.0±0.4 N·m (0.20±0.04 kg-m, 1.4±0.3 ft-lb)



## 2. EXCEPT 2200 cc CALIFORNIA SPEC. VEHICLES

- 1) Turn ignition switch to OFF.
- 2) Loosen throttle position sensor holding screws.



- 3) When using voltage meter;
  - (1) Take out ECM.
  - (2) Turn ignition switch to ON.

(3) Adjust throttle position sensor to the proper position to allow the voltage signal to ECM to be in specification.

#### Connector & terminal / Specified voltage (B136) No. 15 — (B136) No. 17 / 0.45 — 0.55 V

[Fully closed.]



(4) Tighten throttle position sensor holding screws.

#### Tightening torque:

2.0±0.4 N·m (0.20±0.04 kg-m, 1.4±0.3 ft-lb)



4) When using Subaru Select Monitor;

NOTE:

For detailed operation procedures, refer to the Subaru Select Monitor Operation Manual.

(1) Insert the cartridge to Subaru Select Monitor. <Ref. to 1-6 [G1100].>



(2) Connect Subaru Select Monitor to the data link connector.

(3) Turn ignition switch to ON, and Subaru Select Monitor switch to ON.

(4) Select {2. Each System Check} in Main Menu.

(5) Select {Engine Control System} in Selection Menu.

(6) Select {1. Current Data Display & Save} in Engine Control System Diagnosis.

(7) Select {1.12 Data Display} in Data Display Menu.

(8) Adjust throttle position sensor to the proper position to match with the following specifications.

## Condition: Throttle fully closed

Throttle opening angle 0.00% Throttle sensor voltage 0.50 V



(9) Tighten throttle position sensor holding screws.

## Tightening torque:





## **10.** Camshaft Position Sensor A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Disconnect connector from camshaft position sensor.



3) Remove bolt which installs camshaft position sensor to camshaft position sensor support.



4) Remove bolt which installs camshaft position sensor support to camshaft cap LH.



5) Remove camshaft position sensor and camshaft position sensor support as a unit.

6) Remove camshaft position sensor itself.



7) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Tightening torque:

Camshaft position sensor support; 6.4±0.5 N·m (0.65±0.05 kg-m, 4.7±0.4 ft-lb) Camshaft position sensor; 6.4±0.5 N·m (0.65±0.05 kg-m, 4.7±0.4 ft-lb)

## 11. Pressure Sensor

## A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



- 2) Disconnect connector from pressure sensor.
- 3) Disconnect hose from pressure sensor.



4) Remove pressure sensor from bracket.



5) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Tightening torque: 6.4±0.5 N⋅m (0.65±0.05 kg-m, 4.7±0.4 ft-lb)

# 12. Idle Air Control Solenoid Valve

- A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION
- 1. 2200 cc CALIFORNIA SPEC. VEHICLES
- 1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Disconnect connector from idle air control solenoid valve.



3) Disconnect air by-pass hose from idle air control solenoid valve.


# 11. Pressure Sensor

# A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



- 2) Disconnect connector from pressure sensor.
- 3) Disconnect hose from pressure sensor.



4) Remove pressure sensor from bracket.



5) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Tightening torque: 6.4±0.5 N⋅m (0.65±0.05 kg-m, 4.7±0.4 ft-lb)

# 12. Idle Air Control Solenoid Valve

- A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION
- 1. 2200 cc CALIFORNIA SPEC. VEHICLES
- 1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Disconnect connector from idle air control solenoid valve.



3) Disconnect air by-pass hose from idle air control solenoid valve.



#### SERVICE PROCEDURE

4) Remove idle air control solenoid valve from throttle body.



5) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

#### CAUTION:

Replace gasket with a new one.

#### Tightening torque:

3.3±0.4 N·m (0.34±0.045 kg-m, 2.5±0.3 ft-lb)



# 2. EXCEPT 2200 cc CALIFORNIA SPEC. VEHICLES

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Disconnect connector from idle air control solenoid valve.



3) Remove idle air control solenoid valve from throttle body.



4) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

# CAUTION:

Replace gasket with a new one.

Tightening torque: 6.0±0.8 N·m (0.61±0.08 kg-m, 4.4±0.6 ft-lb)



# 13. Pressure SourcesSwitching Solenoid ValveA: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

# 1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Disconnect connector from pressure sources switching solenoid valve.

3) Disconnect hoses from pressure sources switching solenoid valve.



4) Remove pressure sources switching solenoid valve from bracket.



5) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

#### Tightening torque:

6.4±0.5 N·m (0.65±0.05 kg-m, 4.7±0.4 ft-lb)

# 14. Fuel Injector

#### A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

#### 1. RH SIDE

1) Release fuel pressure.

<Ref. to 2-8 [W1B0].>

2) Open fuel flap lid, and remove fuel filler cap.



3) Disconnect battery ground cable.



- 4) Remove component parts of air intake system on California spec. vehicles.
  - (1) Remove air intake duct (A) and (B) as a unit.



# 13. Pressure SourcesSwitching Solenoid ValveA: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

# 1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Disconnect connector from pressure sources switching solenoid valve.

3) Disconnect hoses from pressure sources switching solenoid valve.



4) Remove pressure sources switching solenoid valve from bracket.



5) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

#### Tightening torque:

6.4±0.5 N·m (0.65±0.05 kg-m, 4.7±0.4 ft-lb)

# 14. Fuel Injector

#### A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

#### 1. RH SIDE

1) Release fuel pressure.

<Ref. to 2-8 [W1B0].>

2) Open fuel flap lid, and remove fuel filler cap.



3) Disconnect battery ground cable.



- 4) Remove component parts of air intake system on California spec. vehicles.
  - (1) Remove air intake duct (A) and (B) as a unit.



#### SERVICE PROCEDURE

(2) Remove resonator chamber.



5) Remove component parts of air intake system. (Except California spec. vehicles)

(1) Disconnect connector from mass air flow sensor.



(2) Remove air intake duct and air cleaner upper cover as a unit, and remove air cleaner element. <Ref. to 2-7 [W1A0].>



6) Remove spark plug cords from spark plugs (#1 and #3 cylinders).



7) Remove power steering pump from bracket.(1) Remove V-belt covers.



(2) Loosen lock bolt and slider bolt, and remove power steering pump drive V-belt.



(3) Remove bolts which secure power steering pipe brackets to intake manifold.



(4) Remove bolts which install power steering pump to bracket.



(5) Place power steering pump on the right side wheel apron.



8) Remove band which holds engine harness to fuel injector pipe.



9) Disconnect connector from fuel injector.



10) Remove bolts which install injector pipe to intake manifold.



11) Pull up injector pipe, and remove fuel injector from intake manifold.



12) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

#### CAUTION: Replace O-rings with new ones.

#### Tightening torque: 3.4±0.5 N⋅m (0.35±0.05 kg-m, 2.5±0.4 ft-lb)



#### 2. LH SIDE

- 1) Release fuel pressure. <Ref. to 2-8 [W1B0].>
- 2) Open fuel flap lid, and remove fuel filler cap.



3) Disconnect battery ground cable.



4) Disconnect connector from front window washer motor.

5) Disconnect connector from rear gate glass washer motor. (Wagon only)



6) Disconnect rear window glass washer hose from washer motor, then plug connection with a suitable cap.

7) Remove two bolts which install washer tank on body.



8) Move washer tank, and secure it away from working area.



9) Remove spark plug cords from spark plugs (#1 and #3 cylinders).



10) Remove fuel pipe protector.



11) Remove band which holds engine harness to fuel injector pipe.



12) Disconnect connector from fuel injector.



13) Remove bolts which install injector pipe to intake manifold.



14) Pull up injector pipe, and remove fuel injector from intake manifold.



15) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

#### CAUTION: Replace Orrings

Replace O-rings with new ones.

Tightening torque:

3.4±0.5 N·m (0.35±0.05 kg-m, 2.5±0.4 ft-lb)



# 15. Engine Control Module (ECM)

#### A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Remove side sill front cover. <Ref. to 5-3 [W5A0].>



3) Detach floor mat of front passenger seat.



4) Remove protect cover.



5) Remove nuts which hold ECM to bracket.



6) Remove clip from bracket.



7) Disconnect ECM connectors.



8) Take out ECM.



9) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

#### CAUTION:

When replacing ECM, be careful not to use the wrong spec. ECM to avoid any damage to the fuel injection system.

# 16. Main Relay

# A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Remove bolt which holds bracket of main relay and fuel pump relay.



3) Disconnect connectors from relays.



- (A) Rear accessory power supply relay
- (B) Main relay
- (C) Fuel pump relay

4) Remove main relay from mounting bracket.



5) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

# 17. Fuel Pump Relay

# A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Disconnect connector from fuel pump relay.



3) Remove fuel pump relay from mounting bracket.



4) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

# Air Intake Chamber (Except 2200 cc California Spec. Vehicles)

# A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

1) Loosen clamps which connect air intake chamber to throttle body and air intake duct.



- 2) Disconnect air hoses from air intake chamber.
- 3) Remove bolts which secure air intake chamber to stays.



4) Remove air intake chamber.

5) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

#### Tightening torque:

4.9±0.5 N·m (0.5±0.05 kg-m, 3.6±0.4 ft-lb)

# 17. Fuel Pump Relay

# A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Disconnect connector from fuel pump relay.



3) Remove fuel pump relay from mounting bracket.



4) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

# Air Intake Chamber (Except 2200 cc California Spec. Vehicles)

# A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

1) Loosen clamps which connect air intake chamber to throttle body and air intake duct.



- 2) Disconnect air hoses from air intake chamber.
- 3) Remove bolts which secure air intake chamber to stays.



4) Remove air intake chamber.

5) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

#### Tightening torque:

4.9±0.5 N·m (0.5±0.05 kg-m, 3.6±0.4 ft-lb)

# 19. Knock Sensor

### A: REMOVAL

1) Disconnect battery ground cable from battery ground terminal.



Remove air cleaner assembly.
 (2200 cc California spec. vehicles only)
 <Ref. to 2-7 [W1A0].>



3) Remove air intake chamber.
 (Except 2200 cc California spec. vehicles)
 <Ref. to 2-7 [W18A0].>



4) Remove band which holds knock sensor harness, and disconnect connector from knock sensor.



5) Remove knock sensor from cylinder block.



# **B: INSTALLATION**

1) Install knock sensor to cylinder block.

#### Tightening torque:

#### 23.5±2.9 N·m (2.4±0.3 kg-m, 17.4±2.2 ft-lb)

NOTE:

The knock sensor cord which is extracted from the sensor must be positioned at a 45° angle against the rear side of the engine.



2) Connect knock sensor connector and hold knock sensor harness with band.

3) Install air intake chamber. (Except California spec. vehicles) <Ref. to 2-7 [W18A0].>



4) Install air cleaner assembly. (California spec. vehicles only) <Ref. to 2-7 [W1A0].>



5) Connect battery ground cable to battery ground terminal.



# 20. Intake Manifold Pressure Sensor (2200 cc California Spec. Vehicles only)

#### A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Remove idle air control solenoid valve. <Ref. to</li>2-7 [W12A1].>



3) Disconnect connector from intake manifold pressure sensor.



2) Connect knock sensor connector and hold knock sensor harness with band.

3) Install air intake chamber. (Except California spec. vehicles) <Ref. to 2-7 [W18A0].>



4) Install air cleaner assembly. (California spec. vehicles only) <Ref. to 2-7 [W1A0].>



5) Connect battery ground cable to battery ground terminal.



# 20. Intake Manifold Pressure Sensor (2200 cc California Spec. Vehicles only)

#### A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Remove idle air control solenoid valve. <Ref. to</li>2-7 [W12A1].>



3) Disconnect connector from intake manifold pressure sensor.



4) Remove intake manifold pressure sensor from throttle body.



5) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

#### CAUTION:

Replace gaskets for intake air pressure sensor and idle air control solenoid valve with new ones.

#### Tightening torque:

2.0±0.4 N·m (0.20±0.04 kg-m, 1.4±0.3 ft-lb)



# 21. Intake Air Temperature Sensor (2200 cc California Spec. Vehicles only)

#### A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Disconnect connector from intake air temperature sensor.



3) Remove intake air temperature sensor from air cleaner case.



4) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

4) Remove intake manifold pressure sensor from throttle body.



5) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

#### CAUTION:

Replace gaskets for intake air pressure sensor and idle air control solenoid valve with new ones.

#### Tightening torque:

2.0±0.4 N·m (0.20±0.04 kg-m, 1.4±0.3 ft-lb)



# 21. Intake Air Temperature Sensor (2200 cc California Spec. Vehicles only)

#### A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Disconnect connector from intake air temperature sensor.



3) Remove intake air temperature sensor from air cleaner case.



4) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

MEMO:

2-7

# 1. Fuel System

Fuel tank	Capacity	60 ℓ (15.9 US gal, 13.2 Imp gal)
	Location	Under rear seat
Fuel pump	Туре	Impeller
	Discharge pressure	299.1 kPa (3.05 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 43.4 psi)
	Discharge flow	More than 65 ℓ (17.2 US gal, 14.3 Imp gal)/h [12 V at 300 kPa (3.06 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 43.5 psi)]
Fuel filter		Cartridge type

MEMO:

**2-8 [C100]** 1. Fuel Tank

# 1. Fuel Tank



S2M0877A

#### **COMPONENT PARTS**

- (1) Heat sealed cover
- (2) Fuel tank band
- (3) Protector LH
- (4) Protector RH
- (5) Fuel tank
- (6) Canister hose A
- (7) Clamp
- (8) Fuel pump gasket
- (9) Fuel pump ASSY
- (10) Fuel cut valve gasket
- (11) Fuel cut valve
- (12) Fuel delivery hose A
- (13) Clip
- (14) Joint pipe

- (15) Evaporation hose C
- (16) Evaporation hose B
- (17) Evaporation hose D
- (18) Evaporation hose E
- (19) Evaporation pipe ASSY
- (20) Retainer
- (21) Quick connector
- (22) Jet pump hose A
- (23) Fuel return hose A
- (24) Fuel pipe ASSY
- (25) Jet pump hose B
- (26) Fuel return hose B
- (27) Evaporation hose F
- (28) Fuel sub meter gasket

- (29) Jet pump filter
- (30) Fuel sub meter unit
- (31) Protector cover
- (32) Vent valve hose
- (33) Vent valve
- (34) Fuel tank pressure sensor
- (35) Fuel tank pressure sensor hose
- (36) Vent valve gasket
- Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)
  - T1: 4.4±1.5 (0.45±0.15, 3.3±1.1)
  - *T2: 7.4*±*2.0 (0.75*±*0.2, 5.4*±*1.4)*
  - T3: 33±10 (3.4±1.0, 25±7)

**2-8** [C200] 2. Fuel Line

# 2. Fuel Line



S2M1114A

#### **COMPONENT PARTS**

- (1) Clamp
- (2) Fuel delivery hose A
- (3) Fuel filter bracket
- (4) Fuel filter holder
- (5) Fuel filter cup
- (6) Fuel filter
- (7) Evaporation hose
- (8) Clip
- (9) Fuel delivery hose B
- (10) Fuel return hose
- (11) Roll over valve
- (12) Roll over valve bracket
- (13) Evaporation hose H
- (14) Evaporation hose I
- (15) Evaporation pipe B
- (16) Evaporation hose J
- (17) Evaporation hose K
- (18) Joint pipe

- (19) Canister hose A
- (20) Air filter hose A
- (21) Drain valve hose
- (22) Air filter hose B
- (23) Air filter
- (24) Drain valve
- (25) Canister upper bracket
- (26) Cushion rubber
- (27) Canister lower bracket
- (28) Canister holder
- (29) Evaporation hose L
- (30) Pressure control solenoid valve
- (31) Canister hose B
- (32) Canister
- (33) Fuel pipe ASSY
- (34) Fuel filler pipe
- (35) Evaporation hose M
- (36) Evaporation hose N

- (37) Shut valve
- (38) Packing
- (39) Ring A
- (40) Ring B
- (41) Fuel filler cap
- (42) Fuel filler pipe protector
- (43) Tapping screw
- (44) Evaporation hose O
- (45) Joint pipe
- (46) Evaporation hose P
- (47) Evaporation hose Q
- (48) Evaporation pipe
- Tightening torque: N⋅m (kg-m, ft-lb) T1: 23±7 (2.3±0.7, 16.6±5.1)
  - T2: 25±7 (2.5±0.7, 18.1±5.1)

# 1. On-car Services

# A: PRECAUTIONS

#### WARNING:

- Place "No fire" signs near the working area.
- Disconnect ground terminal from battery.
- Be careful not to spill fuel on the floor.

#### B: RELEASING OF FUEL PRESSURE

1) Disconnect connector from fuel pump relay.



2) Start the engine, and run it until it stalls.

3) After the engine stalls, crank it for five more seconds.

4) Turn ignition switch OFF.

#### **C: DRAINING OF FUEL**

- 1) Release fuel pressure. <Ref. to 2-8 [W1B0].>
- 2) Open fuel flap lid, and remove fuel filler cap.



3) Disconnect battery ground cable.



4) Remove access hole lid.



5) Disconnect connector from fuel pump.



6) Disconnect quick connector, and then disconnect fuel delivery hose (A). <Ref. to 2-8 [W7A0].>
7) Move clips, and then disconnect fuel return hose (B) and jet pump hose (C).



8) Remove nuts which install fuel pump assembly onto fuel tank.



9) Take off fuel pump from fuel tank.



10) Drain fuel from fuel tank by using a hand pump.

#### WARNING:

Do not use a motor pump when draining fuel.



11) Remove fuel sub meter unit. <Ref. to 2-8 [W10A0].>



12) Drain fuel from there.

#### WARNING:

Do not use a motor pump when draining fuel.



13) After draining fuel, reinstall fuel pump and fuel sub meter unit.

Tighten nuts of fuel pump in numerical sequence shown in figure to specified torque.

#### Tightening torque: 4.4±1.5 N⋅m (0.45±0.15 kg-m, 3.3±1.1 ft-lb)





#### D: MEASUREMENT OF FUEL PRESSURE

#### WARNING:

Before removing fuel pressure gauge, release fuel pressure.

NOTE:

If out of specification, check or replace pressure regulator and pressure regulator vacuum hose.

1) Release fuel pressure. <Ref. to 2-8 [W1B0].>

- **2-8** [W1D0] 1. On-car Services
- 2) Open fuel flap lid, and remove fuel filler cap.



3) Disconnect fuel delivery hoses from fuel filter, and connect fuel pressure gauge.



4) Connect connector to fuel pump relay.



5) Start the engine.

6) Measure fuel pressure while disconnecting pressure regulator vacuum hose from collector chamber.

#### Fuel pressure:

, 235 — 265 kPa (2.4 — 2.7 kg/cm², 34 — 38 psi)



7) After connecting pressure regulator vacuum hose, measure fuel pressure.

#### Fuel pressure:

. 177 — 206 kPa (1.8 — 2.1 kg/cm², 26 — 30 psi)



# 2. Fuel Tank

# A: REMOVAL

- 1) Set the vehicle on the lift.
- 2) Release fuel pressure. <Ref. to 2-8 [W1B0].>
- 3) Open fuel flap lid, and remove fuel filler cap.



4) Drain fuel from fuel tank. <Ref. to 2-8 [W1C0].>



5) Disconnect battery ground cable.



6) Remove rear seat cushion. (Sedan model) <Ref. to 5-3 [W2A0].>



7) Move rear seat cushion forward. (Wagon model)



8) Disconnect connector of fuel tank cord from rear harness.



9) Push grommet which holds fuel tank cord on floor panel into the body side.



- 10) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 11) Remove rear exhaust pipe.

(1) Separate rear exhaust pipe from center exhaust pipe.

- (2) Separate rear exhaust pipe from muffler.
- (3) Remove bracket from rubber cushion, and remove exhaust pipe.

#### NOTE:

To facilitate the removal of parts, apply a coat of SUBARU CRC5-56 (Part No. 004301003).



12) Remove muffler assembly. <Ref. to 2-9 [W3A0].>

#### NOTE:

To facilitate the removal of parts, apply a coat of SUBARU CRC5-56 (Part No. 004301003).



13) Remove heat sealed cover.



14) Move clamp, and disconnect evaporation hose from canister.



15) Disconnect hose from joint pipe.



16) Disconnect connector from pressure control solenoid valve.

17) Disconnect connector from drain valve.



18) Disconnect hoses from roll over valve.



19) Remove bolts which hold parking brake cable holding bracket.



- 20) Remove rear differential assembly.
  - (1) Remove rear axle shafts from rear differential assembly.
  - (2) Remove rear differential front cover.
  - (3) Remove propeller shaft.
  - (4) Remove lower differential bracket.
  - (5) Set transmission jack under rear differential.
  - (6) Remove bolts which install rear differential onto rear crossmember.

<Ref. to 3-4 [W2B0].> and <Ref. to 3-4 [W3B0].>



21) Remove rear crossmember. <Ref. to 4-1 [W10A0].>



22) Loosen clamp, and disconnect fuel filler hose (A) and air vent hose (B) from fuel filler pipe and air vent pipe.



- 23) Move clips, and disconnect fuel return hose
- (B) and evaporation hose (C).

24) Disconnect quick connector, and then disconnect fuel delivery hose (A).



25) While holding fuel tank, remove bolts from bands and dismount fuel tank.

#### WARNING:

A helper is required to perform this work.



**2-8 [W2B0]** 2. Fuel Tank

#### **B: INSTALLATION**

1) While a helper holds fuel tank, push fuel tank harness into access hole with grommet.



2) Set fuel tank, and temporary tighten bolts in order to install fuel tank bands.

3) Connect fuel filler hose, and tighten clamp.



4) Connect fuel hoses, and hold then with clips and quick connector. <Ref. to 2-8 [W7A0].>5) Tighten band mounting bolts.

#### Tightening torque:

33±10 N·m (3.4±1.0 kg-m, 25±7 ft-lb)



6) Install rear crossmember. <Ref. to 4-1 [W10C0].>



7) Install rear differential assembly. <Ref. to 3-4 [W2F0].> and <Ref. to 3-4 [W3F0].>



8) Connect connector to drain valve.



9) Connect connector to pressure control solenoid valve.

10) Connect hose to joint pipe.



11) Connect evaporation hose to canister, and hold them with clamp.



12) Connect hoses to roll over valve.



13) Install bolts which hold parking brake holding bracket.



14) Install heat sealed cover.



15) Install muffler assembly. <Ref. to 2-9 [W3A0].>



16) Install rear exhaust pipe. <Ref. to 2-9 [W2B0].>



17) Lower the vehicle.

18) Connect connectors to fuel tank harness, and plug access hole with grommet.



19) Install rear seat cushion. (Sedan model) <Ref. to 5-3 [W2B0].>



20) Set rear seat cushion. (Wagon model)



- 21) Install fuel filler cap.
- 22) Connect connector to fuel pump relay.



23) Connect battery ground cable.



# 3. Fuel Filler Pipe

### A: REMOVAL

- 1) Set the vehicle on the lift.
- 2) Release fuel pressure. <Ref. to 2-8 [W1B0].>
- 3) Open fuel flap lid, and remove fuel filler cap.



4) Drain fuel from fuel tank. <Ref. to 2-8 [W1C0].>



5) Disconnect battery ground cable.



20) Set rear seat cushion. (Wagon model)



- 21) Install fuel filler cap.
- 22) Connect connector to fuel pump relay.



23) Connect battery ground cable.



# 3. Fuel Filler Pipe

### A: REMOVAL

- 1) Set the vehicle on the lift.
- 2) Release fuel pressure. <Ref. to 2-8 [W1B0].>
- 3) Open fuel flap lid, and remove fuel filler cap.



4) Drain fuel from fuel tank. <Ref. to 2-8 [W1C0].>



5) Disconnect battery ground cable.



6) Remove screws which install fuel filler pipe on filler lid open.



- 7) Remove wheel nuts of rear right side.
- 8) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 9) Remove rear right side wheel.



10) Remove bolts which install protector cover on body.



11) While releasing the under side of protector cover from hook, remove it.



12) Disconnect evaporation hoses from pipes.



13) Remove bolts which hold fuel filler pipe bracket.



- 14) Lift-up the vehicle more.
- 15) Remove two evaporation hoses from clip.



16) Disconnect evaporation hose from joint pipe.



#### SERVICE PROCEDURE

**2-8 [W3B0]** 3. Fuel Filler Pipe

17) Loosen clamp, and disconnect fuel filler hose from fuel filler pipe.



18) Remove fuel filler pipe to under side of vehicle.



#### **B: INSTALLATION**

1) Set fuel filler pipe from under side of vehicle, and hold it on fuel filler flap open.



2) Connect fuel filler pipe into fuel filler hose.



3) Lower the vehicle.

4) Temporarily tighten screws which install fuel filler pipe on filler lid open.



5) Tighten bolt which holds fuel filler pipe on body.



6) Connect evaporation hoses to pipes.



- 7) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 8) Tighten clamp bolt which holds fuel filler hose.


9) Install two evaporation hoses to clip.



10) Connect evaporation hose to joint pipe.



11) Lower the vehicle.

12) While holding the under side of protector cover on bracket, install it.



13) Tighten bolts which install protector cover on body.



14) Tighten screws which install fuel filler pipe on filler lid open.



15) Install rear right wheel.



- 16) Install fuel filler cap.
- 17) Connect connector to fuel pump relay.



18) Connect battery ground terminal.



#### SERVICE PROCEDURE

#### C: DISASSEMBLY

1) Move clip, and disconnect evaporation hose from joint pipe.



2) Remove bolt which installs joint pipe on fuel filler pipe.



3) Disconnect evaporation hose from fuel filler pipe.



4) Disconnect evaporation hoses from shut valve.



5) Remove shut valve from fuel filler pipe.



#### D: ASSEMBLY

1) Install shut valve on fuel filler pipe.

```
Tightening torque:
```





2) Connect evaporation hoses to shut valve.



3) Connect evaporation hose to fuel filler pipe.



4) Connect evaporation hose to evaporation pipe.



5) Install evaporation pipe to fuel filler pipe.



#### 4. Fuel Filter

#### A: REMOVAL

- 1) Release fuel pressure. <Ref. to 2-8 [W1B0].>
- 2) Disconnect battery ground cable.



3) Disconnect fuel delivery hoses from fuel filter.



4) Remove filter from holder.

#### **B: INSPECTION**

1) Check the inside of fuel filter for dirt and water sediment.

2) If it is clogged, or if replacement interval has been reached, replace it.

3) If water is found in it, shake and expel the water from inlet port.

4) Connect evaporation hose to evaporation pipe.



5) Install evaporation pipe to fuel filler pipe.



#### 4. Fuel Filter

#### A: REMOVAL

- 1) Release fuel pressure. <Ref. to 2-8 [W1B0].>
- 2) Disconnect battery ground cable.



3) Disconnect fuel delivery hoses from fuel filter.



4) Remove filter from holder.

#### **B: INSPECTION**

1) Check the inside of fuel filter for dirt and water sediment.

2) If it is clogged, or if replacement interval has been reached, replace it.

3) If water is found in it, shake and expel the water from inlet port.

#### **C: INSTALLATION**

#### CAUTION:

 If fuel hoses are damaged at the connecting portion, replace it with a new one.

• If clamps are badly damaged, replace with new ones.

- 1) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
- 2) Tighten hose clamp screws.

Tightening torque:  $1.0^{+0.5}/_{-0}$  N·m  $(0.1^{+0.05}/_{-0}$  kg-m,  $0.7^{+0.4}/_{-0}$ ft-lb)



#### 5. Fuel Pump

#### A: REMOVAL

- 1) Release fuel pressure. <Ref. to 2-8 [W1B0].>
- 2) Open fuel flap lid, and remove fuel filler cap.



3) Disconnect battery ground cable.



4) Disconnect connector from fuel pump.



5) Move clips, and then disconnect fuel delivery hose (A), return hose (B) and jet pump hose (C).

#### **C: INSTALLATION**

#### CAUTION:

 If fuel hoses are damaged at the connecting portion, replace it with a new one.

• If clamps are badly damaged, replace with new ones.

- 1) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
- 2) Tighten hose clamp screws.

Tightening torque:  $1.0^{+0.5}/_{-0}$  N·m  $(0.1^{+0.05}/_{-0}$  kg-m,  $0.7^{+0.4}/_{-0}$ ft-lb)



#### 5. Fuel Pump

#### A: REMOVAL

- 1) Release fuel pressure. <Ref. to 2-8 [W1B0].>
- 2) Open fuel flap lid, and remove fuel filler cap.



3) Disconnect battery ground cable.



4) Disconnect connector from fuel pump.



5) Move clips, and then disconnect fuel delivery hose (A), return hose (B) and jet pump hose (C).

6) Disconnect quick connector, and then disconnect fuel delivery hose (A). <Ref. to 2-8 [W7A0].>



7) Remove nuts which install fuel pump assembly onto fuel tank.

8) Take off fuel pump from fuel tank.



#### **B: INSPECTION**

Connect lead harness to connector terminal of fuel pump, and apply battery power supply to check whether the pump operate.

#### WARNING:

- Wipe off the fuel completely.
- Be sure to turn the battery supply ON and OFF on the battery side.

• Do not run fuel pump for a long time under non-load condition.



#### **C: INSTALLATION**

Installation is in the reverse order of removal. Do the following:

(1) Always use new gaskets.

(2) Ensure sealing portion is free from fuel or foreign particles before installation.

(3) Tighten nuts in numerical sequence shown in Figure to specified torque.

Tightening torque: 4.4±1.5 N⋅m (0.45±0.15 kg-m, 3.3±1.1 ft-lb)



### 6. Fuel Meter Unit

#### A: REMOVAL

#### NOTE:

Fuel meter unit is built in fuel pump assembly.

- 1) Release fuel pressure. <Ref. to 2-8 [W1B0].>
- 2) Open fuel flap lid, and remove fuel filler cap.



3) Disconnect battery ground cable.



4) Disconnect connector from fuel pump.



5) Move clips, and then disconnect fuel return hose (B) and jet pump hose (C).

6) Disconnect quick connector, and then disconnect fuel delivery hose (A). <Ref. to 2-8 [W7A0].>



7) Remove nuts which install fuel pump assembly onto fuel tank.

- 8) Take off fuel pump assembly.
- 9) Disconnect connector from fuel pump bracket.



10) Remove bolt which installs fuel meter unit on mounting bracket.



#### **B: INSTALLATION**

Installation is in the reverse order of removal. Do the following:

(1) Install the fuel meter unit on mounting bracket.



(2) Always use new gaskets.

(3) Ensure sealing portion is free from fuel or foreign particles before installation.

(4) Tighten nuts in alphabetical sequence shown in Figure to specified torque.

#### Tightening torque:

#### 4.4±1.5 N·m (0.45±0.15 kg-m, 3.3±1.1 ft-lb)



# 7. Fuel Delivery, Return and Evaporation Lines

#### A: REMOVAL

1) Release fuel pressure. <Ref. to 2-8 [W1B0].>

2) Open fuel flap lid, and remove fuel filler cap.
 3) Remove inner trim, insulator and rear seat.
 4) emove fuel delivery pipes and hoses, fuel return pipes and hoses, and evaporation pipes and hoses.



5) In engine compartment, detach fuel delivery hose, return hose and evaporation hose.



6) Separate quick connector on fuel deliverly line.(1) Clean pipe and connector, if they are covered with dust.

(2) Hold connector (A) and push retainer (B) down.

(3) Pull out connector (A) from retainer (B).

#### CAUTION:

Replace retainer with new ones.



- (A) Connector
- (B) Retainer
- (C) Pipe

#### **B: INSTALLATION**

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.1) Connect quick connector on fuel delivery line.

#### CAUTION:

• Always use a new retainer.

• Make sure that the connected portion is not damaged or has dust. If necessary, clean sea



- (1) Set new retainer (B) to connector (A).
- (2) Push pipe into connector completely.

#### NOTE:

At this time, two clicking sounds are heard.



- (A) Connector
- (B) Retainer
- (C) Pipe

#### CAUTION:

• Pull the connector to ensure it is connected securely.

• Ensure the two retainer pawls are engaged in their mating positions in the connector.

• Be sure to inspect hoses and their connections for any leakage of fuel.



(A) Connector

- (B) Retainer
- (C) Pipe

2) Connect fuel delivery hose to pipe in engine compartment with an overlap of 20 to 25 mm (0.79 to 0.98 in).

Type A: When fitting length is specified. Type B: When fitting length is not specified.

#### $\ell$ : 1.0 — 4.0 mm (0.039 — 0.157 in)

#### L: 20 — 25 mm (0.79 — 0.98 in)



- (1) Fitting
- (2) Clamp
- (3) Hose

3) Connect return hose and evaporation hose to pipe by approx. 15 mm (0.59 in) from hose end.

#### Fuel return hose:

L = 20 — 25 mm (0.79 — 0.98 in)

Fuel evaporation hose:

L = 15 - 20 mm (0.59 - 0.79 in)

#### **CAUTION:**

Be sure to inspect hoses and their connections for any leakage of fuel.



- (1) Hose
- (2) Clip
- (3) Pipe

#### 8. Roll Over Valve

#### A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

- 1) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 2) Remove roll over valve from bracket.



3) Disconnect hoses from roll over valve, and remove it from bracket.



4) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

#### CAUTION:

- Do not install top side of valve down.
- Before installing bracket on body, securely
- fit concave part of bracket to hole in body.



#### **B: INSPECTION**

1) Connect hoses to roll over valve as shown in Figure.



2) While blowing through open end of hose, tilt valve at least 90° left and right from normal position.

3) Ensure that there is no air flow when hose is tilted greater than 90°.

#### 9. Fuel Cut Valve

#### A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

1) Remove fuel tank. <Ref. to 2-8 [W2A0].>



- 2) Disconnect evaporation hose from fuel cut valve.
- 3) Remove fuel cut valve.



4) Installation is in the reverse order of removal procedure.

#### Tightening torque:

4.4±1.5 N·m (0.45±0.15 kg-m, 3.3±1.1 ft-lb)

### 10. Fuel Sub Meter Unit

#### A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



- 2) Remove fuel filler cap.
- 3) Remove service hole cover.



4) Disconnect connector from fuel sub meter, and disconnect jet pump hose.



#### 9. Fuel Cut Valve

#### A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

1) Remove fuel tank. <Ref. to 2-8 [W2A0].>



- 2) Disconnect evaporation hose from fuel cut valve.
- 3) Remove fuel cut valve.



4) Installation is in the reverse order of removal procedure.

#### Tightening torque:

4.4±1.5 N·m (0.45±0.15 kg-m, 3.3±1.1 ft-lb)

### 10. Fuel Sub Meter Unit

#### A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



- 2) Remove fuel filler cap.
- 3) Remove service hole cover.



4) Disconnect connector from fuel sub meter, and disconnect jet pump hose.



#### SERVICE PROCEDURE

**2-8 [W10A0]** 10. Fuel Sub Meter Unit

5) Remove bolts which install fuel sub meter unit on fuel tank.



6) Remove fuel sub meter unit.



Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
 *Tightening torque:*

T: 4.4±1.5 N⋅m (0.45±0.15 kg-m, 3.3±1.1 ft-lb)



#### 1. Fuel System Trouble in General

		Trouble and possible cause	Corrective action				
1. Insuffici		ply to the injector					
1)	Fuel pump	Fuel pump will not operate.					
	0	Defective terminal contact.	Inspect connections, especially ground, and tighten securely.				
	0	Trouble in electromagnetic or electronic circuit parts.	Replace fuel pump.				
2)		Lowering of fuel pump function.	Replace fuel pump.				
3)		Clogged dust or water in the fuel filter.	Replace fuel filter, clean or replace fuel tank.				
4)		Clogged or bent fuel pipe or hose.	Clean, correct or replace fuel pipe or hose.				
5)		Air is mixed in the fuel system.	Inspect or retighten each connection part.				
6)		Clogged or bent breather tube or pipe.	Clean, correct or replace air breather tube or pipe.				
7)		Damaged diaphragm of pressure regulator.	Replace.				
2. Leakage	or blow out	fuel					
1)		Loosened joints of the fuel pipe.	Retightening.				
2)		Cracked fuel pipe, hose and fuel tank.	Replace.				
3)		Defective welding part on the fuel tank.	Replace.				
4)		Defective drain packing of the fuel tank.	Replace.				
5)		Clogged or bent air breather tube or air vent tube.	Clean, correct or replace air breather tube or air vent tube.				
3. Gasoline	e smell insid	le of compartment	•				
1)		Loose joints at air breather tube, air vent tube and fuel filler pipe.	Retightening.				
2)		Defective packing air tightness on the fuel saucer.	Correct or replace packing.				
3)		Cracked fuel separator.	Replace separator.				
4)		Inoperable fuel pump modulator or circuit.	Replace.				
4. Defectiv	e fuel meter	indicator	•				
1)		Defective operation of fuel meter unit.	Replace.				
2)		Defective operation of fuel meter.	Replace.				
5. Noise							
1)	Large operation noise or vibration of fuel pum		Replace.				

NOTE:

When the vehicle is left unattended for an extended period of time, water may accumulate in the fuel tank. (1) To prevent water condensation:

- Top off the fuel tank or drain the fuel completely.
- Drain water condensation from the fuel filter.
- (2) Refilling the fuel tank:

Refill the fuel tank while there is still some fuel left in the tank.

- (3) Protecting the fuel system against freezing and water condensation:
  - Cold areas

In snow-covered areas, mountainous areas, skiing areas, etc. where ambient temperatures drop below 0°C (32°F) throughout the winter season, use an anti-freeze solution in the cooling system. Refueling will also complement the effect of anti-freeze solution each time the fuel level drops to about one-half. After the winter season, drain water which may have accumulated in the fuel filter and fuel tank in the manner same as that described under Affected areas below.

• Affected areas

When water condensation is notched in the fuel filter, drain water from both the fuel filter and fuel tank or use a water removing agent (or anti-freeze solution) in the fuel tank.

(4) Observe the instructions, notes, etc., indicated on the label affixed to the anti-freeze solution (water removing agent) container before use.

MEMO:

1. Exhaust System

#### A: 2200 cc MODEL



#### **COMPONENT PARTS**

- (1) Upper front exhaust pipe cover CTR
- (2) Lower front exhaust pipe cover CTR
- (3) Band RH
- (4) Band LH
- (5) Upper front exhaust pipe cover LH
- (6) Lower front exhaust pipe cover LH
- (7) Front exhaust pipe
- (8) Lower front exhaust pipe cover RH
- (9) Upper front exhaust pipe cover RH
- (10) Gasket
- (11) Spring

- (12) Rear exhaust pipe
- (13) Self-locking nut
- (14) Gasket
- (15) Muffler
- (16) Cushion rubber
- (17) Clamp
- (18) Upper center exhaust pipe cover
- (19) Center exhaust pipe
- (20) Clamp B
- (21) Upper rear catalytic converter cover
- (22) Lower rear catalytic converter cover
- (23) Rear oxygen sensor

- (24) Front oxygen (A/F) sensor (California spec. vehicle)Front oxygen sensor (Except California spec. vehicle)
- (25) Rear oxygen sensor
- (26) Front catalytic converter
- (27) Lower front catalytic converter cover
- (28) Upper front catalytic converter cover
- (29) Rear catalytic converter
- (39) Gasket

# Tightening torque: N-m (kg-m, ft-lb)T1: $13\pm3$ ( $1.3\pm0.3$ , $9.4\pm2.2$ )T2: $18\pm5$ ( $1.8\pm0.5$ , $13.0\pm3.6$ )T3: $30\pm5$ ( $3.1\pm0.5$ , $22.4\pm3.6$ )T4: $35\pm5$ ( $3.6\pm0.5$ , $26.0\pm3.6$ )T5: $48\pm5$ ( $4.9\pm0.5$ , $35.4\pm3.6$ )

#### B: 2500 cc MODEL



- (1) Upper front exhaust pipe cover CTR
- (2) Lower front exhaust pipe cover CTR
- (3) Band RH
- (4) Band LH
- (5) Upper front exhaust pipe cover LH
- (6) Lower front exhaust pipe cover LH
- (7) Front exhaust pipe
- (8) Lower front exhaust pipe cover RH
- (9) Upper front exhaust pipe cover RH
- (10) Gasket

- (11) Spring
- (12) Rear exhaust pipe
- (13) Self-locking nut
- (14) Gasket
- (15) Muffler
- (16) Cushion rubber
- (17) Clamp
- (18) Upper center exhaust pipe cover
- (19) Center exhaust pipe
- (20) Clamp B
- (21) Upper rear catalytic converter cover
- (22) Lower rear catalytic converter cover
- (23) Front oxygen sensor
- (24) Rear oxygen sensor

- (25) Front catalytic converter
- (26) Lower front catalytic converter cover
- (27) Upper front catalytic converter cover
- (28) Gasket
- (29) Rear catalytic converter
- (30) Gasket

Tightening torque: N⋅m (kg-m, ft-lb) T1: 13±3 (1.3±0.3, 9.4±2.2)

- T2: 18±5 (1.8±0.5, 13.0±3.6)
- T3: 30±5 (3.1±0.5, 22.4±3.6)
- T4: 35±5 (3.6±0.5, 26.0±3.6) T5: 48±5 (4.9±0.5, 35.4±3.6)

# 1. Front Exhaust Pipe and Center Exhaust Pipe

#### A: REMOVAL

1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



2) Disconnect front oxygen sensor connector.



- 3) Lift-up the vehicle.
- 4) Disconnect rear oxygen sensor connector.



5) Separate front and center exhaust pipe assembly from rear exhaust pipe.

#### WARNING:

#### Be careful, exhaust pipe is hot.



6) Remove bolts which hold front exhaust pipe onto cylinder heads.

#### CAUTION:

Be careful not to pull down front and center exhaust pipe assembly.



7) Remove bolt which installs front and center exhaust pipe assembly to hanger bracket.



8) Remove front and center exhaust pipe assembly from the vehicle.

#### CAUTION:

• Be careful not to let front and center exhaust pipe assembly fall off when removing as it is quite heavy.

• After removing front and center exhaust assembly, do not apply excessive pulling force on rear exhaust pipe.

9) Separate front exhaust pipe from front catalytic converter and center exhaust pipe assembly.



#### **B: INSTALLATION**

1) Install front exhaust pipe to front catalytic converter and center exhaust pipe assembly.

#### CAUTION:

Replace gaskets with new ones.

#### Tightening torque:

30±5 N·m (3.1±0.5 kg-m, 22.4±3.6 ft-lb)



2) Install front and center exhaust pipe assembly to the vehicle.

3) Temporarily tighten bolt which installs front and center exhaust pipe assembly to hanger bracket.



4) Tighten bolts which hold front exhaust pipe onto cylinder heads.

#### Tightening torque:

30±5 N⋅m (3.1±0.5 kg-m, 22.4±3.6 ft-lb)



5) Tighten bolts which install front and center exhaust pipe assembly to rear exhaust pipe.

#### Tightening torque: 18±5 N·m (1.8±0.5 kg-m, 13.0±3.6 ft-lb)



6) Tighten bolt which holds front and center exhaust pipe assembly to hanger bracket.

#### Tightening torque:

35±5 N·m (3.6±0.5 kg-m, 26.0±3.6 ft-lb)



7) Connect rear oxygen sensor connector.



- 8) Lower the vehicle.
- 9) Connect front oxygen sensor connector.



10) Connect battery ground cable.



### 2. Rear Exhaust Pipe

#### A: REMOVAL

1) Separate rear exhaust pipe from front catalytic converter.



2) Separate rear exhaust pipe from muffler.

#### CAUTION:

Be careful not to pull down front exhaust pipe and front catalytic converter.



3) Remove rear exhaust pipe bracket from rubber cushion.

#### NOTE:

To facilitate removal, apply a coat of SUBARU CRC to pipe bracket in advance.



7) Connect rear oxygen sensor connector.



- 8) Lower the vehicle.
- 9) Connect front oxygen sensor connector.



10) Connect battery ground cable.



### 2. Rear Exhaust Pipe

#### A: REMOVAL

1) Separate rear exhaust pipe from front catalytic converter.



2) Separate rear exhaust pipe from muffler.

#### CAUTION:

Be careful not to pull down front exhaust pipe and front catalytic converter.



3) Remove rear exhaust pipe bracket from rubber cushion.

#### NOTE:

To facilitate removal, apply a coat of SUBARU CRC to pipe bracket in advance.



#### **B: INSTALLATION**

#### CAUTION:

#### Replace gaskets with new ones.

1) Install rear exhaust pipe bracket to rubber cushion.

#### NOTE:

To facilitate installation, apply a coat of SUBARU CRC to mating area of rubber cushion in advance.

#### SUBARU CRC (Part No. 004301003)



2) Install rear exhaust pipe to muffler.

#### Tightening torque:

#### 48±5 N·m (4.9±0.5 kg-m, 35.4±3.6 ft-lb)



3) Install rear exhaust pipe to front catalytic converter.

#### Tightening torque:

18±5 N·m (1.8±0.5 kg-m, 13.0±3.6 ft-lb)



#### 3. Muffler

#### A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

1) Separate muffler from rear exhaust pipe.



2) Remove left and right rubber cushions.

#### CAUTION:

## Be careful not to pull down front exhaust pipe and front catalytic converter.

#### NOTE:

To facilitate removal, apply a coat of SUBARU CRC to mating area of rubber cushions in advance.

#### SUBARU CRC (Part No. 004301003)



3) Remove front rubber cushion, and detach muffler assembly.

#### NOTE:

To facilitate removal, apply a coat of SUBARU CRC to mating area of rubber cushion in advance.



#### **B: INSTALLATION**

#### CAUTION:

#### Replace gaskets with new ones.

1) Install rear exhaust pipe bracket to rubber cushion.

#### NOTE:

To facilitate installation, apply a coat of SUBARU CRC to mating area of rubber cushion in advance.

#### SUBARU CRC (Part No. 004301003)



2) Install rear exhaust pipe to muffler.

#### Tightening torque:

#### 48±5 N·m (4.9±0.5 kg-m, 35.4±3.6 ft-lb)



3) Install rear exhaust pipe to front catalytic converter.

#### Tightening torque:

18±5 N·m (1.8±0.5 kg-m, 13.0±3.6 ft-lb)



#### 3. Muffler

#### A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

1) Separate muffler from rear exhaust pipe.



2) Remove left and right rubber cushions.

#### CAUTION:

## Be careful not to pull down front exhaust pipe and front catalytic converter.

#### NOTE:

To facilitate removal, apply a coat of SUBARU CRC to mating area of rubber cushions in advance.

#### SUBARU CRC (Part No. 004301003)



3) Remove front rubber cushion, and detach muffler assembly.

#### NOTE:

To facilitate removal, apply a coat of SUBARU CRC to mating area of rubber cushion in advance.



4) Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

## CAUTION: Replace gasket with a new one.

Tightening torque: 48±5 N⋅m (4.9±0.5 kg-m, 35.4±3.6 ft-lb)



MEMO:

2-9

## 1. Specifications

				2200 cc	2500 cc
Clutch cover	Diaphragm set load		kg (lb)	450 (992)	580 (1,279)
	Facing material			Woven	
	$\text{O.D.} \times \text{I.D.} \times \text{thickness}$		mm (in)	225  imes 150  imes 3.5 (8.86 $ imes 5.91  imes 0.138$ )	
Olutah dias	Spline O.D. (No. of teeth)		mm (in)	25.2 (0.992) (24)	
Clutch disc	Depth of rivet head mm	Standard		1.3 — 1.9 (0.051 — 0.075)	1.65 — 2.25 (0.0650 — 0.0886)
	(in)	Limit of sinking		0.3 (0.012)	
	Limit for runout		mm (in)	1.0 (0.039) at R = 107 (4.21)	
Clutch release lev	er ratio		3.0	1.6	
Release lever	Stroke		mm (in)	24 — 26 (0.94 — 1.02)	12 — 13.6 (0.472 — 0.535)
Release level	Play at release lever center		mm (in)	3 — 4 (0.12 — 0.16)	_
Release bearing		Grease-packed self-aligning			
Clutch pedal Full stroke			mm (in)	140 — 145 (5.51 — 5.71)	130 — 135 (5.12 — 5.31)

O.D.; Outer Diameter I.D.; Inner Diameter

## 1. Clutch System

#### A: MECHANICAL APPLICATION TYPE



- (1) Clutch cable bracket
- (2) Clutch release lever sealing
- (3) Pivot
- (4) Retainer spring
- (5) Clutch release lever

- (6) Clip
- (7) Clutch release bearing
- (8) Clutch cover
- (9) Clutch disc
- (10) Flywheel

- (11) Return spring
- (12) Clutch return spring bracket

Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb) T: 15.7±1.5 (1.6±0.15, 11.6±1.1)

#### **B: HYDRAULIC APPLICATION TYPE**



- (1) Operating cylinder
- (2) Washer
- (3) Clutch hose
- (4) Bracket
- (5) Clip
- (6) Pipe
- (7) Master cylinder ASSY
- (8) Clevis pin
- (9) Snap pin

- (10) Lever
- (11) Clutch release lever sealing
- (12) Retainer spring
- (13) Pivot
- (14) Release lever
- (15) Clip
- (16) Release bearing
- (17) Clutch cover
- (18) Clutch disc

(19) Flywheel

 Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)

 T1: 15.7±1.5 (1.6±0.15, 11.6±1.1)

 T2: 18±3 (1.8±0.3, 13.0±2.2)

 T3: 37±3 (3.8±0.3, 27.5±2.2)

## 2. Master Cylinder and Reservoir Tank



- Reservoir tank (2)
- (3) Oil seal
- (4) Straight pin

- Seat (6)
- Return spring (7)
- (8) Piston

(10) Piston stop ring

#### 1. General

4) Check for proper clutch disengagement and clutch pedal return ability.

#### A: PRECAUTION

#### **1. MECHANICAL APPLICATION TYPE**

When servicing clutch system, pay attention to the following items.

1) Check the routing of clutch cable for smoothness.

2) Excessive tightness or looseness of clutch cable have a bad influence upon the cable durability.

3) Apply grease sufficiently to the connecting portion of clutch pedal.

4) Apply grease sufficiently to the release lever portion.

5) Position clutch cable through the center of toe board hole and route it smoothly. Adjustment is done by moving the outer cable.

6) Make sure not to let the clutch chatter when starting forward or rearward. If clutch chattering occurs, readjust so that the bend of clutch outer cable becomes flatter.

#### 2. HYDRAULIC APPLICATION TYPE

When servicing clutch system, pay attention to the following items.

1) Check fluid level using a scale on outside of reservoir tank. If the level is below "MIN", add brake fluid to bring it up to "MAX".

#### Recommended brake fluid:

*FMVSS No. 116, fresh DOT3 or DOT4 brake fluid* 

CAUTION:

• Avoid mixing different brakes of brake fluid to prevent degradation of the fluid.

• Be careful not to allow dirt or dust to get into the reservoir tank.

• Use fresh DOT3 or DOT4 brake fluid when refilling fluid.



2) Make sure that brake fluid does not leak from master cylinder, operating cylinder and piping.3) Apply grease sufficiently to the release lever pinion.

#### 2. On-car Service

#### A: ADJUSTMENT

#### **1. MECHANICAL APPLICATION TYPE**

 Remove release lever return spring from lever.
 Adjust spherical nut so that the play is within the specified value at the lever end (center of spherical nut).

#### CAUTION:

Take care not to twist the cable during adjustment.

Play: 3 — 4 mm (0.12 — 0.16 in)



3) Upon completion of adjustment, securely lock spherical nut with lock nut.



4) Install return spring on lever.

#### NOTE:

Hook the long hook side of the return spring with the lever.

5) Depress clutch pedal to assure there is no abnormality in the clutch system.



#### 2. HYDRAULIC APPLICATION TYPE

Bleed air from oil line with the help of a co-worker. 1) Remove air chamber.

2) Fit one end of a vinyl tube into the air bleeder of operating cylinder and put the other end into a brake fluid container.



3) Slowly depress the clutch pedal and keep it depressed. Then open the air bleeder to discharge air together with the fluid.

Release the air bleeder for 1 or 2 seconds. Next, with the bleeder closed, slowly release the clutch pedal.



4) Repeat these steps until there are no more air bubbles in the vinyl tube.

#### **CAUTION:**

Cover bleeder with waste cloth when loosening it, to prevent brake fluid from being splashed over surrounding parts.

#### 5) Tighten air bleeder.

#### Tightening torque:

#### T: 18±3 N·m (1.8±0.3 kg-m, 13.0±2.2 ft-lb)



6) After depressing the clutch pedal, make sure that there are no leaks evident in the entire system.7) After bleeding air from system, ensure that clutch operates properly.

#### 3. Release Bearing and Lever

#### A: REMOVAL

#### **1. MECHANICAL APPLICATION TYPE**

- 1) Remove release lever return spring.
- 2) Remove the two clips from clutch release lever and remove release bearing.

#### CAUTION:

- Be careful not to deform clips.
- 3) Remove release lever seal.



- (A) Release lever return spring
- (B) Clip
- (C) Release lever
- (D) Release lever seal
- (E) Retainer spring
- (F) Clutch release bearing

4) Remove release lever retainer spring from release lever pivot with a screwdriver by accessing it through clutch housing release lever hole. Then remove release lever.



#### 5) Tighten air bleeder.

#### Tightening torque:

#### T: 18±3 N·m (1.8±0.3 kg-m, 13.0±2.2 ft-lb)



6) After depressing the clutch pedal, make sure that there are no leaks evident in the entire system.7) After bleeding air from system, ensure that clutch operates properly.

#### 3. Release Bearing and Lever

#### A: REMOVAL

#### **1. MECHANICAL APPLICATION TYPE**

- 1) Remove release lever return spring.
- 2) Remove the two clips from clutch release lever and remove release bearing.

#### CAUTION:

- Be careful not to deform clips.
- 3) Remove release lever seal.



- (A) Release lever return spring
- (B) Clip
- (C) Release lever
- (D) Release lever seal
- (E) Retainer spring
- (F) Clutch release bearing

4) Remove release lever retainer spring from release lever pivot with a screwdriver by accessing it through clutch housing release lever hole. Then remove release lever.


## 2. HYDRAULIC APPLICATION TYPE

1) Remove transmission assembly from vehicle body.

<Ref. to 2-11 [W2B0].>

2) Remove the two clips from clutch release lever and remove release bearing.

## CAUTION:

## Be careful not to deform clips.

3) Remove release lever seal.



- (A) Operating cylinder
- (B) Clip
- (C) Clutch release lever
- (D) Release bearing
- (E) Release lever seal

4) Remove release lever retainer spring from release lever pivot with a screwdriver by accessing it through clutch housing release lever hole. Then remove release lever.



## **B: INSPECTION**

## 1. RELEASE BEARING

## CAUTION:

Since this bearing is grease sealed and is of a nonlubrication type, do not wash with gasoline or any solvent when servicing the clutch.

1) Check the bearing for smooth movement by applying force in the radial direction.



2) Check the bearing for smooth rotation by applying pressure in the thrust direction.



3) Check wear and damage of bearing case surface contacting with lever.

## 2. RELEASE LEVER

Check lever pivot portion and the point of contact with release bearing case for wear.



## **C: INSTALLATION**

## 1. MECHANICAL APPLICATION TYPE

#### CAUTION:

Before or during assembling, lubricate the following points with a light coat of grease.

- Contact surface of lever and pivot
- Contact surface of lever and bearing
- Transmission main shaft spline (Use grease

containing molybdenum disulphide.)

1) While pushing release lever to pivot and twisting it to both sides, fit retainer spring onto the constricted portion of pivot.

## NOTE:

Confirm that retainer spring is securely fitted by observing it through the main case hole.

2) Install release bearing and fasten it with two clips.

3) Install release lever seal.



(A) Release lever return spring

- (B) Clip
- (C) Release lever
- (D) Release lever seal
- (E) Retainer spring
- (F) Clutch release bearing

4) After remounting engine and transmission on body, make adjustment of the clutch release lever end play.

#### CAUTION:

Take care not to twist the cable during adjustment.



5) Install release lever return spring.

#### NOTE:

Hook up the return spring to right side hole of the release lever.

## 2. HYDRAULIC APPLICATION TYPE

#### **CAUTION:**

Before or during assembling, lubricate the following points with a light coat of grease.

- Inner groove of release bearing
- Contact surface of lever and pivot
- Contact surface of lever and bearing
- Transmission main shaft spline (Use grease containing molybdenum disulphide.)

1) While pushing release lever to pivot and twisting it to both sides, fit retainer spring onto the constricted portion of pivot.

NOTE:

• Apply grease (SUNLIGHT 2: P/N 003602010) to contact point of release lever and operating cylinder.

• Confirm that retainer spring is securely fitted by observing it through the main case hole.

2) Install release bearing and fasten it with two clips.

- 3) Install release lever seal.
- 4) Install operating cylinder.

Tightening torque: T: 37±3 N⋅m (3.8±0.3 kg-m, 27.5±2.2 ft-lb)



- (A) Release lever
- (B) Retainer spring
- (C) Release bearing
- (D) Clip
- (E) Release lever seal
- (F) Operating cylinder

5) After remounting engine and transmission on body.

<Ref. to 2-11 [W2C0].>

6) Bleed air from oil line with the help of a co-worker.

<Ref. to 2-10 [W2A2].>

## 4. Clutch Disc and Cover

## A: REMOVAL

1) Install ST on flywheel.

ST 498497100 CRANKSHAFT STOPPER



2) Remove clutch cover and clutch disc.

## CAUTION:

• Take care not to allow oil on the clutch disc facing.

• Do not disassemble either clutch cover or clutch disc.

3) Remove flywheel.



## **B: INSPECTION**

## 1. CLUTCH DISC

#### 1) Facing wear

Measure the depth of rivet head from the surface of facing. Replace if facings are worn locally or worn down to less than the specified value.

## CAUTION:

Do not wash clutch disc with any cleaning fluid.

## Depth of rivet head:

Standard value 2200 cc model: 1.3 — 1.9 mm (0.051 — 0.075 in) 2500 cc model: 1.65 — 2.25 mm (0.0650 — 0.0886 in) Limit of sinking 0.3 mm (0.012 in)



## 2) Hardened facing

Correct by using emery paper or replace.

3) Oil soakage on facing

Replace clutch disc and inspect transmission front oil seal, transmission case mating surface, engine rear oil seal and other points for oil leakage.



## 4) Deflection on facing

If deflection exceeds the specified value at the outer circumference of facing, repair or replace.

## Limit for deflection:

1.0 mm (0.039 in) at R = 107 mm (4.21 in)



5) Worn spline, loose rivets and torsion spring failure Replace defective parts.



## 2. CLUTCH COVER

Visually check for the following items without disassembling, and replace or repair if defective.

1) Loose thrust rivet.

2) Damaged or worn bearing contact area at center of diaphragm spring.



3) Damaged or worn disc contact surface of pressure plate.

- 4) Loose strap plate setting bolt.
- 5) Worn diaphragm sliding surface.



## 3. FLYWHEEL

#### **CAUTION:**

Since this bearing is grease sealed and is of a non-lubrication type, do not wash with gasoline or any solvent.

1) Damage of facing and ring gear If defective, replace flywheel.



2) Smoothness of rotation

Rotate ball bearing applying pressure in thrust direction.

3) If noise or excessive play is noted, replace flywheel.

## **C: INSTALLATION**

- 1) Install flywheel and ST.
- ST 498497100 CRANKSHAFT STOPPER



2) Tighten the flywheel attaching bolts to the specified torque.

#### NOTE:

Tighten flywheel installing bolts gradually. Each bolt should be tightened to the specified torque in a crisscross fashion.





3) Insert ST into the clutch disc and install them on the flywheel by inserting the ST end into the pilot bearing.





4) Install clutch cover on flywheel and tighten bolts to the specified torque.

## NOTE:

• When installing the clutch cover on the flywheel, position the clutch cover so that there is a gap of 120° or more between "0" marks on the flywheel and clutch cover. ("0" marks indicate the directions of residual unbalance.)

• Note the front and rear of the clutch disc when installing.

• Tighten clutch cover installing bolts gradually. Each bolt should be tightened to the specified torque in a crisscross fashion.

## Tightening torque:

## 15.7±1.5 N·m (1.6±0.15 kg-m, 11.6±1.1 ft-lb)

- 5) Remove ST.
- ST 499747100 CLUTCH DISC GUIDE



# 5. Operating Cylinder

## A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

1) Remove air chamber. <Ref. to 2-7 [W18A0].>



2) Remove clutch hose from operating cylinder.

## **CAUTION:**

Cover hose joint to prevent brake fluid from flowing out.



3) Remove operating cylinder from transmission.



4) Install clutch cover on flywheel and tighten bolts to the specified torque.

## NOTE:

• When installing the clutch cover on the flywheel, position the clutch cover so that there is a gap of 120° or more between "0" marks on the flywheel and clutch cover. ("0" marks indicate the directions of residual unbalance.)

• Note the front and rear of the clutch disc when installing.

• Tighten clutch cover installing bolts gradually. Each bolt should be tightened to the specified torque in a crisscross fashion.

## Tightening torque:

## 15.7±1.5 N·m (1.6±0.15 kg-m, 11.6±1.1 ft-lb)

- 5) Remove ST.
- ST 499747100 CLUTCH DISC GUIDE



# 5. Operating Cylinder

## A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

1) Remove air chamber. <Ref. to 2-7 [W18A0].>



2) Remove clutch hose from operating cylinder.

## **CAUTION:**

Cover hose joint to prevent brake fluid from flowing out.



3) Remove operating cylinder from transmission.



Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
 NOTE:

Before installing operating cylinder, apply grease (SUNLIGHT 2: P/N 003602010) to contact point of release lever and operating cylinder.

#### Tightening torque:

T1: 18±3 N·m (1.8±0.3 kg-m, 13.0±2.2 ft-lb) T2: 37±3 N·m (3.8±0.3 kg-m, 27.5±2.2 ft-lb)



5) After bleeding air from operating cylinder, ensure that clutch operates properly. <Ref. to 2-10 [W2A2].>

# 6. Master Cylinder and Reservoir Tank

## A: REMOVAL

1) Thoroughly drain brake fluid from reservoir tank.

2) Remove snap pin, clevis pin and separate push rod of master cylinder from clutch pedal.



- 3) Remove clutch pipe from master cylinder.
- 4) Remove master cylinder with reservoir tank.

## **CAUTION:**

Be extremely careful not to spill brake fluid. Brake fluid spilt on the vehicle body will harm the paint surface; wipe it off quickly if spilt.



## **B: DISASSEMBLY**

1) Remove straight pin and reservoir tank.



Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
 NOTE:

Before installing operating cylinder, apply grease (SUNLIGHT 2: P/N 003602010) to contact point of release lever and operating cylinder.

#### Tightening torque:

T1: 18±3 N·m (1.8±0.3 kg-m, 13.0±2.2 ft-lb) T2: 37±3 N·m (3.8±0.3 kg-m, 27.5±2.2 ft-lb)



5) After bleeding air from operating cylinder, ensure that clutch operates properly. <Ref. to 2-10 [W2A2].>

# 6. Master Cylinder and Reservoir Tank

## A: REMOVAL

1) Thoroughly drain brake fluid from reservoir tank.

2) Remove snap pin, clevis pin and separate push rod of master cylinder from clutch pedal.



- 3) Remove clutch pipe from master cylinder.
- 4) Remove master cylinder with reservoir tank.

## **CAUTION:**

Be extremely careful not to spill brake fluid. Brake fluid spilt on the vehicle body will harm the paint surface; wipe it off quickly if spilt.



## **B: DISASSEMBLY**

1) Remove straight pin and reservoir tank.



- **2-10** [W6C0] 6. Master Cylinder and Reservoir Tank
- 2) Remove oil seal.



3) Move the cylinder boot backward.



4) Remove snap ring.

## CAUTION:

Be careful when removing the snap ring to prevent the rod, washer, piston and return spring from flying out.

## **C: INSPECTION**

If any damage, deformation, wear, swelling, rust or other faults are found on the cylinder, piston, push rod, fluid reservoir, return spring and gasket, replace the faulty part.



- (A) Master cylinder body
- (B) Return spring
- (C) Piston
- (D) Snap ring
- (E) Rod ASSY

## D: ASSEMBLY

## CAUTION:

Apply a coat of grease to the contacting surfaces of the push rod and piston before installation.

1) To assemble the master cylinder reverse the sequence of disassembly procedure.

2) Install damper cylinder washer. Install damper cylinder and tighten to the specified torque.

## Tightening torque:

*T:* 46.6±7.4 *N*·*m* (4.75±0.75 kg-m, 34.4±5.4 ft-lb)

## **E: INSTALLATION**

1) Install master cylinder to body, and install clutch pipe to master cylinder.

## CAUTION:

Check that pipe is routed properly.

## Tightening torque:

T: 18±3 N·m (1.8±0.3 kg-m, 13.0±2.2 ft-lb)



2) Connect push rod of master cylinder to clutch pedal, and install clevis pin and snap pin.

### NOTE:

Apply grease to clevis pin.



- (A) Clevis pin
- (B) Snap pin
- (C) Push rod

 After bleeding air from system, ensure that clutch operates properly.
 <Ref. to 2-10 [W2A2].>

## 7. Brake Fluid

## A: REPLACEMENT

#### CAUTION:

• The FMVSS No. 116, fresh DOT3 or 4 brake fluid must be used.

• Cover bleeder with waste cloth, when loosening it, to prevent brake fluid from being splashed over surrounding parts.

• Avoid mixing different brands of brake fluid to prevent degrading the quality of the fluid.

• Be careful not to allow dirt or dust to get into the reservoir tank.

#### NOTE:

• During bleeding operation, keep the clutch reserve tank filled with brake fluid to eliminate entry of air.

• Clutch pedal operating must be very slow.

• For convenience and safety, it is advisable to have two men working.

• The amount of brake fluid required is approximately 70 m $\ell$  (2.4 US fl oz, 2.5 Imp fl oz) for total clutch system.

1) Either jack-up vehicle and place a safety stand under it, or lift-up vehicle.

2) Remove both front and rear wheels.

3) Draw out the brake fluid from reserve tank with syringe.

4) Refill reservoir tank with recommended brake fluid.

#### Recommended brake fluid:

# FMVSS No. 116, fresh DOT3 or 4 brake fluid

5) Bleed air from oil line with the help of a co-worker.

<Ref. to 2-10 [W2A2].>

# 1. Clutch Trouble in General

Symptom	Possible cause	Corrective action
1. Clutch slippage	(a) No clutch pedal play	Readjust.
It is hard to perceive clutch slippage in		
the early stage, but pay attention to the		
following symptoms.	(b) No release lever end play	Readjust.
• Engine revs up when shifting.		
<ul> <li>High speed driving is impossible; especially rapid acceleration impossible and vehicle speed does not increase in proportion to an increase in engine speed.</li> <li>Power falls, particularly when ascend- ing a slope, and there is a smell of burn- ing of the clutch facing.</li> <li>Method of testing: Put the vehicle in stationary condition with parking brake fully applied. Disengage the clutch and</li> </ul>	(c) Clutch facing smeared by oil	Replace.
	(d) Worn clutch facing	Replace.
	(e) Deteriorated diaphragm spring	Replace.
	(e) Detenorated diaprilagin spring	Replace.
	(f) Distorted pressure plate or flywheel	Correct or replace.
shift the transmission gear into the first.		
Gradually allow the clutch to engage	(a) Defective release beering helder	Correct or replace
while gradually increasing the engine	(g) Defective release bearing holder	Correct or replace.
speed. The clutch function is satisfactory		
if the engine stalls. However, the clutch	(h) Defective pedal and cable system	Correct or replace.
is slipping if the vehicle does not start off		
and the engine does not stall. 2. Clutch drags.	(a) Excessive clutch pedal play	Readjust.
As a symptom of this trouble, a harsh	(b) Excessive clutch release lever play	Readjust.
scratching noise develops and control becomes quite difficult when shifting gears. The symptom becomes more apparent when shifting into the first gear.	(c) Worn or rusty clutch disc hub spline	Replace clutch disc.
		•
	(d) Excessive deflection of clutch disc facing	Correct or replace.
However, because much trouble of this	•	Devile er
sort is due to defective synchronization	(e) Seized crankshaft pilot needle bear-	Replace.
mechanism, carry out the test as	ing	
<ul> <li>Method of testing: <ref. 2-10<="" li="" to=""> <li>[K1A0].&gt;</li> </ref.></li></ul>	(f) Malfunction of pedal and cable sys-	Correct or replace.
It may be judged as insufficient disen-	(g) Cracked clutch disc facing	Replace.
gagement of clutch if any noise occurs	(h) Sticked clutch disc (smeared by oil or	Replace.
during this test.	water)	Querra et
3. Clutch chatters. Clutch chattering is an unpleasant vibra- tion to the whole body when the vehicle is just started with clutch partially engaged.	(a) Improper clutch cable routing	Correct.
	(b) Adhesion of oil on the facing	Replace clutch disc.
	(c) Weak or broken torsion spring	Replace clutch disc.
	(d) Defective facing contact or excessive disc	Replace clutch disc defection.
	(e) Warped pressure plate or flywheel	Correct or replace.
	(f) Loose disc rivets	Replace clutch disc.
	(g) Loose engine mounting	Retighten or replace mounting.
	(h) Improper adjustment of pitching stop-	Adjustment.
	per	
4. Noisy clutch Examine whether the noise is generated when the clutch is disengaged, engaged, or partially engaged.	(a) Broken, worn or unlubricated release	Replace release bearing.
	bearing	
	(b) Insufficient lubrication of pilot bearing	Apply grease.
	(c) Loose clutch disc hub	Replace clutch disc.
	(d) Loose torsion spring retainer	Replace clutch disc.
	(e) Deteriorated or broken torsion spring	Replace clutch disc.

## DIAGNOSTICS

Symptom	Possible cause	Corrective action
5. Clutch grabs. When starting the vehicle with the clutch partially engaged, the clutch engages suddenly and the vehicle jumps instead of making a smooth start.	(a) Grease or oil on facing	Replace clutch disc.
	(b) Deteriorated cushioning spring	Replace clutch disc.
	(c) Worn or rusted spline of clutch disc or main	Take off rust, apply grease or replace clutch shaft disc or mainshaft.
	(d) Deteriorated or broken torsion spring	Replace clutch disc.
	(e) Loose engine mounting	Retighten or replace mounting.
	(f) Deteriorated diaphragm spring	Replace.

## A: DIAGNOSTIC DIAGRAM OF CLUTCH DRAG



5. Excessive clutch pedal play

B2M1012A

**2-11** [C100] 1. Engine Mounting

# 1. Engine Mounting



(1) Front cushion rubber

(2) Front engine mounting bracket

 Tightening torque: N-m (kg-m, ft-lb)

 T1: 26±7 (2.7±0.7, 19.5±5.1)

 T2: 41±10 (4.2±1.0, 30±7)

 T3: 83±15 (8.5±1.5, 61±11)

# 2. Transmission Mounting

## A: MT MODEL



- (1) Pitching stopper
- (2) Spacer
- (3) Cushion C
- (4) Front plate
- (5) Rear cushion rubber
- (6) Rear crossmember
- (7) Cushion D

- (8) Center crossmember
- (9) Rear plate
- (10) Front crossmember

Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)

T1: 33±5 (3.4±0.5, 24.6±3.6) T2: 37±10 (3.8±1.0, 27±7) T3: 49±5 (5.0±0.5, 36.2±3.6) T4: 57±10 (5.8±1.0, 42±7) T5: 69±15 (7.0±1.5, 51±11)

T6: 137±20 (14±2, 101±14)

## **B: AT MODEL**



- (1) Pitching stopper
- (2) Rear cushion rubber
- (3) Crossmember
- (4) Stopper

Tightening torque: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb) T1: 37±10 (3.8±1.0, 27±7) T2: 38±15 (3.9±1.5, 28±11) T3: 49±5 (5.0±0.5, 36.2±3.6) T4: 57±10 (5.8±1.0, 42±7) T5: 69±15 (7.0±1.5, 51±11)

## 1. Engine

## A: GENERAL PRECAUTION

1) Remove or install engine in an area where chain hoists, lifting devices, etc. are available for ready use.

2) Be sure not to damage coated surfaces of body panels with tools or stain seats and windows with coolant or oil. Place a cover over fenders, as required, for protection.

3) Prior to starting work, prepare the following: Service tools, clean cloth, containers to catch coolant and oil, wire ropes, chain hoist, transmission jacks, etc.

4) Lift-up or lower the vehicle when necessary. Make sure to support the correct positions. <Ref. to 1-3 [G7B0].>

## **B: REMOVAL**

- 1) Set the vehicle on lift arms.
- 2) Open front hood fully and support with stay.
- 3) Release fuel pressure.
  - (1) Disconnect fuel pump connector.



(2) Start the engine, and run until it stalls.

(3) After the engine stalls, crank it for five seconds more.

- (4) Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
- (5) Remove filler cap.

4) Disconnect battery cables and remove battery from vehicle.



5) Drain coolant.

Set container under the vehicle, and remove drain cock from radiator.



6) Remove cooling system.(1) Disconnect connectors from radiator main fan and sub fan motors.



(2) Disconnect radiator outlet hose from thermostat cover, and remove ATF cooler hose from clip of radiator.



(3) Disconnect ATF cooler hoses from radiator.



(4) Remove ATF cooler pipe from cylinder head.



(5) Remove V-belt cover.



(6) Disconnect radiator inlet hose from radiator.



(7) Remove radiator upper bracket, and remove radiator assembly from vehicle.



7) Collect refrigerant, and remove pressure hoses. (With A/C)

(1) Place and connect the attachment hose to the refrigerant recycle system.

(2) Collect refrigerant from A/C system.

(3) Disconnect A/C flexible hoses from A/C compressor.



8) Remove air intake system.

(1) Disconnect connector from mass air flow sensor. (Except 2200 cc California spec. vehicles)



(2) Remove air intake duct with air cleaner upper cover, and remove air cleaner element.
(Except 2200 cc California spec. vehicles) <Ref. to 2-7 [W1A0].> and <Ref. to 2-7 [W18A0].>
(3) Remove air cleaner case and duct. (2200 cc California spec. vehicles) <Ref. to 2-7 [W1A0].>

- 9) Remove chamber stay.• MT vehicles



• AT vehicles



## SERVICE PROCEDURE



- (1) Front oxygen sensor connector
- (2) Engine harness connectors
- (3) Engine ground terminal stay
- (4) Alternator connector and terminal
- (5) A/C compressor connectors (With A/C)

## SERVICE PROCEDURE

## [W1B0] 2-11 1. Engine



## (2) Disconnect the following cables.



- (1) Clutch release spring (2200 cc MT vehicle)
- (2) Clutch cable (2200 cc MT vehicle)
- (3) Accelerator cable



(3) Disconnect the following hoses.



- (1) Brake booster vacuum hose
- (2) Heater inlet and outlet hoses



11) Remove power steering pump from bracket.

(1) Loosen lock bolt and slider bolt, and remove front side V-belt.



(2) Remove pipe with bracket from intake manifold.



(3) Remove bolts which install power steering pump from bracket.



(4) Place power steering pump on the right side wheel apron.



12) Remove front exhaust pipe and center exhaust pipe.

(1) Lift-up the vehicle.

(2) Disconnect connector from rear oxygen sensor.



(3) Remove nuts which install front exhaust pipe onto engine.



(4) Separate center exhaust pipe from rear exhaust pipe.



(5) Remove bolt which installs center exhaust pipe on hunger bracket.



(6) Take off front and center exhaust pipes.

## CAUTION:

Exhaust pipe will drop when all bolts are removed. So, hold it when removing the last bolt.

13) Remove nuts which hold lower side of transmission to engine.



14) Remove nuts which install front cushion rubber onto front crossmember.



15) Separate torque converter from drive plate. (AT model)

- (1) Lower the vehicle.
- (2) Remove service hole plug.
- (3) Remove bolts which hold torque converter to drive plate.

(4) Remove other bolts while rotating the engine using ST.

2200 cc vehicles:

- ST 499977300 CRANK PULLEY WRENCH 2500 cc vehicles:
- ST 499977100 CRANK PULLEY WRENCH



16) Remove pitching stopper.



17) Disconnect fuel delivery hose, return hose and evaporation hose.

#### **CAUTION:**

• Disconnect hose with its end wrapped with cloth to prevent fuel from splashing.

• Catch fuel from hose into container.



18) Support engine with a lifting device and wire ropes.



19) Support transmission with a garage jack.

## CAUTION:

Before moving engine away from transmission, check to be sure no work has been overlooked. Doing this is very important in order to facilitate re-installation and because transmission lowers under its own weight.



20) Remove bolts which holds upper side of transmission to engine.



21) Remove engine from vehicle.

- (1) Slightly raise engine.
- (2) Raise transmission with garage jack.
- (3) Move engine horizontally until mainshaft is withdrawn from clutch cover.
- (4) Slowly move engine away from engine compartment.

#### CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage adjacent parts or body panels with crank pulley, oil pressure gauge, etc.



## **C: INSTALLATION**

1) Install engine onto transmission. (1) Position engine in engine compartment and align it with transmission.

#### CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage adjacent parts or body panels with crank pulley, oil pressure gauge, etc.



(2) Apply a small amount of grease to splines of mainshaft.

2) Tighten bolts which hold upper side of transmission to engine.

# Tightening torque:

50±4 N·m (5.1±0.4 kg-m, 36.9±2.9 ft-lb)



3) Remove lifting device and wire ropes.



- 4) Remove garage jack.
- 5) Install pitching stopper.

#### Tightening torque:

T1: 57±10 N·m (5.8±1.0 kg-m, 42±7 ft-lb) T2: 49±5 N·m (5.0±0.5 kg-m, 36.2±3.6 ft-lb)



- 6) Install torque converter onto drive plate. (AT model)
  - (1) Tighten bolts which hold torque converter to drive plate.
  - (2) Tighten other bolts while rotating the engine by using ST.
  - 2200 cc vehicles:
- ST 499977300 CRANK PULLEY WRENCH 2500 cc vehicles:
- ST 499977100 CRANK PULLEY WRENCH

#### **CAUTION:**

Be careful not to drop bolts into torque converter housing.

Tightening torque: 25±2 N·m (2.5±0.2 kg-m, 18.1±1.4 ft-lb)



- (3) Clog plug onto service hole.
- 7) Install power steering pump on bracket.(1) Install power steering pump on bracket, and tighten bolts.

#### Tightening torque: 39±10 N·m (4.0±1.0 kg-m, 29±7 ft-lb)



(2) Install power steering pipe bracket on right side intake manifold, and install spark plug codes.



(3) Install front side V-belt, and adjust it. <Ref. to 1-5 [G2B0].>



8) Tighten nuts which hold lower side of transmission to engine.





9) Tighten nuts which install front cushion rubber onto crossmember.

#### Tightening torque:

69±15 N·m (7.0±1.5 kg-m, 51±11 ft-lb)

#### CAUTION:

Be sure to tighten front cushion rubber mounting bolts in the innermost elliptical hole in the front crossmember.



10) Install front exhaust pipe and center exhaust pipe. <Ref. to 2-9 [W1B0].>

- 11) Connect rear oxygen sensor connector.
- 12) Connect the following hoses.
  - (1) Fuel delivery hose, return hose and evaporation hose
  - (2) Heater inlet and outlet hoses
  - (3) Brake booster vacuum hose
- 13) Connect the following connectors.
  - (1) Engine ground terminal
  - (2) Engine harness connectors
  - (3) Front oxygen sensor connector
  - (4) Alternator connector and terminal
  - (5) A/C compressor connectors (With A/C)
- 14) Connect the following cables.
  - (1) Accelerator cable
  - (2) Clutch cable (2200 cc MT vehicle)
  - (3) Clutch release spring (2200 cc MT vehicle)

#### CAUTION:

#### After connecting each cable, adjust them.

- 15) Install air intake system.
  - (1) Install air cleaner element.
  - (2) Install air intake duct with air cleaner upper cover. (Except 2200 cc California spec. vehicles) <Ref. to 2-7 [W1A0].> and <Ref. to 2-7 [W18A0].>
  - (3) Install air intake chamber.

(4) Connect connector to mass air flow sensor.



 (5) Install air intake duct with air cleaner case.
 (2200 cc California spec. vehicles) <Ref. to 2-7 [W1A0].>

16) Install A/C flexible hoses. (With A/C) <Ref. to 4-7 [W16A0].>

## CAUTION: Use new O-rings.

## Tightening torque:

25±7 N·m (2.5±0.7 kg-m, 18.1±5.1 ft-lb)



#### 17) Install cooling system.

(1) Attach radiator mounting cushions to pins on lower side of radiator.



(2) Fit cushions on lower side of radiator, into holes on body side and install radiator.



(3) Install radiator brackets and tighten bolts.

## Tightening torque: 13.7±1.5 N·m (1.4±0.15 kg-m, 10.1±1.1 ft-lb)



(4) Connect radiator inlet hose.



(5) Connect radiator fan motor connector.



(6) Connect radiator outlet hose.

(7) Connect ATF cooler hoses. (AT vehicles)



(8) Install ATF cooler pipe to cylinder head. (2200 cc AT vehicle)

(9) Install V-belt cover.



18) Install battery in the vehicle, and connect cables.

19) Fill coolant.

<Ref. to 2-5 [W1B0].>

#### Engine coolant capacity: 5.8 ℓ (6.1 US qt, 5.1 lmp qt)

20) Check ATF level and correct if necessary. (AT model)

<Ref. to 3-2 [W1B1].>

21) Charge A/C system with refrigerant.

<Ref. to 4-7 [W700].>

- 22) Remove front hood stay, and close front hood.
- 23) Remove the vehicle from lift arms.

## 2. Transmission

## A: GENERAL PRECAUTION

1) Remove or install transmission in an area where chain hoists, lifting devices, etc. are available for ready use.

2) Be sure not to damage coated surfaces of body panels with tools or stain seats and windows with coolant or oil. Place a cover over fenders, as required, for protection.

3) Prior to starting work, prepare the following: Service tools, clean cloth, containers to catch coolant and oil, wire ropes, chain hoist, transmission jacks, etc.

4) Lift-up or lower the vehicle when necessary. Make sure to support the correct positions. <Ref. to 1-3 [G7B0].>

## **B: REMOVAL**

- 1) Open front hood fully, and support with stay.
- 2) Disconnect battery ground terminal.

3) Remove air intake duct and chamber. (Except 2200 cc California spec. vehicles) <Ref. to 2-7 [W1A0].> and <Ref. to 2-7 [W18A0].>

4) Install air intake duct with air cleaner case. (2200 cc California spec. vehicles) <Ref. to 2-7 [W1A0].>

5) Remove chamber stay.

## • MT vehicles



AT vehicles



6) Disconnect the following connectors.

(7) Connect ATF cooler hoses. (AT vehicles)



(8) Install ATF cooler pipe to cylinder head. (2200 cc AT vehicle)

(9) Install V-belt cover.



18) Install battery in the vehicle, and connect cables.

19) Fill coolant.

<Ref. to 2-5 [W1B0].>

#### Engine coolant capacity: 5.8 ℓ (6.1 US qt, 5.1 lmp qt)

20) Check ATF level and correct if necessary. (AT model)

<Ref. to 3-2 [W1B1].>

21) Charge A/C system with refrigerant.

<Ref. to 4-7 [W700].>

- 22) Remove front hood stay, and close front hood.
- 23) Remove the vehicle from lift arms.

## 2. Transmission

## A: GENERAL PRECAUTION

1) Remove or install transmission in an area where chain hoists, lifting devices, etc. are available for ready use.

2) Be sure not to damage coated surfaces of body panels with tools or stain seats and windows with coolant or oil. Place a cover over fenders, as required, for protection.

3) Prior to starting work, prepare the following: Service tools, clean cloth, containers to catch coolant and oil, wire ropes, chain hoist, transmission jacks, etc.

4) Lift-up or lower the vehicle when necessary. Make sure to support the correct positions. <Ref. to 1-3 [G7B0].>

## **B: REMOVAL**

- 1) Open front hood fully, and support with stay.
- 2) Disconnect battery ground terminal.

3) Remove air intake duct and chamber. (Except 2200 cc California spec. vehicles) <Ref. to 2-7 [W1A0].> and <Ref. to 2-7 [W18A0].>

4) Install air intake duct with air cleaner case. (2200 cc California spec. vehicles) <Ref. to 2-7 [W1A0].>

5) Remove chamber stay.

## • MT vehicles



AT vehicles



6) Disconnect the following connectors.

(1) Front oxygen sensor connector



(2) Transmission harness connector (AT vehicles)



- (3) Transmission ground terminal
- (4) Neutral position switch connector (MT vehicles)
- (5) Back-up light switch connector (MT vehicles)



(6) Vehicle speed sensor connector (MT vehicles)



7) Disconnect the following cable. (2200 cc MT vehicle)



- 8) Remove starter.
  - (1) Disconnect connectors and terminal from starter.

(2) Remove bolt which installs upper side of starter.

(3) Remove nut which installs lower side of starter, and remove starter from transmission.



9) Remove pitching stopper.



- 10) Separate torque converter from drive plate. (AT vehicles)
  - (1) Remove service hole plug.

## SERVICE PROCEDURE

(2) Remove bolts which hold torque converter to drive plate.



(3) While rotating the engine, remove other bolts using ST.2200 cc vehicles:

- ST 499977300 CRANK PULLEY WRENCH
- 2500 cc vehicles: ST 499977100 CRANK PULLEY WRENCH

## CAUTION:

Be careful not to drop bolts into torque converter housing.

11) Remove ATF level gauge. (AT vehicles)

## CAUTION:

Plug opening to prevent entry of foreign particles into transmission fluid.



12) Remove operating cylinder. (2500 cc MT vehicle)



13) Set ST.

ST 41099AA020 ENGINE SUPPORT ASSY NOTE:

Also is available Part No. 927670000.



14) Remove bolt which holds right upper side of transmission to engine.



- 15) Remove exhaust system.
  - (1) Lift-up the vehicle.

(2) Disconnect connector from rear oxygen sensor.



(3) Remove nuts which install front exhaust pipe onto engine.



(4) Separate center exhaust pipe from rear exhaust pipe.



(5) Remove bolt which installs center exhaust pipe to hanger bracket.



(6) Take off front and center exhaust pipes.

(7) Remove rear exhaust pipe.

## CAUTION:

When removing exhaust pipes, be careful each exhaust pipe does not drop out.



(8) Remove heat shield cover of rear exhaust pipe.



(9) Remove hanger bracket from right side of transmission.



16) Drain ATF to remove ATF drain plug. (AT vehicles)



17) Disconnect ATF cooler hoses from pipes of transmission side, and remove ATF level gauge guide. (AT vehicles)



18) Remove propeller shaft.

(1) Remove front cover of rear differential mount.

(2) Separate propeller shaft from rear differential.



(3) Remove bolts which hold center bearing onto body.

#### **CAUTION:**

Be careful not to drop propeller shaft.



(4) Remove propeller shaft from transmission.

## **CAUTION:**

Be sure to use an empty container to catch oil flowing out when removing propeller shaft.
Be sure not to damage oil seals and the frictional surface of sleeve yoke.

• Be sure to plug the opening in transmission after removal of propeller shaft.



19) Remove gear shift rod and stay from transmission. (MT vehicles)

- (1) Remove spring.
- (2) Disconnect stay from transmission.
- (3) Disconnect rod from transmission.



20) Remove shift selector cable. (AT vehicles)(1) Disconnect shift selector cable from selector lever.
(2) Remove cable bracket from body.



21) Remove bolts which install stabilizer clamps onto crossmember.



22) Remove front drive shafts from transmission.(1) Remove transverse link from housing.



(2) Lower transverse link.

(3) Remove spring pins and separate front drive shafts from each side of the transmission.

# CAUTION:

Discard removing spring pin. Replace with a new one.



23) Remove nuts which hold lower side of transmission to engine.



24) Place transmission jack under transmission.

#### CAUTION:

• Always support transmission case with a transmission jack.

• On AT vehicles, make sure that the support plates of transmission jack don't touch the oil pan.



- 25) Remove transmission rear crossmember.
- MT vehicles



• AT vehicles



26) Remove transmission.

#### CAUTION:

• Move transmission jack toward rear until mainshaft is withdrawn from clutch cover. (MT vehicles)

- Move transmission and torque converter as
- a unit away from engine. (AT vehicles)



# **C: INSTALLATION**

1) Install ST to torque converter clutch case. (AT vehicles)

ST 498277200 STOPPER SET



2) Install transmission to engine.(1) Gradually raise transmission with transmission jack.



(2) Engage them at splines.

#### CAUTION:

Be careful not to strike main shaft against clutch cover. (MT vehicles)

- 3) Install transmission rear crossmember.
- MT vehicles

#### Tightening torque:

T1: 69±15 N·m (7.0±1.5 kg-m, 51±11 ft-lb) T2: 137±20 N·m (14±2 kg-m, 101±14 ft-lb)



#### • AT vehicles

Tightening torque: T1: 37±10 N·m (3.8±1.0 kg-m, 27±7 ft-lb) T2: 69±15 N·m (7.0±1.5 kg-m, 51±11 ft-lb)



4) Take off transmission jack.

5) Tighten nuts which hold lower side of transmission to engine.

Tightening torque: 50±4 N⋅m (5.1±0.4 kg-m, 36.9±2.9 ft-lb)



6) Tighten bolt which holds right upper side of transmission to engine.

#### Tightening torque:

50±4 N·m (5.1±0.4 kg-m, 36.9±2.9 ft-lb)



7) Install torque converter to drive plate. (AT vehicles)

- (1) Tighten bolts which hold torque converter to drive plate.
- (2) Tighten other bolts while rotating the engine by using ST.

2200 cc vehicles:

ST 499977300 CRANK PULLEY WRENCH 2500 cc vehicles:

ST 499977100 CRANK PULLEY WRENCH

#### CAUTION:

Be careful not to drop bolts into torque converter housing.

#### Tightening torque:

25±2 N·m (2.5±0.2 kg-m, 18.1±1.4 ft-lb)



(3) Clog plug onto service hole.

8) Install operating cylinder. (2500 cc MT vehicle)

#### Tightening torque:

#### 37±3 N·m (3.8±0.3 kg-m, 27.5±2.2 ft-lb)



9) Remove special tools.



- 10) Install pitching stopper.
- Tightening torque:

T1: 57±10 N·m (5.8±1.0 kg-m, 42±7 ft-lb) T2: 49±5 N·m (5.0±0.5 kg-m, 36.2±3.6 ft-lb)



- 11) Install front drive shafts into transmission.
  - (1) Lift-up the vehicle.
  - (2) Install front drive shaft into transmission.
  - (3) Drive spring pin into chamfered hole of drive shaft.

# CAUTION:

#### Always use a new spring pin.



(4) Install ball joints of lower arm into knuckle arm of housing, and tighten installing bolts.

# Tightening torque:

49±10 N·m (5.0±1.0 kg-m, 36±7 ft-lb)



12) Install stabilizer clamps onto front crossmember.

#### Tightening torque: 25±4 N⋅m (2.5±0.4 kg-m, 18.1±2.9 ft-lb)

# Front stabilizer G2M0323

13) Install gear shift rod and stay. (MT vehicles)

(1) Install gear shift rod onto transmission.



- (2) Install stay onto transmission.
- (3) Install spring.

14) Install shift selector cable onto selector lever. (AT vehicles)

- (1) Install selector cable into selector lever.
- (2) Install cable bracket onto body.

#### NOTE:

Tighten selector cable adjusting and lock nut after checking selector lever operation.



15) Install ATF level gauge guide, and ATF cooler hoses onto pipe. (AT vehicles)



- 16) Install propeller shaft.
  - (1) Install propeller shaft into transmission.

(2) Tighten bolts which install propeller shaft onto companion flange of rear differential.

#### Tightening torque: T: 31±8 N·m (3.2±0.8 kg-m, 23.1±5.8 ft-lb)



(3) Install center bearing bracket on body.

#### Tightening torque: T: 52±5 N·m (5.3±0.5 kg-m, 38.3±3.6 ft-lb)



17) Install exhaust system.(1) Install heat shield cover.



(2) Install rear exhaust pipe to muffler.

#### Tightening torque:

48±9 N⋅m (4.9±0.9 kg-m, 35.4±6.5 ft-lb)



(3) Install hanger bracket on right side of transmission.



(4) Install front exhaust pipe onto engine.

#### Tightening torque:

30±5 N·m (3.1±0.5 kg-m, 22.4±3.6 ft-lb)



(5) Install center exhaust pipe to rear exhaust pipe.

#### Tightening torque: 18±5 N·m (1.8±0.5 kg-m, 13.0±3.6 ft-lb)



(6) Tighten bolt which installs center exhaust pipe to hanger bracket.

#### Tightening torque:

30±5 N·m (3.1±0.5 kg-m, 22.4±3.6 ft-lb)



(7) Connect connector to rear oxygen sensor.



18) Install ATF level gauge. (AT vehicles)



19) Connect the following connectors.(1) Transmission harness connectors



- (2) Transmission ground terminal
- (3) Front oxygen sensor connector



(4) Vehicle speed sensor connector (MT vehicles)



(5) Neutral position and back-up light switch connector (MT vehicles)



20) Install starter.

(1) Install starter onto transmission case, and connect connectors and terminals.

(2) Tighten bolt and nut which install starter onto transmission.

#### Tightening torque:

#### 50±4 N·m (5.1±0.4 kg-m, 36.9±2.9 ft-lb)



- **2-11** [W2C0] 2. Transmission
- 21) Install chamber stay.
- MT vehicles



• AT vehicles



22) Install air intake duct and chamber. (Except 2200 cc California spec. vehicles) <Ref. to 2-7 [W1A0].>

23) Install air intake duct with air cleaner case. (2200 cc California spec. vehicles) <Ref. to 2-7 [W1A0].>

24) Connect battery ground cable.

25) Fill ATF and differential gear oil. (AT vehicles) <Ref. to 3-2 [S1A0].>

26) Check selector lever operation. (AT vehicles) <Ref. to 3-2 [T2C0].>

27) Take off vehicle from lift arms.

28) Check the vehicle on road tester. (AT vehicles) <Ref. to 3-2 [W6A0].>

# 1. Important Safety Notice

• Providing appropriate service and repair is a matter of great importance in the serviceman's safety maintenance and safe operation, function and performance which the SUBARU vehicle possesses.

• In case the replacement of parts or replenishment of consumables is required, genuine SUBARU parts whose parts numbers are designated or their equivalents must be utilized.

• It must be made well known that the safety of the serviceman and the safe operation of the vehicle would be jeopardized if he used any service parts, consumables, special tools and work procedure manuals which are not approved or designated by SUBARU.

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# 2. How to Use this Manual

• This Service Manual is divided into four volumes by section so that it can be used with ease at work. Refer to the Table of Contents, select and use the necessary section.

- GENERAL INFORMATION SECTION
- REPAIR SECTION
- DIAGNOSTICS SECTION
- WIRING DIAGRAM SECTION
- Each chapter in the manual is basically made of the following four types of areas.

S	SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE DATA
С	COMPONENT PARTS
W (X (Y	SERVICE PROCEDURE SERVICE PROCEDURE) SERVICE PROCEDURE)
К	DIAGNOSTICS

• The description of each area is provided with four types of titles different in size as shown below. The Title No. or Symbol prefixes each title in order that the construction of the article and the flow of explanation can be easily understood.

[Example of each title]

Area title:	W SERVICE PROCEDURE (one of the four types of areas)
Large title (Heading):	1. Oil Pump (to denote the main item of explanation)
Medium title (Section):	A: REMOVAL (to denote the type of work in principle)
Small title (Sub-section):	1. INNER ROTATOR (to denote a derivative item of explanation)

• The Title Index No. is indicated on the top left (or right) side of the page as the book is opened. This is useful for retrieving the necessary portion.



H0M0010

• In this manual, the following symbols are used.

*	Selective part
*	Replacement part
	Should be lubricated with oil.
6	Should be lubricated with grease.
5-	Sealing point
Т	Tightening torque

#### • WARNING, CAUTION, NOTE

- WARNING: Indicates the item which must be observed precisely during performance of maintenance services in order to avoid injury to the mechanics and other persons.
- CAUTION: Indicates the item which must be followed precisely during performance of maintenance services so as to avoid damage and breakage to the vehicle and its parts and components.
- NOTE: Indicates the hints, knacks, etc. which make the maintenance job easier.
- SPECIAL TOOLS

When any special tool is required to perform the job, it is identified by "ST" in the applicable illustration and its part number is shown in the manual.



## FOREWORD

**FOREWORD** [T3A0] 3. Basic Checks

# 3. Basic Checks

# A: DISCONNECTING CONNECTORS

• Always hold the connector itself.

#### **CAUTION:**

#### Don't pull the harness.



• Inspect a connector by pushing it all the way in. If the connector is equipped with a locking device, push it in until a clicking sound is heard.



• To disconnect a locking connector, first release the lock, then pull the connector off. <Unlock by pulling the locking tab.>



<Unlock by pushing the locking tab.>



# **B: INSERTING A PROBE**

#### CAUTION:

Poor contact has been identified as a primary cause of this problem. To measure the voltage and/or resistance of individual sensors or all electrical control modules at the harness side connector, use a tapered pin with a diameter of less than 0.64 mm (0.025 in). Do not insert the pin more than 5 mm (0.20 in) into the part.

• Generally, probes are inserted into connectors from the rear side (wire side).

• When removing the shock protector take care not to deform it; this also applies to waterproof connectors, which cannot be tested from the wire side.



• Connectors equipped with shock protectors must be checked with a mini probe (thin), or it will be necessary to remove the shock protector.



• When the connector has a back plate, remove the plate after removing the projection of the plate first. (Be careful not to use excessive force, since the terminals might brake off.)



# C: CHECKING FOR POOR CONTACT ON PLUG-IN CONNECTORS

#### 1. POOR CONTACT

Poor contact is frequently caused by corroded terminals, dirt, foreign substances, weak contact points between male and female connectors, etc. Quite often a plug with poor contact will work perfectly again after it has been pulled off and reconnected. If harness and connector checks do not reveal any defect, it can be assumed that an intermittent contact in a connector is the source of trouble.



#### 2. VISUAL INSPECTION

- 1) Disconnect the two connector halves.
- 2) Check the connector pins for signs of corrosion or foreign material.

3) Check the connector for loose and damaged terminals, and make sure they are set correctly in the connector.

#### NOTE:

When the harness is pulled lightly, the terminals should not come out.



4) Insert the male pin of the connector into the female pin, then pull it out.

#### NOTE:

If one of the pins allows to pull out easily, it is a likely source of a malfunction.



5) Shake lightly the connector and the harness, and check for sudden changes in voltage or resistance.



# 4. Diagnosis and Checking Procedure Using Instruments

## A: USING A CIRCUIT TESTER

#### CAUTION:

Poor contact has been identified as a primary cause of this problem. To measure the voltage and/or resistance of individual sensors or all electrical control modules at the harness side connector, use a tapered pin with a diameter of less than 0.64 mm (0.025 in). Do not insert the pin more than 5 mm (0.20 in) into the part.

#### 1. VOLTAGE CHECK (range set to DC V)

Connect the positive probe to the terminal to be tested, and the negative probe to body ground. (or the ground terminal of the ECM)



# 2. CHECKING THE CONNECTION (range set to $\Omega$ )

Measure the resistance and check for open or shorted wire in the harness or the connector.

NOTE:

This check must be carried out with both connectors disconnected.

(This avoids by-passing the connection through other circuits.)



4) Insert the male pin of the connector into the female pin, then pull it out.

#### NOTE:

If one of the pins allows to pull out easily, it is a likely source of a malfunction.



5) Shake lightly the connector and the harness, and check for sudden changes in voltage or resistance.



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# 2. CHECKING THE CONNECTION (range set to $\Omega$ )

Measure the resistance and check for open or shorted wire in the harness or the connector.

NOTE:

This check must be carried out with both connectors disconnected.

(This avoids by-passing the connection through other circuits.)



1) Check for open circuit. (range:  $\Omega \times 1$ K)

Measure the resistance between the respective pins in both connectors.

#### Specified resistance:

More than 1  $\ensuremath{M\Omega}$  (No continuity) Open circuit

#### Less than 10 $\Omega$ (Continuity) O.K.

2) Check for correct insulation value. (range:  $\Omega \times$  1K)

Measure the resistance between the pins in both connectors, as well as between the suspected pin and the body. (body short)

#### Specified resistance: More than 1 M $\Omega$ (No continuity) O.K. Less than 10 $\Omega$ (Continuity) Short circuit

3) Resistance measurement (range set to  $\Omega$ ) Measuring the internal resistance of sensors, solenoid valves etc. to check the operating condition of components.

NOTE:

• Select the appropriate range for measuring the internal resistance, or the measurement will result in an incorrect reading.

• Before changing the measurement range the gauge must be reset to zero.

# B: USING A SUBARU SELECT MONITOR

With this testing procedure the defective component can be determined by directly monitoring input/output signals of the ECM or the trouble codes.

#### 1. FEATURES

• A variety of data can be checked without movements from the drivers seat, passenger's seat or from outside the vehicle.

• This unit allows the identification of the type of malfunction, for example whether the cause is an open or shorted wire in the input/output signal line, or whether the breakdown of a component is caused by a lack of maintenance.

#### 2. DIAGNOSIS

• Refer to the reference values for input/output and control data to determine whether the malfunction is caused by a worn out component, an open wire, a short etc.

• Perform the diagnostics procedure as described in chapter "Check based on trouble codes" by monitoring the trouble codes.

NOTE:

It will be easier to determine a malfunction if the vehicle data for normal conditions are available for comparison.

# C: USING AN OSCILLOSCOPE

A malfunction can be determined by displaying the waveforms of input/output signals on the oscillo-scope.

#### 1. DIAGNOSIS

A simple comparison of the waveforms may lead to an incorrect diagnosis. To exactly determine the sources of the malfunction it will be necessary to determine them under consideration about information other than waveforms.

#### 2. APPLYING INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNALS

Connect the probe directly with the terminal of the signal.